

Washington, Wednesday, February 1, 1950

## TITLE 6-AGRICULTURAL CREDIT

Chapter IV—Production and Marketing Administration and Commodity Credit Corporation, Department of Agriculture

PART 664-TOBACCO

SUSPART-1949 TOBACCO LOAN PROGRAM

Set forth below are schedules of advance rates, by grades, for the 1949 crop of type 52 tobacco under the tobacco loan program formulated by Commodity Credit Corporation and Production and Marketing Administration, published July 7, 1949 (14 F. R. 3732).

§ 664.30 1949 Crop; Connecticut Valley Havana Seed Tobacco, Type 52, Advance Schedule.

[Dollars per hundred pounds, farm sales weight]

Grade	Advance
Binders:	rate
B1M	55
B2M	52
B3M	
B4M	
B5M	40
B6M	
B7M	
Bundle binders:	
R1	28
R2	
R3	23
Non-binders;	
X1	
400	19
Х3	

(Sec. 4, 62 Stat. 1070; 15 U. S. C. Sup II, 714b. Interpret or apply secs. 4, 5, 62 Stat. 1070, 1072, sec. 1, 62 Stat. 1247; 15 U. S. C. Sup. II, 714b, 714c, 7 U. S. C. Sup. II, 1282)

Issued this 27th day of January 1950.

[SEAL]

Vice-President,

Commodity Credit Corporation.

Approved:

RALPH S. TRIGG, President.

Commodity Credit Corporation.

P. R. Doc. 50-898; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

<sup>1</sup> Tobacco can be placed under loan only by the original producer. Tobacco graded "W" (unsafe keeping order), "U" (unsound), or "N" (nondescript) will not be accepted.

## TITLE 19—CUSTOMS DUTIES

## Chapter I—Bureau of Customs, Department of the Treasury

IT. D. 523931

PART 17-PROTESTS AND REAPPRAISEMENTS

APPEALS FOR REAPPRAISEMENT

Customs Forms 4305 (Consignee's Appeal For Reappraisement By A Judge Of The United States Customs Court and Waiver Of Right To Have Reappraisement At Port Of Entry) and 4325 (Collector's Appeal For Reappraisement By A Judge Of The United States Customs Court) are being revised and consolidated as customs Form 4305. Therefore, § 17.7 (a), Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR 17.7 (a)), is hereby amended by changing the number "4325" to "4305".

Section 17.7 (d), Customs Regulations of 1943, now provides that the importer may waive the right to have the reappraisement hearing held at the port of entry and request that it be held in New York, New York; that in such case, the request shall be made on customs Form 4305. Provision is made on the present customs Form 4305 for the execution of such a waiver. As the place where a reappraisement hearing shall be held is a matter to be determined by the Customs Court, § 17.7. Customs Regulations of 1943 (19 CFR 17.7), is hereby amended by deleting paragraph (d) and redesignating paragraph (e) as (d).

(R. S. 161, 251, sec. 624, 46 Stat. 759; 5 U. S. C. 22, 19 U. S. C. 66, 1624. Interpret or apply secs. 402, 501, 46 Stat. 708, 730, as amended; 19 U. S. C. 1402, 1501)

The use of Form 4325 may be continued until a supply of the revised Form 4305 is available.

[SEAL]

FRANK DOW, Commissioner of Customs.

Approved: January 26, 1950.

JOHN S. GRAHAM, Acting Secretary of the Treasury.

[P. R. Doc. 50-892; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

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# TITLE 39-POSTAL SERVICE

## Chapter I-Post Office Department

PART 127-INTERNATIONAL POSTAL SERVICE: POSTAGE RATES, SERVICE AVAILABLE, AND INSTRUCTIONS FOR MAILING

In § 127.264 Germany (13 F. R. 9155; 14 F. R. 5806) amend paragraph (b) (4) by adding new subdivisions (vii) and (viii) to read as follows:

(b) Parcel Post (Germany) (4) Observations \*

(vii) All parcels except those for Berlin must show the zone of occupation as part of the address. There are listed below the postal addressing districts of Germany which are located in each occupation zone:

Districts 2, 3, 10a, 10b, 15, 19a, and 19b are in the Soviet Zone.

Districts 13a, 13b, 14a, 16, and 17a are in the American Zone.

Districts 14b, 17b, and 22b are in the French Zone.

Districts 20a, 20b, 21a, 21b, 22a, 22c, 23, 24a, and 24b are in the British Zone.

(viii) In consequence of the Saar Territory becoming for postal purposes a part of France, postal addressing district 18 has been eliminated from the French Zone of Germany. Places outside of the Saar Territory which were formerly included in District 18 are now in District 22b. These places comprise the region known as the Pfalz (Palatinate), the principal ones being as follows:

Bad Durkheim. Ludwigshafen. Frankenthal. Neustadt (Weinstr.) Kaiserslautern.

Pirmasens. Speyer. Zweibrucken.

Mail for the above and other places which were formerly in District 18 but outside the Saar Territory should hereafter be addressed to District 22b and dispatched to Germany.

(R. S. 161, 396, 398, secs. 804, 309, 42 Stat, 24, 25, 48 Stat. 943; 5 U. S. C. 22, 369, 372)

[SEAL]

J. M. DONALDSON, Postmaster General,

[F. R. Doc. 50-872; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

# TITLE 47—TELECOMMUNI-

Chapter I—Federal Communications
Commission

[Docket No. 7858]

PART 18—INDUSTRIAL, SCIENTIFIC AND MEDICAL SERVICE

ELECTRIC WELDING DEVICES USING RADIO FREQUENCY ENERGY

In the matter of amendment of Part 18 of the Commission's rules and regulations.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of January 1950;

The Commission having under consideration the extension of its presently effective suspension of the effective date of Part 18 of the Commission's rules insofar as it applies to electric welding devices using radio frequency energy; and

It appearing, that the effective date of the rules relating to radio-frequency operated welding equipment has been suspended by Commission order until January 31, 1950, pending study and development of newly designed apparatus; and

It further appearing, that although one embodiment of radio frequency operated welding equipment has been proved capable of compliance with applicable rules of Part 18, satisfactory evidence has not been presented to the Commission that such welder will perform its intended function with sufficient adequacy to enable it to be substituted for existing equipment presently not capable of compliance with the rules; and

It further appearing, that additional time is necessary for the complete testing and evaluating of this approved equipment, as well as for the further development of other types of apparatus capable of meeting the technical standards of the rules governing Miscellaneous Devices; and

It further appearing, that, although the presently existing exemption provides that none of Part 18 is effective as concerns radio frequency operated welding equipment, in the light of increasingly serious problems of interference such a total exemption is no longer warranted; and that restrictions of welding equipment requiring the elimination of interference appear in the public interest; and

It further appearing, that Part 18 of the Commission's rules is scheduled to become effective as concerns electric welding devices using radio frequency energy January 31, 1950; that for the reasons set forth above the suspension of Part 18 is warranted except as regards requirements for the elimination of interference to any authorized radio service; and that because of the imminent effective date of Part 18 for welding devices, the notice and public procedure provided for by section 4 (a) of the Ad-

ministrative Procedure Act are impracticable; and

It further appearing, that authority for the proposed suspension is contained in sections 301, 303 (f), and (r) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended:

It is ordered, That effective January 31, 1950, the footnote to \$18.1 (a) be amended as follows:

\*The effective date of this part, with respect to electric welding devices using radio frequency energy, is January 31, 1951; Provided, however, That from and after January 31, 1950, the operation of such devices shall be subject to the condition that if such operation causes interference to any authorized radio service, steps to remedy such interference conditions shall be taken promptly by the person responsible for the operation of the electric welding devices involved: Pro-vided, further, however, That in any case where a proper showing is made to the Commission that the welding devices involved in fact meet the conditions set forth in this part for type approval or certification of such devices by the Commission and are being operated in a manner that in fact complies with the provisions set forth in this part as applicable to such devices, the person respon-sible for the operation of such devices may have the benefit of the provisions of footnote 5 to § 18.32 notwithstanding the fact that such footnote, as part of this part, shall not be in effect generally with respect to such welding devices prior to January 31, 1951.

(Sec. 303 (r), 50 Stat. 191; 47 U. S. C. 303 (r). Applies secs. 301, 303 (f), 48 Stat. 1082; 47 U. S. C. 301, 303 (f))

Adopted: January 25, 1950.

Released: January 26, 1950.

FEBERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,

[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,

Secretary.

[P. R. Doc. 50-836; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

# PROPOSED RULE MAKING

## DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

Fish and Wildlife Service; Alaska Game Commission

I 50 CFR, Parts 46, 161-163 ]

ALASKA WILDLIFE PROTECTION

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

Pursuant to section 4 (a) of the Administrative Procedure Act, approved June 11, 1946 (60 Stat. 237, 239), notice is hereby given:

(a) That under authority contained in Section 9 of the Alaska Game Law (57 Stat. 305; 48 U. S. C. 198) the Secretary of the Interior intends to adopt amendments to the Alaska Game Regulations affecting seasons, bag limits, and closure of areas necessary to insure proper conservation and utilization of the wildlife resources of Alaska. In addition, some provisions relating primarily to the administration of the Alaska Game Law may be amended in minor respects for the purpose of clarifying the application

of the regulations and to facilitate the administration of the Alaska Game Law,

(b) That under authority of section 8 and subdivision M of section 10 of the Alaska Game Law of July 1, 1943 (57 Stat. 301, 310) as amended, the Alaska Game Commission intends to consider the advisability of amending the regulations of the Alaska Game Commission respecting poisons, licenses, the qualification of guides, and the establishment of fur management areas.

The regulations referred to in paragraphs (a) and (b) above are to be effective beginning July 1, 1950.

Interested persons are hereby notified that at a hearing of the Alaska Game Commission to be held in Anchorage, Alaska, on February 13, 1950, the said proposed regulations will be considered, and any such person may present his views, data or arguments with respect thereto. Such interested persons are also hereby given an opportunity to participate in preparing the regulations for issuance as set forth by submitting their views, data, or arguments in writing to

Albert M. Day, Director, Fish and Wildlife Service, Washington 25, D. C. To assure full consideration of such communications, they must be received in the Fish and Wildlife Service not later than March 17, 1950.

C. GIRARD DAVIDSON, Acting Secretary of the Interior.

JANUARY 25, 1950.

[P. R. Doc. 50-868; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

## FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[ 18 CFR, Part 34 ]

[Docket No. R-114]

PUBLIC INVITATION OF PROPOSALS FOR PURCHASE OR UNDERWRITING OF SE-CURITIES

NOTICE OF PROPOSED RULE MAKING

JANUARY 24, 1950.

Amendment of Part 34 of the general rules and regulations to prescribe revised requirements for public invitation of proposals for the purchase or underwriting of securities subject to the provisions of section 19, 20 or 204 of the Federal Power Act.

1. Notice is hereby given of proposed rule making in the above-entitled mat-

2. Pursuant to the authority vested in it by the Federal Power Act (41 Stat. 1063, 49 Stat. 847, 16 U. S. C. 791-825r) and particularly sections 19 and 20 (41 Stat. 1073; 16 U. S. C. 812, 813), section 3 (16) (41 Stat. 1063, 49 Stat. 838, 16 U. S. C. 796), sections 204, 305, 308 and 309 (49 Stat. 850, 856 and 858, 16 U. S. C. 824c, 825d, 825g and 825h), thereof, and subject to the provisions of section 4 of the Administrative Procedure Act (60 Stat. 238, 5 U. S. C. 1003), the Commission proposes to amend Part 34 of the general rules and regulations (18 CFR Part 34) to prescribe revised requirements for public invitation of proposals for the purchase or underwriting of securities subject to the provisions of section 19, 20 or 204 of the Federal Power Act, as follows:

3. Add a new section between §§ 34.1 and 34.2, reading as follows:

§ 34.1a Requirement of public invitation of proposals for the purchase or underwriting of securities-(a) Scope of this section. This section shall apply to every issuance of a security, or securities. and assumption of obligation or liability as guarantor, endorser, surety, or otherwise, in respect to any security, or securities, of another person, for which Commission approval must be obtained, under the Federal Power Act, except where:

(1) Such securities are to be issued pro rata to existing holders of securities of the applicant or issuer pursuant to any preemptive right or in connection with any liquidation or reorganization:

(2) Such securities consist of one or more bonds, notes, or other evidence of debt, of a maturity of ten years or less, to a commercial bank, insurance company, or similar institution not for resale to the public, provided no finder's fee or other fee, commission or remuneration is to be paid in connection therewith to any third person (except an associated service company charging only its costs of service) for negotiating the transaction:

(3) The proceeds, to the issuer, of the securities will be less than \$1,000,000; or

(4) The Commission, on application filed pursuant to § 34.2 (k) (2) (ii), finds that compliance with the competitive bidding requirements of paragraphs (b) and (c) of this section would not be:

(i) Appropriate to aid the Commission to determine whether any fees, commissions, or other remuneration to be paid, directly or indirectly, in connection with the issue, sale, or distribution of such securities, or any term or condition of such issue or sale, is not consistent with the public interest:

(ii) Necessary or appropriate in the public interest or to assure the proper performance by the applicant of service as a public utility or to assure that the applicant's ability to perform that service will not be impaired.

Such findings will be made only where the issuer has engaged in no negotiation for the sale or underwriting of the securities without having been authorized in writing by the Commission prior to such negotiation. Nothing in this section shall be deemed to preclude the Commission from entering any order which would otherwise be appropriate under applicable provisions of the act.

(b) Public invitation for proposals. The Commission will not grant any application subject to this section unless. at least six days prior to entering into any contract or agreement for the issuance or sale of any security, or assumption of obligation or liability as guarantor, endorser, surety, or otherwise, in respect of any security of another person, sealed, written proposals for the purchase or underwriting of such securities shall have been publicly invited and the requirements of paragraph (c) of this section complied with. Such invitation shall, among other things, describe the arrangements made for independent counsel for bidders. No bid shall be invited, or accepted, from any person who, prior to the public invitation for bids, has performed any service in connection with the proposed securities or who has or will receive any fee or compensation in connection with the proposed securities, nor shall any bid be invited or accepted involving a violation of section 305 (a) of the Federal Power Act, prohibiting officers and directors benefiting from or sharing in proceeds of securities. Such proposals as may be received in response to the public invitation shall not be opened at any time or place other than as specified in the invitation. The duly authorized representative of any person making any such proposal shall be entitled to be present at the opening of such proposals and to examine each pro-posal submitted. The invitation shall embody a statement of the limitations herein prescribed.

(c) Statement of compliance and of action proposed. As promptly as practicable after the opening of the proposals the applicant shall file an amendment to its application setting forth:

(1) The action taken to comply with paragraph (b) of this section, including a statement that the proposed method of complying with the competitive bidding requirements as described in the application pursuant to the requirements of § 34.2 (k) (2) (i) has been carried out with no departures except such as shall be fully stated.

(2) A summary of the terms of the proposals received, including the name of each bidder, the interest or dividend rate specified (where applicable), the price to be paid the issuer per share or per \$100 principal amount, the cost of money to the issuer (except in the case of common stock), the name of the successful bidder, and the successful bidder's initial public offering price with the resulting yield to the public (except in the case of common stock), accompanied by a copy of each proposal received (to be submitted as part of Exhibit L to the application).

(3) A statement of the action proposed to be taken with respect to the issuance and sale of securities, and, in any case in which securities are to be issued by a person other than the applicant, a statement of the action to be taken by the applicant with reference to the assumption of obligation or liability in respect thereto.

4. Amend paragraph (k) of § 34.2 to

(k) A description of the method of issuing and selling the securities to be issued by the applicant or in respect of which the applicant is to assume any obligation or liability as guarantor, indorser, surety, or otherwise.

(1) Such description shall include a statement of whether:

(i) Such securities are to be issued pro rata to existing holders of securities of the applicant or issuer pursuant to any preemptive right or in connection with any liquidation or reorganization.

(ii) Such securities consist of one or more bonds, notes, or other evidences of debt, of a maturity of ten years or less, to a commercial bank, insurance company, or similar institution not for resale to the public, provided no finder's fee or other fee, commission or remuneration is to be paid in connection therewith to any third person (except an associated service company charging only its costs of service) for negotiating the transaction.

(iii) The proceeds, to the issuer or vendor, of the securities will be less than

\$1,000,000.

(iv) The proposed issuance of securior assumption of obligation or liability, by the applicant, has been exempted by the Commission from the competitive bidding requirements of § 34.1a (b) and (c) by findings as refered to in § 34.1a (a) (4), or is the subject of an application for such exemption under subparagraph (2) (ii) of this paragraph, which application has not been denied by the Commission.

(2) Except where the issuance of securities or assumption of obligation or liability falls within subparagraphs (1) (i), (ii) or (iii) of this paragraph, the

application shall either:

(i) Set forth the proposed method of complying with the competitive bidding requirements of § 34.1a (b) and (c), including summarization of the principal terms of the proposed invitation for bids and submitting a copy of the proposed invitation as part of Exhibit L to the ap-

plication: or

(ii) Apply for exemption from the competitive bidding requirements of § 34.1a (b) and (c) upon findings as referred to in § 34.1a (a) (4). Such an application may be made only where the issuer has not, prior to the filing of the application, engaged in any negotiation for the sale or underwriting of the securities and engages not to do so prior to Commission action on the application for exemption, and the application so shows: Provided, That engaging in negotiation may be permitted where the Commission has given its written authorization in advance. Such application for exemption may be filed as part of an application for securities approval, or as a separate application filed at any time prior to the filing of such an application for securities approval. (If

separately filed, such separate application shall, nevertheless, be subject to the provision of §§ 34.4 to 34.7.) Such application for exemption shall show the specific grounds relied on as warranting the findings referred to in § 34.1a (a) (4). If an application for such exemption is denied by the Commission after the application for securities approval has been filed, the requirements of subdivision (i) of this subparagraph shall be compiled with by amendment to the application.

(3) Where no application has been filed for exemption from the competitive bidding requirements of § 34.1a (b) and (c), or the Commission has denied such an application, applicant shall set forth by amendment to the application, the data with respect to compliance with the competitive bidding requirements and its proposed action, as required by

§ 34.1a (c).

(4) There shall also be set forth in the application or amendment thereto:

(1) The name and address of any person receiving or entitled to a fee for services (other than attorneys, accountants and similar technical services) in connection with the negotiation or consummation of the issuance or sale of securities, or for services in securing underwriters, sellers, or purchasers of securities, other than fees included in any competitive bid; the amount of each such fee; and facts showing the necessity of the services and that the fee does not exceed the customary fee for such services in arm's length transactions and is reasonable in the light of the cost of rendering the service and any other relevant factors.

(fi) All facts showing or tending to show that the issuer or applicant directly or indirectly controls, or is controlled by, or is under the same common control as, any person named pursuant to the requirements of subparagraphs (3) and (4) (i) of this paragraph, or showing or tending to show the opposite. "Control" is used herein as defined in § 101.02-5B of this chapter.

5. Amend the paragraph entitled "Exhibit L" under § 34.3, to read as follows:

Exhibit L. Copies of the proposed and of the published invitation of proposals for the purchase or underwriting of the securities to be issued, of each proposal received, and of each contract, underwriting, and other arrangement entered into for the sale or marketing of the securities. Where a contact or underwriting is not in final form so as to permit filing, a preliminary draft or a stummary containing such identification of the parties thereto and such setting forth of the principal terms thereof as may be practicable, may be filed pending filing of conformed copy in the form executed, by final amendment to the application.

## 6. Amend § 34.9 to read as follows:

§ 34.9 Commission action. An application for approval under this part will ordinarily require a minimum of 30 days after it is filed to allow for public notice, investigation, opportunity for hearing, consideration by the Commission, and issuance of the first order referred to hereinafter. To facilitate the completion of registration statements filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to the requirements of section 7 of the Securities Act of 1933 and sections 12 and 13 of the Securities and Ex-

change Act of 1934, so that public invitation for proposals for purchase or underwriting of the securities may be made, conformably to the provisions of those acts, this Commission will, where appropriate, authorize proposed issuances of securities and assumptions of obligation or liability, prior to the filing of the data referred to in \$\$ 34.1a (c) and 34.2 (k) (3) and (4) subject to a provision that the securities shall not be issued, or the obligation or liability assumed, by the applicant, until such amendment shall have been filed and a further order shall have been entered thereon. The Commission will endeavor wherever possible to enter such further order upon receipt of telephone advice and confirmation thereof by telegram from the applicant setting forth the substance of the data specified in § 34.2 (k) (3) and (4) and stating that the amendment furnishing such data has actually been mailed to the Commission. This two-order procedure will not obtain with respect to security issues exempted by § 34.1a (a) from competitive bidding requirements, except upon request.

7. Any interested person may submit to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C., on or before March 1, 1950, data, views and comments in writing concerning the proposed amendments. The Commission will consider these written submittals before acting upon the proposed amendments.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[P. R. Doc. 50-878; Piled, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

# NOTICES

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE

Department of the Army

STATEMENT OF ORGANIZATION AND FUNCTIONS

The following statement of organization and functions of the Department of the Army supersedes all Department of the Army organizational material previously published in the FEDERAL REGISTER.

Sac. 1. Description of central and field agencies.

SEC. 2. Organization and functions of agencies dealing with the public.

SECTION 1. Description of central and field agencies—(a) The Secretary of the Army. The Secretary of the Army is head of the Department of the Army, and performs such duties as are required of him by law or may be enjoined upon him by the President and the Secretary of Defense.

He is charged with the supervision of all estimates of appropriations for the expenses of the Department of the Army; of all purchases of Army supplies; of all expenditures for the support, transportation, and maintenance of the Army; and of such expenditures of a civil nature as may be placed by Congress under his direction.

He is held responsible for the performance of the Army's mission in occupied areas, and for the protection of all installations and facilities within the United States, its territories, and the District of Columbia, which are vital to the National Security; for the development of improved weapons and materiel; for the proper instruction of all military personnel; for the discipline and morale of the Army

He is a member of the National Security Council (when appointed by the President by and with advice and consent of the Senate) and the Armed Forces Policy Council, established by the National Security Act of 1947, as amended.

He directs the activities of the Corps of Engineers in the improvement of the waterways of the United States, Alaska, Hawali, and Puerto Rico, including examinations, surveys, and economic studies of harbors and streams for the formulation of improvement projects. He recommends to Congress definite plans for improvement and is responsible for the contractual procedure for the execution of the physical works required

to make our waterways capacie of meeting the needs of constantly expanding inland, coastwise, and foreign commerce.

He directs the activities of the Corps of Engineers in the execution of the authorized works for flood control on inland rivers, power and irrigation development, and the survey and charting of the Great Lakes.

He is responsible for surveys of international boundary waters, the interoceanic survey (Nicaragua Canal route), and the construction of national monuments and memorials. He is also charged with the establishment of harbor lines, approval of plans for the construction of bridges, and issue of permits for wharves, piers, and other works upon navigable waters; investigation, in cooperation with the Federal Power Commission, of water-power projects; the removal of wrecks from navigable waters; the regulation of the operation of drawbridges, establishment and regulation of anchorage grounds, regulation of the use of navigable waters of the United States, the preservation of the American Falls of Niagara, and the administration of matters pertaining to the participation of the United States in the Niagara Control Board.

He is responsible for the defense, maintenance, care, and operation of the Panama Canal. This responsibility requires that he not only provide for the transit of ships from one ocean to the other but also for their repair, fueling, supplies, and foodstuffs and the care and hospitalization of ships' personnel and passengers. The organization under his charge has supervision over public health, quarantine, and immigration service, custems, post offices, police and fire protection, hydrographic and meteorological observations, steamboat inspections, aids to navigation, construction and maintenance of roads, streets, water supply, and sewers.

He is president of the National Forest

Reservation Commission, which is authorized to purchase such forested cutover or denuded lands within the watersheds of navigable streams as in its judgment may be necessary to the regulation of stream flow or for the produc-

tion of timber.

He supervises the maintenance and conduct of the United States Military Academy at West Point and is responsible for all matters relating to leases, revocable licenses and all other privileges upon lands under the control of the De-

partment of the Army.

(b) The Under Secretary of the Army. The Under Secretary of the Army is responsible for the development of broad policy dealing with Department of Defense and Army responsibilities for occupied areas. He is responsible for supervision and direction of Office of Food Administrator for Occupied Areas, and for budget applications and matters relative to Government and Relief in Occupied Areas. He acts as Secretary of the Army in the absence of the Secretary.

(c) The Assistant Secretary of the Army. The Assistant Secretary exercises supervisory responsibility of the Secretary of the Army for all logistical and related fiscal activities of the Department, including procurement of all military supplies and other business pertaining thereto, mobilization procurement planning, matters relating to the supply and service systems of the Army, and research and development. Also exercises policy supervision over renegotiation; contract appeals; contractual and damage claims; acquisition and disposal of real estate; Army Exchange System; labor relations; operation of disciplinary barracks and custody of military prisoners; and such other activities of a military and non-military nature delegated to him by the Secretary of the Army. Represents the Department of the Army in dealing with other departments and agencies of the Government, the Congress, and the public and coordinates activities concerning them with interdepartmental and other agencies. Is the Department of the Army member of the Munitions Board, one of the two Army members of the Research and Development Board, and President of the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice. In the absence of both the Secretary and the Under Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Army.

(d) Assistant Secretary of the Army. Performs such functions as the Secretary of the Army may from time to time direct. Presently responsible to the Secretary of the Army for supervision over the residue of functions and activities which are normally, but not otherwise, delegated, including the following: Organization of the Department of the Army; management engineering and economy program; The Comptroller of the Army; Reserve and National Guard affairs; manpower; legislative and legal affairs; serves as member or alternate on certain boards and committees of the Secretary of Defense, including the Personnel Policy Board, the Civilian Components Policy Board, the Management Committee, and the Munitions Board.

(e) Administrative Assistant. Aids the Secretary of the Army in directing the administration of the Department. He advises the Secretary on matters of administrative policy, serves as member of the Board of Directors of the Panama Railroad Company, and acts for the Secretary of the Army on all official matters not requiring his personal attention. As chief executive officer, he is responsible for the Department of the Army Civilian Personnel Program and in conjunction with the Director of Civilian Personnel establishes policy and procedures necessary to the adequate functioning of such program. In addition, he is responsible for various economy measures and ad-ministrative services within the Headquarters. Department of the Army. He is further responsible for the administration of the Office, Secretary of the Army, including comprehensive management and personnel programs as carried on through the several divisions of the office in direct liaison with all components of

the Department.

(f) Chief of Staff, United States Army.
The Chief of Staff is the principal Army adviser to the President, to the Secretary of Defense, and to the Secretary of the Army on the conduct of war and the principal military adviser and executive to the Secretary of the Army on the military activities of the Department of the Army. The Chief of Staff has command of all components of the Army of the United States and of the operating forces comprising the Army areas. He also commands the Army component of oversea commands, and the related supply and service establishments of the Army and is responsible to the Secretary of the Army for their use in war and plans and preparations for their readiness for war. The Chief of Staff, under the direction of the Secretary of the Army, is responsible for the coordination and direction of the General and Special Staffs and the Administrative and Technical Services.

(g) Vice Chief of Staff. The Vice Chief of Staff is the principal adviser and assistant to the Chief of Staff and acts for him in his absence. The Vice Chief of Staff performs and exercises such of the functions, duties, and powers devolved upon the Chief of Staff by law, regulation, or otherwise as the Chief of Staff may direct.

(h) General Staff Committee on National Guard and Reserve Policy. The General Staff Committee on National Guard and Reserve Policy is composed of representatives from the General Staff, the National Guard of the United States, and the Officers Reserve Corps. It is responsible to the Chief of Staff for the preparation of policies and regulations affecting the organization, distribution, and training of the National Guard of the United States and the organization, distribution, training, appointment, assignment, promotion, and discharge of members of the Organized Reserve Corps.

(1) Special Assistant for Civilian Component Affairs. The Special Assistant for Civilian Component Affairs is the principal adviser to the Chief of Staff on National Guard, Reserve, and ROTC

matters.

(i) Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Combat Operations. The Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Combat Operations is responsible to the Chief of Staff for the supervision and correlation of planning activities of the Army; direction of combat operations including such as may be charged to the Chief of Staff as the executive agent of the Joint Chiefs of Staff; deployment of forces and the allocation of resources assigned to the Department of the Army in peace and war; and the assignment of strategic and tactical missions of commanders operating overseas or in the zone of the interior.

(k) Deputy Chief of Staff for Administration. The Deputy Chief of Staff for Administration is responsible to the Chief of Staff for the supervision and correlation of all administrative and current operational activities of the Army other than those assigned to the Deputy Chief of Staff for Plans and Combat

Operations.

(1) Comptroller of the Army. The Comptroller of the Army is responsible for the direction and supervision of all fiscal, budgetary, accounting, auditing, statistical, and management engineering activities of the Army. The Comptroller is also the Budget Officer for the Depart-

ment of the Army.

(1) Chief of Finance. The Chief of Finance, under the direction and super-vision of the Comptroller of the Army, formulates policy, establishes procedures, and supervises the operation of the Army's financial system, to include the receipt and disbursement of funds, appropriation and fund accounting, property accounting, and cost accounting.

(2) Budget Division. The Budget Division of the Office of the Comptroller of the Army is responsible for the preparation of military and civil budget estimates of the Department of the Army and for the supervision and control over all fiscal and budgetary matters, including the allocation of appropriated funds and manpower within established ceil-

ings.

(3) Management Division. The Management Division of the Office of the Comptroller of the Army is responsible for the formulation and operation of a plan for the business management of the Department of the Army and conducts a continuing review of Army administration and operations in the interest of

effectiveness and economy.

(4) Audit Division. The Audit Division of the Office of the Comptroller of the Army provides an independent internal audit service for the Army establishment through the formulation of basic policy, the administration of standard procedures, and the direction or technical supervision of operational performance of audits.

(5) Statistical Division. The Statistical Division of the Office of the Comptroller of the Army coordinates the collection, analysis, and presentation of statistical data for the Chief of Staff as a basis for planning, policy, and operating decisions. It also administers an Army-wide reports control system.

(m) Chief of Information. The Chief of Information advises the Secretary of the Army and the Chief of Staff, United States Army, on matters of policy re-lating to public understanding and support of the Army and is responsible to the Chief of Staff for supervision and coordination throughout the Department of the Army in the information and education field, both home and abroad. He coordinates the public information, legislative (except for appropriations), and troop information and education policies and programs of the Army.

(1) Legislative and Liaison Division, The Legislative and Liaison Division, of the Office of the Chief of Information, formulates and coordinates the Army's legislative program, except appropriations, incorporates this program into that of the Department of Defense, and represents the Department of Defense in processing designated portions of the program through the Congress; participates in official Department of the Army contacts with the Congress and its individual members, except in matters pertaining to appropriations; and coordinates contacts of other Army agencies with the Congress.

(2) Public Information Division. The Public Information Division of the Office of the Chief of Information coordinates, processes, and releases all Department of the Army announcements of public interest, including photographs and motion pictures, to news-gathering agencies, radio stations and networks, film producers, and other public and private organizations in the field of public information; supervises Department of the Army contacts with these agencies; and assists outside writers by gathering material and arranging interviews with officials within and outside the Department of the Army.

(3) Troop Information and Educa-tion Division. The Troop Information and Education Division of the Office of the Chief of Information is charged with developing basic plans and policies for information and education activities for military personnel and supervises the execution of the Army information and education program.

(n) Secretary, General Staff. The Secretary of the General Staff administers the immediate offices of the Chief of Staff and the Vice Chief of Staff; maintains continuing liaison between the office, Chief of Staff, and the White House;

provides the channel of communication between the Office, Chief of Staff, and the Joint Chiefs of Staff; reviews Department of the Army papers to be submitted to these agencies as well as papers initiated by them and referred to the Chief of Staff; and prepares or supervises the preparation of correspondence to be signed by the Chief of Staff or the Vice Chief of Staff.

(o) General Staff. The General Staff under the direction of the Chief of Staff, is responsible for the development of the Army, and insures the existence of a well-balanced and efficient military team. It is specifically charged with the duty of providing such broad basic policies and plans as will enable the Chief, Army Field Forces; commanding generals, army areas and oversea commands; and the heads of Administrative and Technical Services to prepare and execute detailed programs. There are five divisions in the General Staff, each under the immediate control of a General Staff Director who reports personally to the Chief of Staff. These divisions are:

(1) Personnel and Administration Division. The Director of Personnel and Administration is the military personnel manager of the Department of the Army, and has the primary General Staff interest in manpower. He is the adviser to and assistant to the Chief of Staff for administrative matters and for matters relating to manpower as a whole and to military personnel as individuals throughout the Army. He has over-all Department of the Army responsibility for the procurement, allocation, and reallocation of personnel in bulk in accordance with established requirements and priorities, and for the separation of individuals from the military service, He exercises General Staff supervision and direction of the Career Management and Army Safety Programs and under the direction of the Chief of Staff directs and controls the operations and administrative activities of the heads of Administrative Services.

(2) Director Women's Army Corps. Advises the Secretary of the Army on all Women's Army Corps matters and supervises activities relating to the WAC. Acts as Department of the Army staff adviser on plans and policies for the procurement, reception, classification, utilization, training, logistical sup-port, assignment, and separation of WAC personnel. Inspects WAC units. detachments, and individuals in the Zone of Interior and overseas.

(3) Intelligence Division. The Director of Intelligence is responsible for the collection and evaluation of information and for the production and dissemination of intelligence pertaining to the war potential, topography, military forces, military and related activities of foreign countries and the strategic vulnerability of the United States. He is responsible for executing counterintelligence measures within the Department of the Army and represents the Department of the Army on intelligence and counterintelligence matters in its relations with other Government agencies and with foreign governments. He is also responsible for the operation of the Military Attaché System, for accom-plishing Army signal intelligence and communication security, for supervision of the Counter Intelligence Corps and the personnel of the Military Intelligence Reserve and the Army Security Reserve, and provides the official channel of liaison between the Department of the Army and foreign military representatives on duty or visiting in the United States.

(4) Organization and Training Division. The Director of Organization and Training exercises General Staff direction over the organization, mobilization, demobilization, and training of all components of the Army. Except for individual training, he is primarily con-cerned with matters relating to units as distinguished from the primary interest of the Director of Personnel and Administration in matters relating to individ-

(5) Logistics Division. The Director of Logistics has General Staff responsibility for logistical planning; service activities; supply control; distribution, storage, and maintenance of supplies; purchasing; production and other industrial matters; disposal of surplus property; initiation, allocation, coordination, and progress of research and development programs; and conduct of research and development activities in consonance with Army-wide plans, policies, objectives, and programs.

Under the direction of the Chief of Staff (and the Assistant Secretary of the Army on procurement and related industrial matters) the Director of Logistics directs and controls the operations and administrative activities of the heads of the Technical Services. Civil functions of the Corps of Engineers are specifically exempted from direction and control by the Director of Logistics; in regard to these matters the Secretary of the Army deals directly with the Chief of Engineers. Likewise, in matters of standards of health and medical care of the troops, and the utilization of professional medical personnel, the Surgeon General has direct access to the Secretary of the Army and the Chief of Staff.

(6) Plans and Operations Division. The Director of Plans and Operations is responsible for the formulation, development, direction, supervision, and coordination of strategic and operational plans, current and future, for the Army. He exercises General Staff supervision and direction of strategic and operational matters relating to oversea and other commands. Without vitiating the primary interest of other General Staff Directors in their respective fields of responsibility, he coordinates all policies and directives and changes thereto, including allocation of resources, affecting strategic, operational, and political matters relating to oversea and other commands. He estimates the current situation to determine military policy. objectives, and major elements of requirements and means. As Senior Army Planner, he supervises and coordinates the war planning activities of the General Staff and furnishes guidance on current and future plans and operations. He develops and keeps current the future

and operational plans involving the Army in conjunction with appropriate joint agencies. He reviews and recommends action to the Chief of Staff on joint papers and initiates Department of the Army execution of approved papers of joint agencies, the State-Army-Navy-Air Force Coordinating Committee, the Air Coordinating Committee, and other similar agencies.

(p) Special Staff, United States Army. The Special Staff, under the general direction of the Chief of Staff, serves in an advisory capacity to the Chief of Staff and the General Staff on matters within the assigned fields of interest of the Special Staff. The Special Staff comprises

five organizations: (1) National Guard Bureau. The National Guard Bureau is the operating agency charged with administering approved Army and Air Force policies other than those relative to training when such policies are applicable to the Army and Air National Guard not in Federal service and with promulgating applicable Army and Air Force directives and regulations, including those relating to training. It is the channel of communication between the Departments of the Army and Air Force and the several States, Territories, and the District of Columbia on all matters pertaining to the Army and Air National Guard not in the Federal Service.

(2) Office of the Executive for Reserve and ROTC Affairs. The Executive for Reserve and ROTC Affairs advises and assists the Chief of Staff in the exercise of his supervision and control of the Organized Reserves and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps, including liaison therewith, and in keeping the Secretary of the Army informed on Reserve and ROTC affairs. He is responsible for maintaining close contact, mutual understanding, and effective cooperation between the Department of the Army and the Reserve component and ROTC, and for necessary staff functions involved in this mission.

(3) Office of the Inspector General. The Inspector General is charged with coordinating inspector general activities throughout the Department of the Army; assisting the Chief of Staff in keeping the Secretary of the Army informed as to the state of the Army; inquiring into and reporting upon matters which affect the efficiency and economy of the Army; making inspections, investigations, surveys, and studies as prescribed by law or regulations, or as directed by the Secretary, Under Secretary, or Assistant Secretaries of the Army, or the Chief of Staff.

(4) Historical Division. The Histori-

(4) Historical Division. The Historical Division is responsible for preparing plans and policies for and exercising supervision and direction over Department of the Army and Army historical activities other than current reports.

(5) Office of the Judge Advocate General. The Judge Advocate General is the chief law officer of the Department of the Army and the chief legal adviser of the Secretary of the Army and the Department of the Army. He is responsible for supervising the system of military justice throughout the Army; for providing legal advice and services throughout the Department of the Army; and for oper-

ating the system of appellate review of records of general courts martial provided by article of war 50.

(q) Administrative Services—(1) Adjutant General's Department. The Adjutant General is responsible for the administrative procedures and operations connected with the procurement, appointment, assignment, promotion, transfer, retirement, separation, casualties, decorations, and disciplinary custoday of all military personnel of the Army of the United States, the publication of the orders and instructions of the Department of the Army, the conduct of correspondence with the general public, the Army postal service, Army recruiting, and the preservation and administration of the permanent records of the Department of the Army.

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ment of the Army.
(2) Chaplains. The Chief of Chaplains is charged with responsibility in all matters pertaining to the moral and religious welfare of military personnel.

(3) Provost Marshal General's Office. The Provost Marshal General is responsible for the establishment and training of the Corps of Military Police. He supervises the detention, care, feeding, and housing of prisoners of war, operates the Enemy and American Prisoner of War Information Bureaus, and formulates and develops policies relating to the discipline of the Army and the training of officers for military government duty.

(4) Special Services. The Chief of Special Services is charged with the mission of providing a healthy and interesting off-duty environment for military personnel, through voluntary participation in planned leisure-time entertainment and recreational activities, and through the operation of sales outlets for articles of necessity and convenience at reasonable prices.

(r) Technical Services—(1) Chemical Corps. The Chief, Chemical Corps is charged with the investigation, development, manufacture, procurement, and supply of all smoke and incendiary materials, toxicological agents, and toxicological defensive and offensive appliances, together with the technical supervision of the training of the Army in offensive and defensive toxicological warfare.

(2) Medical Department. The Surgeon General exercises administrative control of the Medical Department and supervises all medical and sanitary affairs of the Army. The Department contains the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, the Veterinary Corps, the Medical Service Corps, the Army Nurse Corps, and the Women's Medical Specialist Corps.

(3) Corps of Engineers. The Chief of Engineers is responsible for the new construction of all facilities; the acquisition, management, and disposal of real estate for the Army and the Air Force; the production of all topographic maps for the Armed Forces; the supervision of the repairs and maintenance and the operation of utilities at Army installations; and the planning of engineering phases of military operations. In addition to those military activities, the Chief of Engineers, under the direction of the Secretary of the Army, administers and discharges the civil works responsibilities of the Department of the Army pertaining to the execution, operation, maintenance, and control of rivers and harbors and flood control improvements authorized by law and the administration of laws for the protection and preservation of navigation and navigable waters of the United States.

waters of the United States.

(4) Quartermaster Corps. The Quartermaster General is charged with providing food and clothing for the Army and is responsible for the procurement, storage, and issue of supplies common to two or more branches except weapons, ammunition, automotive vehicles, and signal equipment, for the formulation of policies for the operation of military cemeterles, and for the disposition of deceased personnel of the Department of the Army.

(5) Signal Corps. The Chief Signal Officer is responsible for all matters relating to signal communications, including the development, procurement, storage, and repair of signal equipment and supplies.

(6) Ordnance Department. The Chief of Ordnance is responsible for the design, procurement, storage, supply, and maintenance of munitions and combat and transport vehicles for the Army. He prepares the necessary information pertaining to the manufacture of weapons.

(7) Transportation Corps. The Chief of Transportation is charged with the responsibility for all Department of the Army surface traffic, inland and overseas. He is charged with all shipping overseas, and with all inland movements and supplies moving by commercial means and also operates all ports of embarkation.

(s) Army Field Forces. The Office Chief, Army Field Forces, is the field operating agency of the Department of the Army, within the continental United States, for the general supervision, coordination, and inspection of all matters pertaining to the training of all individuals and units utilized in a field army. The Chief, Army Field Forces, under directives issued by Headquarters, Department of the Army:

Develops the organization, composition, equipment, and training of Army combat service and administrative units (including those of the Organized Reserve Corps and the Reserve Officers' Training Corps) utilized in a field army.

Supervises, coordinates, and inspects the training of all individuals and units utilized in a field army.

Supervises the training and inspection of all Army units of the National Guard.

Develops and prepares doctrine pertaining to the tactical and technical employment of individuals and units utilized in a field army, and to the matériel and equipment necessary in the performance of their missions.

Supervises and coordinates the preparation of all literature pertaining to the training of individuals and units utilized in a field army.

Supervises and coordinates at all schools all aspects of training affecting the field armies.

Supervises such boards as are necessary to insure continued research and development of items of equipment in which units assigned to a field army have a primary interest, and initiates requirements for these items.

Supervises and coordinates the training of the National Security Training Program.

Makes recommendations concerning allotments for organization of military and civilian overhead necessary for training.

Conducts public relations involving the duties and missions with which the Chief, Army Field Forces, is charged.

Coordinates the preparation of funds necessary to insure the fulfillment of assigned functions and responsibilities.

signed functions and responsibilities.
(t) Army Areas. The commanding general of each of the armies and the Military District of Washington commands all units, posts, camps, stations, and installations within the army areas or the Military District of Washington, except those specifically commanded by the Chief of Staff, United States Air Force, or a head of a service or other Department of the Army agency. He is responsible for the operations, training, administration, services, and supply of all units, posts, camps, and stations of his command. He is also responsible for certain activities at installations reporting to Headquarters, Department of the Army.

 First Army, headquarters at Governors Island, N. Y. Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New Jersey, New York, and

Vermont.

(2) Second Army, headquarters at Fort George G. Meade, Md. Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, West Virginia, Kentucky, Ohio, and Delaware.

(3) Third Army, headquarters at Fort McPherson, Ga. North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Tennessee.

(4) Fourth Army, headquarters at Fort Sam Houston, Tex. Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma, and New Mexico.

(5) Fifth Army, headquarters at Chicago, Ill. Michigan, Wisconsin, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Minnesota, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Wyoming, Indiana, and Colorado.

(6) Sixth Army, headquarters at Presidio of San Francisco, Calif. Montana, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Utah, Nevada, Arizona, and California.

(7) Military District of Washington, Military District of Washington with headquarters at Washington, D. C., is comprised of the District of Columbia and such adjacent territory as may be prescribed from time to time.

(u) Territories—(1) Territory of Hawaii. Headquarters, Fort Shafter,

T. H.

(2) Panama Canal Zone. Headquar-

ters, Quarry Heights, C. Z.

(3) Territory of Puerto Rico and the Virgin Islands. Headquarters, San Juan, P. R.

(4) Territory of Alaska. Headquarters, Fort Richardson, Alaska.

(v) United States Military Academy. The United States Military Academy is located at West Point, N. Y. The course is of 4 years' duration, during which the cadets receive, besides a general education, theoretical and practical training as junior officers. Cadets who complete the course satisfactorily are graduated with the rank of second lieutenant.

(w) Joint Boards. The following board has been created by act of Congress of by joint agreement of the Secretary of the Army, the Secretary of the Navy, and the Secretary of the Air Force. In addition to this board, from time to time they have created or may create other boards and committees as occasions arise.

(1) Arlington Memorial Amphitheater Commission. The Arlington Memorial Amphitheater Commission was created by act of Congress approved March 4, 1921 (41 Stat. 1440; 24 U. S. C. 291-95).

Through the President of the United States the Commission reports annually to Congress as to what inscriptions, tablets, busts, or other memorials (if any) shall be erected, and the bodies of what deceased members of the Army, Navy, Air Force, and Marine Corps (if any) shall be entombed during the next ensuing year within the Arlington Memorial Amphitheater in Arlington National Cemetery in Virginia. No such memorial construction or entombment may be made without special authorization by an act of Congress. In making its recommendations to Congress regarding memorials, the Commission is required by law to consult with the Commission of Fine Arts on the artistic aspects of the project under construction.

(x) Joint Service Schools—(1) The National War College. The National War College, organized by authority of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, has the mission of preparing selected ground, air, and naval officers, and officers of the State Department, for joint staff and command duties on the highest level in be-

half of the national security.

The College devotes some four months of the academic year to a close and systematic examination of international relations and world affairs, of the international consequences of the atomic bomb, of U.S. commitments and responsibilities abroad, and of the formulation of U. S. foreign policy and its implementation through methods short of war. Instruction in this part of the course is conducted by a small group of distinguished resident civilian instructors and an outstanding group of visiting lecturers. The last six months of the school year are devoted to the study of grand strategy, the strategic areas of the world, and the scientific and technological advances which have complicated the task of maintaining the national security.

Certain parts of the course are held in conjunction with the Industrial College of the Armed Forces, located immediately adjacent to the National War College

at Fort Lesley J. McNair.

(2) Armed Forces Staff College. The mission of the Armed Forces Staff College, located at Norfolk, Va., is to train selected officers of the Army and Navy in joint staff techniques and procedures; the organization, composition, and functions of theaters and major task forces, and the strategical, tactical, and logistical responsibilities of such commanders; and the preparation for amphibious and airborne operations involving the employment of joint forces. Graduate officers are assigned duties in joint opera-

tions to include joint overseas expeditions and theater operations.

(3) Industrial College of the Armed Forces. The Industrial College of the Armed Forces is a joint educational institution operating under the direction of the Joint Chiefs of Staff.

Its mission is to prepare selected officers of the Armed Forces for important command, staff and planning assignments in the National Military Establishment and to prepare selected civilians for important industrial mobilization planning assignments in any

Government agency.

The College conducts a course in economic mobilization which embraces all phases of our national economy and the interrelation of economic factors with political, military, and psychological factors; all aspects of joint logistic planning and the interrelation of this planning to joint strategic planning and to the national policy planning; peacetime and potential wartime governmental organizations and the most effective wartime controls.

Certain parts of the course are held in conjunction with the National War College, located immediately adjacent to the Industrial College of the Armed Forces at Fort Lesley J. McNair, Wash-

ington, D. C.

The regular course of instruction is approximately ten months' duration, with classes commencing annually about September 1. The College also conducts courses for officers of the National Guard, Reserve Officers of the Army, Navy, and Air Force and selected executives of industry, educators and other prominent civilians. This consists of a condensed version of the regular course and is conducted in cities throughout the country by members of the faculty of the College.

Sec. 2. Organization and functions of agencies dealing with the public—(a) The National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Office of the Director of Civilian Marksmanship-(1) Authority and membership. The National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice functions under authority of section 113 of the National Defense Act of 1916 as amended (sec. 113, 39 Stat. 211; 32 U. S. C. 183) and cognate acts thereto. The Board is composed of twenty-one members appointed by the Secretary of the Army from representatives of the Departments of the Army, Navy and Air Force, the Marine Corps, Coast Guard, National Guard, Organized Reserves, National Rifle Association and the country at large. The Assistant Secretary of the Army is President of the Board.

(2) Location. The Offices of Executive Officer, National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice and Director of Civilian Marksmanship are located in Rooms 1703-1715 Navy Building, 18th and Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington 25, D. C. The mailing address of

each is as follows:

National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice Department of the Army Washington 25, D, C.

Director of Civilian Marksmanship Department of the Army Washington 25, D. C.

(3) Functions of the National Board. (i) The Board is generally responsible for recommending to the Secretary of the Army reasonable rules and regulations for (a) instruction of able-bodied male citizens of the United States in marksmanship; (b) the promotion of practice in the use of rifled arms, the maintenance and management of matches or competitions in the use of such arms, and the issuance in connection therewith, of the necessary ammunition and targets, and other supplies and appliances, and the awarding to competitors of trophies, prizes and badges; (c) The conduct of the National Matches; and (d) conduct of rifle and pistol competitions in schools and colleges.

(ii) Since 1903, the National Board has rendered valuable assistance in the development of ordnance material and ammunition. It has encouraged rifle practice throughout the United States particularly in the direction of qualifying as finished marksmen and instructors countless individuals who are called upon to serve in wars in which the United States has participated since that time. It has encouraged and held national competitions in marksmanship between teams and individuals. Since the organization of the National Board thirty-five National Matches have been conducted.

(4) Functions of Director of Civilian Marksmanship. (1) The Office of the Director of Civilian Marksmanship was established in 1916 for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the National Defense Act which authorized the issue of certain Department of the Army equipment to schools and civilian rifle clubs organized in accordance with regulations approved by the National Board for the Promotion of Rifle Practice.

(ii) Three classes of applicants may receive assistance from the Director of Civilian Marksmanship: i. e., schools, senior rifle clubs, and junior rifle clubs

organized for target practice.

(III) Schools, in order to receive the benefits, must maintain during the entire school year a uniformed corps of cadets, at least forty in number, above the age of fourteen years. They must have an adequate course in military training and must conduct target practice in accordance with the regulations prescribed by the National Board. One rifle, U. S. Caliber .30 Model 1903, per cadet, and ten .22 caliber rifles per school; 120 cartridges of caliber .30 per cadet above fourteen years of age firing (but not to exceed 12,000 rounds per school), and 200 cartridges caliber .22 Long Rifle per cadet firing (but not to exceed 20,000 per school) are authorized for issue. Targets and other necessary accessories are likewise issued.

(iv) Applications for assistance must be submitted to the Director of Civilian Marksmanship. Department of the Army, Washington, D. C., by the President or Principal of the school through the Adjutant General of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia. This application must have the approval of the Adjutant General of the State, Territory, or District of Columbia, and that of the Superintendent of Schools or Chairman of the Board of Trustees or other governing body of the school.

(v) Senior rifle clubs, in order to receive benefits, must be enrolled with the Office of the Director of Civilian Marksmanship with a membership of at least ten physically fit male citizens above the age of eighteen years. These must be civilians who are not eligible to receive federal aid for this activity from any other source. Clubs must maintain affiliation with the National Rifle Association, and must carry on target practice as prescribed.

(vi) Four rifles, U. S. Caliber .30 M1, may be issued to such clubs whose members participating in rifle practice do not exceed twenty-five. If more than twenty-five members participate, one additional rifle may be issued for each additional ten such members (or fraction thereof), not to exceed eight to any club. Four caliber .22 rifles per club, and 120 cartridges caliber .30, per member firing (but not to exceed 12,000 per club) are authorized for issue in addition to targets and other necessary accessories.

(vii) Junior rifle clubs, in order to receive benefits, must be enrolled with the Office of the D. C. M., must (a) maintain membership of at least ten physically fit male citizens, between twelve and eighteen years of age who are not eligible to receive federal aid for this activity from any other source; (b) must be sponsored by a responsible male citizen above the age of twenty-one years, who will serve as chief supervisor and instructor; (c) must maintain affiliation with the National Rifle Association; (d) must conduct small-arms practice and fire the junior small-bore qualification course designed by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship. Two .22 caliber rifles may be issued to such clubs where the number of members who participate in target practice does not exceed ten. If more than ten members participate, one additional rifle may be issued for each additional five members, not to exceed ten to any club. Four hundred cartridges, caliber .22 Long Rifle, per member firing (not to exceed 40,000 per club) are authorized for issue to each junior club, in addition to targets and other accessories necessary for the conduct of target practice.

(viii) In order to receive the issue of nonexpendable equipment schools and clubs must furnish a surety bond, provide for secure storage of the equipment, pay all transportation charges, and have suitable range facilities. They must submit annually as directed by the Director of Civilian Marksmanship, (a) an annual inventory of U. S. property, and (b) an annual report of firing.

(ix) Qualification badges, Marksman, Sharpshooter, or Expert are issued to all individual members of schools, clubs, and other organizations who qualify over prescribed marksmanship courses under the rules for record firing.

(x) The number of schools and clubs that may receive free issues is limited

by annual appropriations.

(xi) The Director of Civilian Marksmanship approves the sale of small arms equipment and supplies used in target practice to civilian riflemen, members of the National Rifle Association, as authorized by the National Defense Act and by the regulations of the National Board. (xii) It has been the practice since 1925 to appoint the same officer to serve both as Executive Officer of the National Board and the Director of Civilian Marksmanship. Colonel James F. Strain, Infantry, is presently assigned to these duties. Colonel Frank R. Loyd, Infantry, is assigned as Assistant Executive Officer and Assistant Director of Civilian Marksmanship, and Captain Margaret J. Wehrle, WAC, as Administrative Officer.

(b) Finance Department. The Office of the Chief of Finance is the Department of the Army agency, which under the supervision of the Comptroller of the Army is charged with the disbursement of and the accounting for all funds pertaining to the Department of the Army and with such other fiscal and accounting duties which may be required by law or assigned by the Secretary of the Army. The Chief of Finance is responsible for the organization, administration and operation of the Finance Department.

(1) Special Assistant; Legal Advisor. Coordinates relations with the Judge Advocate General and the Attorney General; maintains legal library and provides legal assistance, review and ad-

vice.

(2) Accounting Procedures Division. Develops accounting policies and procedures and exercises technical supervision over accounting operations for all Department of the Army components in respect to appropriated funds; lendlease and reciprocal-aid transfers, costs of handling surplus property, financial transactions of military government and civil affairs administration, funds of disbursing officers, including foreign currencies, military and industrial property accounts, and cost accounting and reporting.

(3) Finance Estimates Division. Prepares, defends, and manages budget programs for appropriations "Finance Service, Army" and the Army portion of National Military Establishment Retired Pay appropriation; manages and controls funds under administration of Chief of Finance, consistent with Army Policies; maintains legislative library for budgeting and administration of Army appro-

priations.

(4) Management Division. Provides staff assistance to the Chief of Finance as follows: supervises and integrates the development of plans and programs for carrying out the mission of the Finance Department: determines overall requirements for personnel, funds, material, and facilities, controls funds for Finance Department Activities, appraises execution of finance programs in relation to objectives; assists in the improvement of organization, systems, procedures, and work methods; allocates positions in conformance to organizational structure and job responsibilities; develops production and other types of standards; promotes full utilization of civilian personnel; supervises training of military and civilian personnel; performs housekeeping and administrative services; reviews publications, reports, and forms; plans and coordinates information ac-

(5) Military Personnel Division. Conducts the Military Personnel Program

for the Finance Department and the Finance Career Management Program for the Director of Personnel and Administration, Department of the Army. Interprets for the Chief of Finance military personnel policies received from higher authority and initiates recommendations for changes in existing policies or the establishment of new policies relating to military personnel activities; applies Career Management directives in planning, coordinating and supervising the procurement, allocation, separation and administrative management of military personnel of the Finance Department.

(6) Receipts and Disbursements Division. Plans for and supervises receipts, disbursements, bonding, funding, and other like services for the Army; implements policies and determines methods and procedures pertaining to foreign exchange and special currencies used in foreign and occupied areas by Army disbursing officers; initiates and reviews recommendations for changes in statutes governing payments to individuals connected with and creditors of the Military Establishment; reviews and makes final determination by authority of Secretary of the Army on all reports of survey and board proceedings involving loss, damage or destruction of Department of the Army property; processes remittances involved in settlement of financial transactions between Department of the Army, other Government agencies, and foreign governments; initiates action to establish or terminate working funds; controls clearance of suspensions by General Accounting Office in disbursing officers' accounts and initiates legislative relief for disbursing officers when justified; exercises staff supervision of advance payments and guaranteed loans to war production contractors; administers contract insurance, surety bonds; and self-insured settlement program of cost-plus-a-fixed-fee contractors; administers Department of the Army's contractual liability; administers banking facilities; performs administrative functions relating to the recoupment of amounts due to the United States under renegotiation and excess profits proceedings, including non-statutory renegotiation proceedings; responsible for general administration and overall supervision of the Department of the Army Life Insurance Program; subject to the policy guidance and direction of the Special Representative to the Secretary of the Army, maintains financial accounts with respect to Public Law 820-80th Congress which provides a revolving fund for the purchase of agricultural commodities and raw materials to be processed in occupied areas and sold.

(7) Army Finance Center. Makes family allowances, Class E allotment and government insurance premium payments for military and certain civilian personnel of the Departments of the Army and Air Force and other special payments as designated by the Chief of Finance; provides a central archives for retained disbursing records; maintains central accounting service and prepares financial and statistical reports for the Departments of the Army and Air Force;

maintains liaison with the General Accounting Office in the audit of civilian pay records; administers soldiers' deposits; recommends allowance or disallowance of claims of civilian employees; screens claims of ex-members of the Army and Air Force prior to forwarding to the General Accounting Office, settles certain claims for terminal leave and mustering out pay; receives, reconciles, and stores Army and Air Force military pay records; adjudicates claims of military personnel for pay and allowances; administers withholding tax deductions and payments for Army and Air Force military personnel; processes pay accounts for personnel declared missing, deceased, beleaguered, or besieged; provides local finance service involving military and civilian pay accounts and commercial accounts.

(8) Army Finance School, Trains military and certain civilian personnel in basic and advance finance, fiscal, accounting, and auditing subjects, with emphasis on business administration aspects.

(9) Finance Offices, U. S. Army. Established at strategic points to provide adequate and expeditious finance service for military installations and contractors with the Army located within

the disbursing area of each office. (c) National Guard Bureau-(1) Organization. The National Guard Bureau established by section 81 of the National Defense Act of 1916 (39 Stat. 203; 32 U. S. C. 171-176) as amended (sec. 207 (f), 61 Stat. 503) functions as a separate Bureau of the Department of the Army and administers the approved Department of the Army policies other than those relative to training, all in accordance with law, for the Army National Guard not in the Federal service and in addition is charged with the performance of similar functions and duties for the Department of the Air Force as relates to the Air National Guard. For the President and the Secretaries of the Army and Air Force, it allots units, authorizes their organization, apportions funds, supervises the examination of officers, tenders and terminates federal recognition of individual officers and units. It supervises federal supply and financial support of the National Guard through United States Property and Disbursing Officers who are recommended by the Governors of the several States and selected in accordance with the provisions of section 67, National Defense Act, as amended (39 Stat. 199, 32 U. S. C. 49). Except for these quasi-agents, the National Guard Bureau has no field offices, and conducts its entire business in the Department of Defense, at Washington,

(2) Enlistment and appointment, Enlistment and appointment are functions of the several states and their accomplishment is supervised by the respective State Adjutants General. Supply of the National Guard is effected through the agency of the National Guard Bureau in conjunction with the normal Department of the Army and Air Force services in accordance with annual funds estimated by the National Guard Bureau, appropriated by the Con-

gress and apportioned by the Bureau. The National Guard Bureau exercises supervision only so far as the federal interests in the National Guard are concerned to insure that the National Guard of the several States is maintained efficiently in accordance with federal law and approved regulations.

(3) Regulations. The National Guard Bureau issues no regulations applicable to the general public, but only such regulations as are required to insure that the National Guard of the several States

meet federal requirements.

(4) Functions exercised by the Chief, National Guard Bureau, by order of the Secretaries of the Army and Air Force acting in behalf of the President (See Ops. JAG, 1912, P. 70). (i) Furnishing new equipment and arms to the States without charge under section 84, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 204, 32 U. S. C. 35).

(ii) Establishing organization strength limitations on the National Guard under section 62, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 198; 32 U. S. C. 121).

(iii) Assigning ancient corps units of the National Guard for training under section 6, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 198; 32 U. S. C. 192–193).

(iv) Authorizing attendance of National Guard personnel at military service schools under section 99, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 207, as amended; 32 U. S. C. 65).

(v) Assignment of National Guard units to divisions under section 64, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 200; 32 U. S. C. 16).

(vi) Selecting officers of the National Guard for active duty with the Departments of the Army and Air Forces under section 5, National Defense Act, as amended (39 Stat. 167, 190; 10 U. S. C. 38, 32 U. S. C. 81c, 175) and with the National Guard Bureau under section 81 National Defense Act (32 U. S. C. 175).

(5) Functions exercised by the Chief, National Guard Bureau, acting for the Secretary of the Army in accordance with general instructions from the latter.
(1) Apportionment of National Guard appropriations among the several States under section 67, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 199, as amended; 32 U. S. C. 22).

(ii) Procurement of arms, ammunition, equipment, clothing, publications, etc., for the National Guard under section 83, National Defense Act (39 Stat.

203; 32 U.S. C. 33).

(iii) Extending federal recognition to officers of the National Guard under the provisions of section 75, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 202, as amended; 32 U. S. C. 113).

(iv) Withdrawing federal recognition from officers of the National Guard under section 76, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 202, as amended; 32 U. S. C. 115).

(d) Office of the Judge Advocate General, Special Staff—(1) Mission, To administer a system of military justice throughout the Army and to furnish general legal service.

(2) Law officer and legal adviser. The Judge Advocate General is the chief law officer of the Army and the chief legal adviser to the Secretary of the Army and all Army agencies. His office is organized and operated to perform legal duties required by law as well as to render the legal services necessary to the operation

of the Army Establishment.

(3) Origin and development. The Office of the Judge Advocate General had its origin in the Revolutionary War when on July 29, 1775, the Continental Congress established the office of "Judge Advocate of the Army," to which was "elected" the first Judge Advocate. In 1776. Congress created the title of Judge Advocate General and established the rank of lieutenant colonel for this position. With the act of July 5, 1884, the Judge Advocate General's Department by that title came into existence. It was renamed effective February 1, 1949, the Judge Advocate General's Corps, by act of Congress June 24, 1948.

(4) Legal basis. The statutory au-

(4) Legal basis. The statutory authority for the Office of the Judge Advocate General is found in section 8, National Defense Act (39 Stat. 169), as amended by section 246, Title II, Selective Service Act of 1948 (Public Law 759,

80th Congress).

(5) Major functions—(1) Claims. Processes claims filed against the Army by approving or disapproving payment under existing statutes or by sponsoring private relief legislation in cases not covered by law; supervises the activities of field claims officers; and coordinates litigation matters with the Department of Justice.

(ii) Contracts and real property. Prepares opinions with regard to questions of contract law, taxation, bonds, and matters pertaining to real property and represents the Army in contractors' ap-

peals.

(iii) International law. Prepares opinions relative to questions pertaining to international law affecting the Army.

(iv) Legal assistance. Supervises and directs the legal assistance plan through-

out the Army.

- (v) Military justice. Examines for legal sufficiency, records of trial by general court-martial and special court-martial records of bad-conduct discharges and confirms sentences as prescribed in Articles of War 48, 49 and 50; renders legal opinions on the administration of military justice; reviews and acts on petitions for new trials under the provisions of Article of War 53; formulates clemency recommendations for general prisoners for presentation to the Clemency and Parole Board; and assists U. S. Attorneys in defense of habeas corpus petitions brought by military prisoners.
- (vi) Patents. Controls and coordinates patent, copyright, and trade-mark activities of the Army; processes claims and litigation matters arising out of these activities; and coordinates the patent and copyright aspects of procurement.
- (vii) Preparation and interpretation of statutes. Prepares opinions on questions of law pertaining to military personnel of the Army and civilian employees of the Department of the Army and pertaining to statutes relating to the operation and functions of the Army or its personnel, and prepares or examines legislation for legal sufficiency.

(viii) Procurement. Formulates legal policies and procedures and renders opinions concerning Army procurement and prepares legal phases of industrial mobilization plans and procurement legislation.

(6) Organization—(i) Judicial Council. (a) Takes confirming action on records of trial by court-martial required by Articles of War 48 (c) and 50 (e).

(b) Conducts appellate review of records of trial by court-martial requiring confirmation or approval of the President.

(c) Acts in advisory capacity to the Judge Advocate General with respect to his power to mitigate, remit, or suspend sentences pursuant to Article of War 51.

(ii) Administrative Office. (a) Reviews and analyzes Judge Advocate General management problems, policies, and procedures, including the preparation and maintenance of workload statistics and budget estimates, the operation of a civilian personnel program, and the provision of office services.

(b) Maintains a legislative reference library of Congressional documents including committee reports and hearings.

(c) Edits and prepares for publication the Bulletin of the Judge Advocate General, the Military Laws, the Digest of Opinions of the Judge Advocate General, and the Index to Boards of Review opinions and holdings, and maintains index to opinions and decisions for research purposes.

(d) Provides military personnel administration and training for the Judge

Advocate General's Corps.

(e) Piles, indexes, and maintains all general records and records of trial by general and special courts-martial, courts of inquiry, and military commissions.

(iii) Procurement Division. (a) Formulates and reviews legal policies and procedures on procurement throughout the Army; labor relations, labor supply, labor standards, conditions of employment, wages, hours of work, reimbursement of contractors for labor costs incurred, and related fields; and redistribution and disposal of surplus military and industrial property including real property, salvage, and scrap.

(b) Prepares opinions and renders advice on authority to contract; availability of funds; advertising; debarment of bidders; Buy American Act exemptions; emergency purchases and related matters; claims by contractors for additional compensation under contract; activities of the Army in connection with requisitioned property, including review of awards of fair and just compensation; and legal sufficiency of proposed leases of industrial plants and facilities.

- (c) Develops contractual instruments
- (d) Assists in expediting the resolution of labor difficulties.
- (e Prepares and revises contract price revision articles and escalator clauses for use throughout the Army and maintains liaison with other Governmental agencies in the formulation of general policies governing the use of these articles and clauses.

(f) Provides legal services to the War Contract Hardship Claims Board and the Renegotiation Relief Advisory Committee, and legal assistance to the Munitions Board and Army agencies in the preparation of procurement plans for use in the event of an emergency.

(g) Prepares legal phases of industrial mobilization plans, including methods of contracting, contractual procedures, and

contractual forms.

(h) Prepares and coordinates drafts of legislation on current procurement problems; coordinates legislation relating to procurement proposed for submission to Congress in the event of an emergency; and prepares Executive Orders and Army Regulations and orders relating to procurement for promulgation in the event of an emergency.

(1) Evaluates cases of fraud arising from current or terminated contracts and forwards them to the Department of Justice or the Inspector General, and takes action on inquiries of the Department of Justice concerning contract fraud matters reported to that Department from sources outside the Army.

(j) Furnishes legal counsel to Army agencies relative to the procurement or disposal of Army supplies and equipment under Economic Recovery and Military Aid programs for transfer to foreign countries, including the Occupied

Areas.

(iv) Boards of Review. Performs the statutory duty of automatic appellate review of records of trial by court-martial provided by Article of War 50.

(v) Military Justice Division. (a) Examines as to legal sufficiency records of trial by general court-martial not examined by the Boards of Review and initiates corrective action.

(b) Reviews all general court-martial orders and all special court-martial orders involving bad conduct discharges and initiates corrective action.

(c) Drafts Army general court-martial orders in cases requiring confirmation.

(d) Prepares reviewing advisory opinions requested by authorities under provisions of paragraphs 87b, Manual for Courts-Martial.

(e) Furnishes information and legal opinions on the administration of mili-

tary justice.

(f) Assists the Department of Justice in the preparation of defense briefs, participates in arguments before the courts in habeas corpus proceedings, and assists in criminal proceedings involving military personnel.

(g) Acts as attorney for the United States Soldier's Home on legal matters.

(h) Examines records of trial by general court-martial and 201 files of all general prisoners confined in the United States with unexpired sentences and prepares reports and recommendations outlining the offenses and matters in litigation for submission to one of the Clemency and Parole Boards in the Office of the Secretary of the Army.

(i) Answers written and oral inquiries from Members of Congress, attorneys, military prisoners, other individuals, and agencies, and the Army on all types of

courts-martial.

(j) Conducts personal interviews with persons having complaints or inquiries

relating to general courts-martial and other forms of disciplinary action.

(k) Trains judge advocates in the principles of military justice.

(vi) Military Affairs Division. Prepares opinions on questions of law pertaining to the procurement, appointment, enlistment, pay and allowances, status, promotion, reduction, separation, discharge, retirement, discipline, and administration of military and certain civilian personnel.

(b) Prepares opinions on general questions of law involving the Army not specifically allocated to other divisions of the Judge Advocate General's Office, including questions relating to the organization and the reorganization of the Department of the Army; the interpretation and application of the National Defense Act, the National Security Act of 1947, the Atomic Energy Act of 1947, and the Selective Service Act of 1948; the National Guard of the United States and the Organized Reserve Corps; martial law, military aid to the civil power, and loyalty program; and appropriated and nonappropriated funds.

(c) Prepares or examines for legal sufficiency drafts of bills to be submitted to the Congress and Executive Orders for the signature of the President and examines for legal sufficiency proposed Army Regulations and other proposed Army publications and letters of transmittal forwarding drafts of bills to the Bureau of the Budget and the Congress.

(d) Supervises and directs the legal assistance plan throughout the Army.

(e) Prepares opinions which relate to the personal affairs of military person-

(f) Prepares opinions on questions of international law, including those involving the laws of war, the rules of warfare, prisoners of war, enemy aliens, relations with foreign governments, and military government.

(g) Prepares or advises and assists in the preparation and negotiation of conventions and executive agreements affecting the Army.

(vii) Special Projects Division. (a) Prepares extension courses of the Judge

Advocate General's Corps. (b) Prepares special texts, pamphlets, and other publications relating to the administration of military justice.

(c) Executes special projects assigned by the Assistant Judge Advocate General

for Military Justice. (viii) War Crimes Division. (a) Con-

ducts legal research and renders opinions and advice on the United States war crimes program.

(b) Coordinates the work of oversea war crimes agencies.

(c) Processes appeals of convicted war criminals forwarded to agencies of the Government and the Federal courts.

(d) Furnishes documents and conducts research for the Attorney General and the Solicitor General in war crimes litigation before the Federal courts.

(e) Makes recommendations to the Department of State on war crimes matters affecting policy decisions.

(f) Procures, processes, and ships evidence and witnesses requested by oversea commands for use in war crimes

(g) Prepares the manuscript and supervises the publication and distribution of war crimes trial proceedings.

(h) Answers inquiries from Members of Congress, attorneys, and others in connection with war crimes matters.

(i) Indexes and files records of the trials of war criminals as final repository for the Army on war crimes material:

(f) Furnishes law schools, legal periodicals, authors, and the general public information on the war crimes program.

(ix) New Trial Division. (a) Processes petitions for new trial and for other relief made under the provisions of Article of War 53 and conducts correspondence on new trials and related

(b) Makes or causes to be made additional investigations to obtain additional evidence for petitions and prepares briefs and legal opinions and makes recommendations to the Judge Advocate General on action to be taken on the petitions.

(c) Makes arrangements for the appearance for oral argument by an accused or his representative before the Judge Advocate General and hears arguments when so instructed.

(d) Exercises staff supervision over arrangements for the trial of cases in which a new trial has been granted un-

der Article of War 53.

(x) Claims and Litigation Division, (a) Supervises and takes final action in processing claims against the Army arising under the Federal Tort Claims Act, the Foreign Claims Act, the Military Personnel Claims Act, and the Act of 3 July 1943 including the preparation of opinions and certifications to support administrative approval and the processing of appeals as follows:

(1) Claims for damage to or loss of property or on account of personal injury or death caused by the negligent or wrongful act or omission of Army military or civilian personnel while acting within the scope of their employment.

(2) Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or for personal injury or death caused by the Army in foreign countries.

(3) Claims of Army military or civilian personnel for property damaged, lost, destroyed, captured, or abandoned in the service.

(4) Claims for damage to or loss or destruction of property or for personal injury or death caused by Army military or civilian personnel or otherwise incident to noncombat activities except those cognizable under subdivision (1)

(5) Claims in favor of the United States for damage to or loss or destruction of Government property.

(b) Supervises Foreign Claims Com-

(c) Prepares reports to Congress on private relief bills and veto messages for the President on bills relating to claims against the Army.

(d) Processes and handles all litigation (except litigation involving taxes, patents, and frauds by war contractors) of interest to the Army and, in collaboration with the Department of Justice, develops the law and facts pertinent to cases in preparation for trial or other disposition; initiates suits in favor of the government; and prepares and tries cases involving the Government before the Interstate Commerce Commission and other Federal and State administrative tribunals.

(e) Maintains and compiles research material, digests, illustrative opinions, manuals, and statistics on claims activi-

ties of the Army.

(xi) Patents Division. (a) Prepares or reports on proposed patent, copyright, and trade-mark legislation sponsored by the Army for submission to the Con-

(b) Submits for recording in the Patent Office Register of Government Interests in Patents, all assignments and licenses received by the Army and acts as permanent repository of the original instruments.

(c) Exercises supervision over the collection and evaluation of information and preparation of technical reports requested by the Attorney General or by Federal Courts for use in the defense of patent infringement suits against the Government or against Army contractors or subcontractors.

(d) Conducts patentability searches and renders reports on inventive disclosures and prepares and prosecutes applications for patents and trade-marks in the Patent Office for Army agencies except those with patent subdivisions and performs similar functions with respect to copyrights.

(e) Prosecutes in collaboration with the Department of Justice interferences before Patent Office tribunals and Federal Courts in patent design and trade-

mark matters. (f) Reviews Procurement Regulations to insure incorporation of patent and copyright clauses and coordinates revisions of these clauses with other Army agencies and with the Navy and Air Force and makes recommendations on requests for deviations from the patents and copyright clauses in Procurement Regulations; and reviews contract for licenses under patents.

(g) Makes recommendations on matters arising from the operation of the Royalty Adjustment Act of 1942 and coordinates where necessary with the Navy and Justice Departments and the Alien

Property Custodian.

(h) Coordinates Department of the Army activities relating to Executive Order 9865 of June 14, 1947, and transmits descriptions of inventions to the Office of Technical Services, Department of Commerce, for filing of foreign patent applications.

(i) Checks reports of royalties paid on Army procurement against records of Government interests in the Patent Of-

(f) Coordinates Department of the Army activities in connection with claims arising from the Patent Interchange Agreement with the United Kingdom.

(k) Coordinates the handling and reviews patent infringement claims pursuant to the provisions of sections 8-300 to 8-306, Joint Procurement Regulations.

(I) Performs the duties of secretary for the Army Services Patents Advisory

Board and maintains the records of that Board.

(xii) Lands Division. (a) Prepares legal opinions and drafts and reviews documents and proposed legislation relative to the following: the acquisition, possession, title, and disposition of real property, including encumbrances, limitations, easements, and interdepart-mental transfers and permits; the acquisition and cession of political jurisdiction as well as the existence and application of Federal and State laws on lands under the control of the Secretary of the Army; the custody, management, control, development, and the granting of licenses and leases of real property; and the use, improvement, removal of obstructions, and the placing of structures in and over navigable waters.

(b) Receives, classifies, indexes, files, preserves, and furnishes to authorized persons the following: title records, abstracts of title, condemnation proceedings, transfers, executive orders, maps and surveys, leases, licenses and permits, and records concerning political jurisdiction over real property under the control and administration of the Secre-

tary of the Army.

(c) Prepares text for the Army publi-

cation "Military Reservations."

(xiii) Contracts Division .- (a) Prepares legal opinions on general questions of contract law; the nature and extent of authority to contract; the construction and operation of contract provisions of workmen's compensation, unemployment liability, and other forms of insurance; the construction of legislation, including appropriation acts; the disposition of personal property; the acceptance of donations; and the use of nonappropriated funds.

(b) Represents the interests of the United States on contract appeals before the Army Board of Contract Appeals and before the Appeals Board Office of

Contract Settlement.

(c) Prepares legal opinions relating to the application of Federal, state, and local taxes to the Army, its agencies, personnel, activities, and contractors; maintains relations with taxing authorities and conducts negotiations; and takes action for the Judge Advocate General in tax litigation and controversies affecting the Army.

(d) Prepares legal opinions upon bond matters; maintains for the Army current files of powers of attorney denoting the authority of representatives of authorized surety companies; and examines and approves as to legal sufficiency official bonds, contract bonds, permit bonds, other surety bonds, and consents of surety required by statute of regulations.

(e) Office of The Adjutant General-(1) Mission. To provide general administrative services for the Department of the Army in connection with the administration of military personnel, records, correspondence, recruiting, decorations and awards, postal, publications, personnel research, correctional custodial procedures, and other Army services.

(2) Origin. A resolution of the Continental Congress, adopted June 16, 1775, directed that there be an Adjutant General of the Army with the rank of Brigadier General.

(3) History. (i) There was no Office of the Adjutant General from the disbanding of the Army in 1783 until the act of March 3, 1791, though the work of Adjutant continued. By the act of March 5, 1792, the newly established Adjutant General also served as an Inspector of the Army. This dual function continued until the reorganization of the Army in 1821 when the two offices were abolished. The work of the Adjutant General's Department was carried on by one office. No change in the legal status of the department appears until 1838 when the President was empowered to appoint assistant adjutants general not to exceed six in number. Among important duties assigned the Adjutant General was responsibility for Regular Army recruiting first given in 1857. Except for 2 years, 1864-66 when the Provost Marshal had this assignment, this has continued as an important function of The Adjutant General's Office.

(ii) In 1904 the Office of the Adjutant General became the Office of the Military Secretary, combining the Record and Pension Office and the Adjutant General's Department. Functions were reduced to records and correspondence.

(iii) On March 2, 1907, the old name, The Adjutant General's Department, was revived. By this act alone, the senior officer was designated The Adjutant General. Other officers were to be known as Adjutants General. The Military Secretary's Office at the same time was designated as The Adjutant General's Office. The definite article "the" officially preceded the Department (TAGD) and before the Office (TAGO) for the first time on March 2, 1907.

(iv) On March 4, 1915, The Adjutant General was vested with the government and control of the United States Disciplinary Barracks and of all offenders sent thereto for confinement and detention therein. The Adjutant General of the Army, under the directions of the Secretary, provides supervision in formulating methods and procedures of military training, education, industrial, and vocational training programs in the United States Disciplinary Barracks and Branch United States Disciplinary Bar-

racks.

(4) Legal basis. The functions of The Adjutant General are established in law by section 6, National Defense Act of 1916, as amended, which provides for an Adjutant General with the rank of Major General. This act enlarged the responsibilities of The Adjutant General to include operating functions of procurement, assignment, promotion, transfer, retirement, and discharge of all officers and enlisted personnel of the Army.

(5) Major functions-(1) Services. (a) Acts as the principal servicing agency for the Army for all administrative operations including the publication service, reproduction service, Army-Air Force Postal Service with its Security Courier Service, all general correspondence, internal communications service. organizational and strength accounting, design and construction of Army exhibits, publications and authentication of Department of the Army publications, and the servicing, preservation, and disposition of all current and noncurrent organizational and military personnel records.

(b) Maintains and publishes data on the designation, constitution, activation. location, status, and assignment of units

of the Army.

(c) Computes, compiles, and assembles budget data for The Adjutant General's Office and AG class II installations and activities; control allotment of funds for ORC, ROTC, and civilian school tuition for Army personnel; and processes requests for supplies and equipment for Organized Reserve Corps activities and ROTC units.

(d) Reviews and regrades the security classification department of the Army

documents.

(e) Formulates policies and standards for control of forms initiated by the Department of the Army.

(f) Maintains directory service of boards, committees, and commissions on which the Department of the Army has representation.

(g) Receives and distributes civilian affairs military government reports.

(h) Conducts extensive psychological research projects in connection with the establishment of procedures covering classification, interviewing, counseling, aptitudes, ability, proficiency, and interest testing, job analysis, efficiency reporting, construction of job progression ladders and tests used in the career guidance program, manpower requirements by grade, MOS, and arm and service, and miscellaneous statistical studies.

(ii) Procedures. (a) Formulates and executes the administrative procedures and conducts the administrative operations for matters relating to the personnel of the Army as individuals, including officer procurement, recruitment of enlisted men, appointment, assignment, promotion, transfer, retirement, separation, casualties, decorations, welfare, emoluments and disciplinary custody of military personnel.

(b) Maintains the Adjutant General's Board to study and evaluate all matters of special interest to The Adjutant Gen-

eral's Office.

(iii) Military personnel. (a) Train troops and organizes units of the Adju-

tant General's Department.

(b) Exercises staff supervision over the Adjutant General's School where officers and enlisted personnel of all arms and services and military personnel from foreign nations receive courses of instruction in Army administration, personnel management, strength accounting, and correctional custodial methods.

(iv) Civilian personnel. Administers civilian personnel program for The Adjutant General's Office as well as certain administrative matters pertaining to the civilian personnel program of the Adjutant General's Department, and the offices of the Chief of Chaplains, the Chief of Special Services, the Provost Marshal General, and the Judge Advocate General.

(6) Organization—(1) Management Staff Division. (a) Prepares and coordinates mobilization and troop program planning for the Adjutant General's Department.

(b) Determines qualifications for Adjutant General's Department and Staff and Administrative Reserve Officers and selects key Organized Reserve Corps personnel for AG non-T/O & E units.

(c) Prepares and coordinates requirements for Adjutant General Department training and exercises staff supervision over the Adjutant General's School.

(d) Recommends to The Adjutant General the operation and organization of Adjutant General's Department T/O units and departmental functions outside The Adjutant General's Office.

(e) Acts as coordinating agency for certain class II installations and activities under jurisdiction of The Adjutant

General.

(f) Acts as liaison agency between The Adjutant General and adjutants

general in the field.

(g) Conducts special studies and projects covering territorial command tests, organizational research of Adjutant General's Department units, and other allied programs.

(h) Analyzes the operation of policies and procedures in The Adjutant General's Office and The Adjutant General's Department, conducts investigations and surveys to improve efficiency of procedures and effectiveness of policies, and studies Army-wide procedures on personnel administration, and forms.

(i) Coordinates activities within The Adjutant General's Office and between The Adjutant General's Office and other

(j) Formulates policies and standards and establishes specifications for control of forms initiated by the Department of the Army; studies and reviews design and utilization of printed or duplicated forms; and provides forms standardization advice to other Department of the Army agencies.

(k) Formulates policies concerning standards of record keeping and records disposition for the Army; exercises staff supervision over archival aspects of the Army records administration program; and controls microfilming projects for the Army which involve preservation or

destruction of records.

(1) Analyzes the utilization of personnel in The Adjutant General's Office; prepares and recommends allotment of personnel to the various organizational subdivisions; prepares estimates of future budget and personnel requirements; and coordinates preparation of budgets for which The Adjutant General is responsible.

(m) Administers a work measurement system and prepares reports on production, backlog, and mission accomplishment of the operations of The Ad-

jutant General's Office.

(n) Controls The Adjutant General's Office organization structure, distribution of functions, and internal operations.

(a) Disseminates information concerning The Adjutant General's Office and Department activities.

(p) Accounts for funds made available to The Adjutant General, and acts as fiscal agent for the General and Special Staffs.

(q) Conducts studies and surveys of The Adjutant General's Office operations to determine budgetary requirements.

(r) Administers a report control system for The Adjutant General's Office.

(s) Exercises staff supervision over the Staff Administrative Office, which provides civilian personnel administration and other administrative services for the Office, Chief of Staff and the General and Special Staffs.

(t) Promotes employee suggestions, saving bonds, and other monetary drives in The Adjutant General's Office.

(u) Maintains reference library and files on precedents, historical data, policy and legislation, and furnishes information, special studies, and reports thereon, by correspondence or telephone.

(v) Maintains locator files and provides corrected addresses for improp-

erly addressed mail.

(w) Designs and constructs Army exhibits.

(ii) Personnel Bureau. (a) Administers the assignment, transfer, detail, temporary duty, and leaves of absence (including delays en route) for officers and warrant officers, and processes directives relative to assignment, detail, transfer, and temporary duty of enlisted personnel.

(b) Coordinates the procurement, selection, and shipment of replacement, readjustment, and rotation of all military personnel for oversea assignment and authorizes delay en route.

(c) Directs the return of military personnel to the United States for emer-

gency reasons.

(d) Classifies and maintains records of military personnel with special qualifications.

(e) Administers the authorization of certain Department of the Army military and civilian personnel and administers military personnel assigned to Department of the Army agencies and other Federal organizations outside the Department of the Army which have been placed in an administrative category known as the Department of the Army Administrative Area.

(f) Formulates standards, develops procedures, and conducts correspondence for the control, discipline, classification, vocational and educational training, industry, place of confinement, and recreation of general prisoners of the Army

and the Air Force.

(g) Makes final determination regarding restoration to duty of former enlisted men in accordance with policies established by the Secretary of the Army, and, in the case of general prisoners who are former officers, makes recommendation to the Secretary of the Army for restoration by enlistment.

(h) Exercises staff supervision over disciplinary barracks.

(i) Maintains statistical data and individual records of general prisoners.

(j) Administers activities on the award, design, and procurement, and regulates reproduction, manufacture, and sale by private persons of decorations and service medals.

- (k) Edits unit and individual citations.
- (I) Administers matters pertaining to: (1) Relief from active duty and sepa-

ration of military personnel . (2) Officer applications for review of nature of separation; reclassification of officers in active service; and removal of officers of the Regular Army from the active list.

(3) Hospitalization, commitments of insane, disposition boards, and line of duty boards.

(4) Annual physical examinations for all officers in active service.

(5) Army retiring boards, retirement,

and retirement benefits. (6) Promotion and demotion of mili-

tary personnel in active service.

(7) Military personnel AWOL and in desertion.

(8) Military personnel wanted by civil authorities or as witnesses in civil court

(9) Clemency for garrison prisoners. (10) Determination of identity of

military personnel.

(11) Compilation and dissemination of information on benefits allowed military personnel and the development of training aids to supplement personal affairs training activities.

(12) Casualties.

(m) Prepares official Army Register and determines relative rank (except initial appointments) for officers on active duty.

(n) Maintains 201 files, efficiency reports, serial number records and correspondence files, makes reports therefrom, and processes records prior to

(o) Maintains 201 files and efficiency reports for officers of the Coast and Geodetic Survey and the Public Health Service assigned to duty with the Army and operates Unit Personnel Group for independent offices in Washington.

(p) Administers activities on mustering-out cases and lump sum payments to officers upon relief from active duty and furnishes information connected with lump sum payments to officers for terminal leave in those cases where the officer desires to accept Government employ-

(q) Prepares - biographical sketches, military histories, statements of service

and officers' efficiency ratings.

(r) Directs the formulation of procedures and standards relating to classification as pertaining to the assignment of personnel of the Army and devises a comprehensive system of codified job specifications.

(s) Supervises the activation and training of oversea replacement depots

and battalions.

(t) Conducts research and develops psychological testing procedures and devices utilized by the Army.

(u) Develops and maintains personnel requirement and replacement rate tables which are utilized in determining the composition, by qualification and by arm or service, of oversea replacement shipments and as a guide to establishing training categories, quotas, and schedules.

(v) Develops classification and voca-

tional guidance procedures.

(w) Develops and formulates policies for a program of military and civilian manpower utilization as a basis for determination of specialist training standards, development of trade aptitude and achievement tests, and other personnel procedures.

(x) Prepares the Ten-Year Statement of service and keeps Current Career Summary Reports for all Regular Army commissioned personnel; reviews and evaluates all requests for amendments to Statements of Service and Career Summary Reports; and makes amendments within prescribed policy and precedent.

(y) Issues appointments of officers in the Organized Reserved Corps and the National Guard of the United States and administers activities of Reserve commissioned officers when not on extended active duty.

(z) Administers activities of Enlisted Reserve when not on extended active duty.

(aa) Maintains status cards on Reserve officers.

(iii) Military Personnel Procurement Service Division. (a) Formulates plans and develops procedures for the procurement of enlisted personnel for the United States Army and in coordination with the Air Force, formulates plans and develops procedures for the procurement of enlisted personnel for the Air Force,

(b) Administers activities pertaining to the procurement of officers, to include WAC's, nurses, dieticians, physical therapists, occupational therapists, and warrant officers for the United States Army and warrant officers in the Army

of the United States.

(c) Administers activities and policies relative to the appointment, examination, and qualification of candidates for the United States Military Academy, their admission as cadets, and their personal affairs while in the Academy.

(d) Prepares regulations on physical and mental standards for enlistment in the Army and the Air Force and supervises the implementation of such direc-

tives.

(e) Develops fiscal and budget policies and procedures for recruiting programs.

(f) Initiates policies, procedures, and regulations for training of recruiting personnel in salesmanship and use of sales aids and for the improvement of sales productivity and establishes criteria for the assignment and reassignment of recruiting personnel with the Recruiting Service.

(g) Establishes criteria for the allotment, distribution, accountability, and auditing of supplies, and for equipment and services for recruiting activities.

(h) Establishes policy and procedures relative to the use of public information media such as press, radio, and advertising on recruiting; distributes material for the use of such media; and coordinates all publicity relative to the joint Army-Air Force recruiting program.

(i) Produces publicity copy and performs studies to encourage enlistments and reenlistments in the Army and for the procurement of officers and warrant officers of the Army.

(iv) Administrative Service Division.
(a) Organizes, operates, and supervises postal services for the Army and the Air Porce in oversea commands.

(b) Assists the civil postal establishment in providing postal services to Army and Air Force organizations in the

zone of interior.

(c) Organizes and operates postal service for civilians in occupied enemy territory.

(d) Maintains liaison with the Post Office Department for the Department of

the Army.

(e) Provides technical advice and consultation on printing techniques, methods, relative costs, and pertinent laws and regulations to the Office of the Secretary of Defense, Department of the Army, and boards and committees of the National Military Establishment.

(f) Prepares budget estimates and administers budgetary and fiscal matters pertaining to printing and binding for

the Department of the Army.

(g) Makes final review for the Department of the Army of all proposed manuscript and art work to assure essentiality and compliance with policy and to improve quality, arrangement, and writing of tests; prepares original art work as required by the Secretary of the Army, Chief of Staff, and General and Special Staff; edits, prepares for printing, procures, distributes, and stores Department of the Army publications and blank forms.

(h) Screens all Department of the Army directives for material coming within the purview of the Federal Register Act of 1935 and codifies such material together with that from Office, Secretary of Defense for publication in the Federal Register.

 (i) Exercises staff supervision over adjutant general publications depots, Army field printing plants, contract field print-

ing, and translation activities.

(j) Furnishes a complete reproduction service for Office, Secretary of Defense, Department of the Army, and boards and committees of the National Military Establishment.

(k) Serves as Secretary to the Army Publications Board.

 Maintains liaison with the Joint Congressional Committee on Printing and the Public Printer for the Department of the Army.

(m) Administers civilian personnel program for The Adjutant General's Office and other administrative services of Department of the Army and exercises staff supervision over civilian personnel administration in certain class II installations of The Adjutant General's Office.

(n) Receives and administers noncurrent records of the Army and the Air Force (except special types of records allocated to other depositories).

(o) Provides custody and processes centralized historical data for Army units and installations, maintains historical data on organizational units of the Army; and processes changes in status and designation of these units. (p) Reviews class A microfilming projects for the Army and performs microfilming operations for The Adjutant General's Office and other headquarters offices.

(q) Maintains staff supervision over the records administrative centers at St. Louis and Kapsas City, Missouri

Louis and Kansas City, Missouri.

(r) Provides general office and utility services required by activities of The Adjutant General's Office and certain other elements of the Department of the Army and, under special conditions, by certain other Governmental agencies within the Washington area and by some nongovernmental agencies operating in Department of the Army-occupied buildings.

(s) Processes, controls, distributes, and maintains files of incoming and outgoing mail and electrically transmitted

messages.

(t) Procures, issues, and controls stock of office supplies and equipment.

(u) Administers passports and travel of dependents of Army personnel and Department of the Army civilian employees.

(v) Computes, compiles, and assembles budget data and controls allotment of funds for Organized Reserve Corps, Reserve Officers' Training Corps, civilian schooling for Army personnel, and the Dependents School Program and allots and adjusts quotas for Office, Chief of Staff.

(w) Prepares Army strength returns and listings of specified individuals and groups and maintains and supervises maintenance of records in field installations relating to the status of individuals and organization.

(x) Provides statistical data on Army Personnel.

(y) Operates the unit and station equipment status reporting system.

(z) Maintains locater directory service of boards, committees, and commissions for Department of the Army.

(aa) Receives and controls the distribution of Civil Affairs Military Government reports.

(bb) Reviews and regrades all documents involving security classification for the Department of the Army.

(cc) Conducts correspondence on subjects other than those relating to military individuals.

(f) Office of the Chief, Chemical Corps—(1) Mission. To study and investigate toxicological warfare, including chemical and biological warfare and radiological defense; to provide technical supervision of the training of the Army in these fields; and to develop, manufacture, procure, and supply material and equipment pertaining to these types of warfare except as specifically assigned to other agencies.

(2) History. (1) During the early part of World War I, gas warfare activities in the United States Army were dispersed among five agencies—the Medical Department, the Ordnance Department, the Signal Corps and the Corps of Engineers of the Army, and the Bureau of Mines. On September 3, 1917 a Gas Service was established in the A. E. F. in France, and 1 November there was established in the War Department the Chemical Service Section, National Army.

(ii) All chemical warfare activities in the zone of interior were consolidated on June 28, 1918 when the Chemical Warfare Service, National Army, was established. By the terms of the National Defense Act of June 4, 1920, the Chemical Warfare Service became a permanent branch of the Military Establishment.

(iii) The designation of the Chemical Warfare Service was changed to "Chemical Corps" by Public Law 607—79th

Congress, August 2, 1946.

(3) Scope of activity. (1) The original mission of the Chemical Corps, as set forth in the National Defense Act, AR 50-5, and WD General Orders 54, 1920, has been augmented from time to time by the assignment of additional responsibilities. Its present functions connected with chemical and biological warfare and radiological defense are far removed from those of the Gas Service established in World War I.

(ii) The agents developed by the Chemical Corps are substances which, when dispersed, are capable of producing a toxic effect, a screening smoke, or an incendiary action. The weapons and equipment for which the Chemical Corps is responsible include chemical, smoke, and incendiary munitions and equipment, and protective materials and equipment. Chemical Corps items are used by the Navy and Air Force, as well

as by the Army.

(4) Dual role of Chief, Chemical Corps—(1) Staff adviser. The Chief, Chemical Corps, serves as technical staff adviser to the Secretary of the Army, the Chief of Staff, and all elements of the Army on matters pertaining to chemical and biological warfare and radiological

defense.

(ii) Command. For the execution of the Chemical Corps mission, the Chief, Chemical Corps, commands all troops, activities, and installations assigned to his control.

(5) Legal basis. Statutory authority for the Chemical Corps is contained in section 12a, National Defense Act, as

amended.

(6) Major functions—(1) Research and development. Plans and directs the investigation, research, design, development, and determination of military characteristics of Chemical Corps items, supplies, and equipment in coordination with the using service.

(ii) Procurement and supply. Plans and directs the procurement, manufacture, inspection, maintenance, storage, and issue of Chemical Corps matériel, and the purchase and inspection of other matériel, assigned to the Chemical Corps

for procurement.

(iii) Planning and requirements, Determines requirements for Chemical Corps items, except for those items peculiar to the Air Force or the Navy and prepares Chemical Corps operational and mobilization plans and plans for industrial mobilization.

(iv) Training. Plans and directs the training of troops and individuals assigned to the control of the Chemical Corps and in coordination with other agencies, prepares training plans, programs, standards and tests for units and MOS's; prepares training doctrine in Chemical Corps functions in the form

of field manuals and other publications; and exercises technical staff supervision over chemical training throughout the Army

(v) Intelligence. Plans and directs scientific and technical intelligence activities related to the chemical, biological, and radiological missions of the Chemical Corps, in accordance with Army intelligence policy, and furnishes scientific and technical intelligence to the Army and other agencies.

(vi) Field activities. Supervises the operation of procurement and procurement planning offices; Chemical Corps manufacturing arsenals, plants, depots, laboratories, and proving grounds; special service schools; and experimental laboratories, including medical and toxicological research laboratories.

(7) Organization—(i) Legal adviser. Advises the Chief, Chemical Corps, and all elements of the Corps on legal matters, including the legal aspects of procurement, purchasing policy, property disposal, contracts, termination, renegotiation, and legislative, patent, and related matters; supervises Chemical Corps termination and renegotiation matters; and prepares and prosecutes patent applications.

(ii) Assistant for management. (a) Advises Chief, Chemical Corps, on plans and policies and provides management consulting service to all elements of the

Chemical Corps.

(b) Analyze and evaluates the efficiency of operations, the extent to which the plans and policies of the Chief, Chemical Corps, are carried out, the utilization of personnel, and the progress made in the accomplishment of the Chemical Corps mission.

(c) Reviews Chemical Corps budgets to insure compliance with plans and objectives of the Chief, Chemical Corps.

(d) Prepares recommendations on matters of policy, organizational structure, allocation of functions, personnel requirements, and methods and procedures to increase effectiveness and progress.

(iii) Budget and Fiscal Office. (a) Advises the Chief, Chemical Corps, on budgetary and fiscal matters and is responsible for staff supervision and execution of policies and functions defined in AR 35-850.

(b) Exercises staff supervision over fiscal, cost and property accounting activities at field installations under the jurisdiction of the Chief, Chemical Corps.

(c) Coordinates the planning activities of the Office of the Chief, Chemical Corps, with respect to potential financial support or possible budgetary limitations.

(d) Consolidates over-all Chemical Corps military and civilian personnel requirements and estimates for submission to higher authority, and makes allotments to Chemical Corps elements in accordance with established policies and approved requirements.

(e) Prepares budget estimates and justifications for fund requirements of the Chemical Corps and assists in the defense of budget estimates before the Bureau of the Budget and the Congress.

(f) Prescribes and effectuates the technical standards, qualifications,

training and assignment of personnel required for the performance of fiscal functions at Chemical Corps field installations.

(g) Acts for the Chief, Chemical Corps, in reviewing and approving or disapproving methods and procedures followed in computing unit costs used by the Chemical Corps for budget, sale, and transfer purposes, to assure the accuracy and integrity of unit costs.

(iv) Administrative Service Officer.
(a) Operates message centers, maintains classified and unclassified mail and records files, supervises mail control desks, and controls departmental sup-

ply and service activities.

(b) Maintains administrative and fiscal control over printing, forms, and publications and procures and distributes within the Chemical Corps, and maintains files of Department of the Army, Chemical Corps, and other official publications.

(v) Historical Office. Directs and coordinates the historical program of the

Chemical Corps.

(vi) Information Office. (a) Prepares informational material relative to the Chemical Corps for public release to press and radio through Department of the Army and Department of Defense channels.

(b) Maintains an information center at the Office of the Chief, Chemical

Corps.

(vii) Safety Office. (a) Supervises and directs safety programs at class II installations and activities under the command of the Chief, Chemical Corps.

(b) Provides technical advice and prescribes basic safe practice policy for the handling, storing, demilitarization, and salvage of Chemical Corps materials at Army installations and activities, and incorporates safe practices in operating procedures, manuals, directives, and other instructions pertaining to operations and activities,

(c) Reviews and analyzes accident experience trends and hazards of all elements of the Chemical Corps and determines remedial and preventive action to

be taken.

(d) Performs safety inspections at Chemical Corps installations, determines precautionary measures to be applied, and advises and furnishes professional assistance to installations and prepares and disseminates directives and information on safety problems.

(e) Supervises the training and operations of the Technical Escort Detachment, handling decontamination, transportation, and disposal of toxic materials

for the Chemical Corps.

(viii) Research and Engineering Division. (a) Directs and coordinates the research and development program of the Chemical Corps.

(b) Conducts liaison activities pertaining to research and development with other agencies of the Department of Defense, other Government departments, and commercial and foreign agencies.

(ix) Supply and Procurement Division.
(a) Prepares plans and policies and directs and supervises the receipt, classification, storage, care and preservation, depot maintenance, and issue and movement of Chemical Corps supplies and

equipment to and from Chemical Corps supply installations.

(b) Exercises technical supervision over Army-wide organizational and field maintenance of Chemical Corps items and computes requirements for these items.

(c) Prepares plans and policies and directs and supervises procurement and production of items assigned to the Chemical Corps for this purpose and is responsible for industrial mobilization planning for the Chemical Corps.

(d) Prepares Chemical Corps field installation construction programs in accordance with AR 210-20 and SR 210-20-1, as well as facility maintenance

programs.

(e) Directs the disposal of Chemical Corps property and the demilitarization of chemical ammunition for the Army.

(x) Personnel Division. (a) Performs personnel administrative and management functions relative to military personnel under the Chief, Chemical Corps, and monitors personnel actions of Chemical Corps military personnel.

(b) Makes studies and estimates for over-all Chemical Corps military personnel requirements, including mobiliza-

tion planning.

(c) Advises Chemical Corps field installations commanders on matters pertaining to military personnel.

(d) Supervises the civilian personnel administration program in the Chemical Corps and operates the program for the Office of the Chief, Chemical Corps.

(xi) Plans, Training; and Intelligence Division. (a) Reviews strategic and tactical studies, plans and policies, and prepares plans and recommendations pertaining to utilization of Chemical Corps troops and matériel; prepares operational logistic studies; and coordinates development of Chemical Corps mobilization plans.

(b) Reviews Chemical Corps Board projects and prepares recommendations pertaining to the military characteristics

of Chemical Corps materiel.

(c) Prepares tables of organization and equipment for Chemical Corps units for which specific responsibility has been assigned to the Chief, Chemical Corps, and reviews chemical sections of tables of organization and equipment of other components.

(d) Exercises technical staff supervision for chemical training throughout the Army, and directly supervises the training of troops assigned to the Chief, Chemical Corps; directs and supervises the promulgation of doctrine on tactics and technique of chemical warfare; and supervises the Chemical Corps School.

(e) Produces and maintains chemical warfare intelligence; recommends policies on dissemination of technical information; and reviews, evaluates, and prepares for dissemination scientific and technical intelligence pertinent to the Chemical Corps, in accordance with Army intelligence policy.

(f) Supervises and coordinates the administration of counterintelligence and security functions assigned to the Chief,

Chemical Corps.

(g) Determines basis of requirements of items for future plans and furnishes basis of requirements to Supply and Procurement Division for the purpose of computing requirements.

(h) Recommends policies on mobilization reserves, peacetime operating reserves, and oversea stock levels.

(xii) Inspection Division. (a) Supervises and controls Chemical Corps inspection activities in connection with the acceptance of items manufactured, procured, renovated, or under development procurement or cooperative procedure, and including surveillance inspection of Chemical Corps items in depot storage.

(b) Develops over-all inspection policy, prepares and issues and inspection and surveillance inspection procedures, and coordinates their use.

(c) Supervises and controls inspection planning phases of industrial mobilization and procurement planning.

(d) Reviews and studies inspection and surveillance data and recommends action to be taken.

(e) Establishes inspector qualification levels and is responsible for the training of inspection personnel.

(f) Conducts or supervises the inspection of facilities, personnel, procedures, and records of all inspection and surveillance activities within the Chemical Corps.

(xiii) Chemical Corps Procurement Agency. (a) The Chemical Corps Procurement Agency, Army Chemical Center, Maryland, effects all procurement for Chemical Corps, except that Chemical Corps installations other than the Army Chemical Center are authorized to make local purchases not to exceed one thousand dollars.

(b) In performing its procurement mission, the Chemical Corps Procurement Agency will utilize insofar as possible the Procurement Districts located in Atlanta, Boston, Chicago, Dallas, New York and San Francisco for: (1) Facilities surveys; (2) prenegotiation; (3) expediting production; (4) inspection.

(xiv) Field Installations and activities. Field installations and activities of the Chemical Corps are as follows:

Army Chemical Center, Md.:
Edgewood Arsenal.
Eastern Chemical Depot.
Chemical Corps School.
Edgewood Proving Ground.
Technical Escort Detachment.
Technical Command.
Medical Division.
Inspection Equipment Agency.
Chemical Corps Procurement Agency.
Chemical Corps Board.
Chemical Corps Catalog Agency.
Rocky Mountain Arsenal, Denver 2, Colo.
Pine Bluff Arsenal, Arsenal, Ark.: Midwest
Chemical Depot.

Atlanta Chemical Procurement District, 114
Marietta Street NW., Atlanta 3, Ga.
Boston Chemical Procurement District, Boston Army Base, Boston 10, Mass.

Chicago Chemical Procurement District, 226 West Jackson Boulevard, Chicago 6, Ill. Dallas Chemical Procurement District, 1114 Commerce Street, Dallas 2, Tex. New York Chemical Procurement District, 111

East 16th Street, New York 3, N. Y. San Francisco Chemical Proc. District, Building 1, Wing 3, Oakland Army Base, Oakland 14, Calif.

Western Chemical Center, Tooele, Utah: Deseret Chemical Depot. Camp Detrick, Frederick, Md.

San Jose Project, St. Thomas, V. I.

Chemical Sections at the following depots: Atlanta General Depot, Atlanta, Ga.

Columbus General Depot, Columbus, Chio, Memphis General Depot, Memphis, Tenn. New Cumberland General Depot, New Cumberland Pa.

San Antonio General Depot, San Antonio, Tex.

Schenectady General Depot, Schenectady, N. Y.

Utah General Depot, Ogden, Utah.

(8) Special relationships—(1) Boards and committees—(a) Chemical Corps Technical Committee. Coordinates development work between the Chemical Corps and other branches of the Army, the Departments of the Navy and the Air Force, and foreign governments in connection with the development and standardization of types of equipment.

(b) Chemical Corps Advisory Board, Correlates the findings of research and development in industry, technical institutions, and other scientific organizations with the Chemical Corps.

(c) Representation on boards and committees. The Chemical Corps supplies representation on the following

boards and committees:

Air Force Technical Committee.
Army Security Agency Technical Committee.
Engineers Technical Committee.
Medical Department Technical Committee.
Ordnance Technical Committee.
Quartermaster Technical Committee.
Signal Corps Technical Committee.

American Society of Testing Materials (Committees of).

American Standards Association (Committees of).

Armed Forces Special Weapons Project (Committees of).

Armed Services Explosives Safety Board. Armed Services Patent Advisory Board. Federal Specifications Board (Committees of).

Munitions Board (Committees of).

Research and Development Board (Committees of).

Army Committee for Insect and Rodent Control.

Army Inspection Advisory Council. Army Packaging Board. Army Supply System Committees.

Department of the Army Committee on Liquid Fuels and Lubricants, Department of the Army War Contract War-

ship Claims Board. Committee on Environmental Factors and

Control.

Committee on Foreign Aid Purchases, Civil Affairs Division, Special Staff, United

States Army.

Logistics Cost Accounting Committee.

Lumber Branch Committee, Office, Chief of

Engineers.
Mobilization Assignment Committee, Personnel and Administration Division, Gen-

eral Staff, United States Army.
Procurement Assignment Board, General
Staff, United States Army.

Unit Price Determination Board.

(ii) Other relationships. Various functions of the Office of the Chief, Chemical Corps, require that constant liaison be maintained with the Departments of the Navy and Air Force, the United States Public Health Service, Department of Agriculture, Atomic Energy Commission, and other Government and private agencies.

(g) Office of The Surgeon General—

 Mission. To formulate medical and sanitary plans, policies, and procedures and provide and conduct programs to

insure the health of the Army.

(2) Dual responsibility. The Surgeon General is the Chief of the Medical Department and the senior medical technical staff adviser of the Department of the Army. The Medical Department comprises the Medical Corps, the Dental Corps, the Veterinary Corps, the Army Nurse Corps, the Medical Service Corps, and the Women's Medical Specialist

(3) Origin and development. Medical Department and the Office of the Surgeon General have had a continuous existence since 1818. Previous to that time Congress provided a medical organization for the Army only in time

of war or emergency.

(i) Military rank, Medical officers received definite military rank in 1847. Shortly before the Mexican War the Surgeon General introduced a system of reporting cases and began a series of annual statistical reports. The Civil War produced field hospitals, a better managed medical supply, and a better method of evacuating casualties from the battlefield. The Spanish-American War was an object lesson in the importance of preventive medicine and in the utility of dentists and female nurses.

(ii) World War I. The unprecedented size of the Army, the remoteness of the battlefronts, injuries from gas warfare, and the necessity for exploiting new medical specialties combined to create new problems in World War I. To meet these problems, the Medical Department conducted mass training for officers and enlisted men, utilized motor transport in evacuating patients, appointed top-ranking experts in the various specialties as consultants, made extensive use of mental testing, and set aside certain hospitals for the treatment of particular

diseases and injuries.

(iii) World War II. In World War II. many important changes in the organization and methods of the Medical Department were necessary to utilize the newer developments in medicine and to serve an army fighting a global war in every kind of natural environment. With a total strength of more than 600,000 (as compared to 340,000 in World War I), the Medical Department added to and broadened its services. Typical of this expansion were the vastly enlarged program of preventive medicine, the greater use of psychiatry to prevent as well as to cure mental disorders, and the new emphasis on reconditioning physical and mental casualties for military duty. For the first time, sulfa drugs, penicillin, and an extensive whole-blood and plasma treatment were employed in war medicine and surgery.

(iv) Consultants. Since V-J-day, two of the most important features of Medical Department policy have been the continuation of the use of distinguished civilian consultants on a part-time basis as advisers in professional care and medical instruction and the establishment of a program of postgraduate professional education in Army general hospitals and civilian institutions.

(4) Legal basis. The first medical establishment in the United States Army was created by a resolution of Congress dated July 27, 1775. The Medical De-

partment was authorized and its organization initially prescribed by the Revised Statutes of the United States in the year 1866 (sections 1168-1181, inclusive). At present, the statutory basis of the Medical Department is found in section 10, act of June 3, 1916 (39 Stat. 171); section 10, act of June 4, 1920 (41 Stat. 766); section 10, act of May 14, 1940 (54 Stat. 214); 10 U.S. C. 81,

(5) Major functions-(1) Policy. Formulates and recommends policies concerning physical, mental health, and psychological standards, including those for selection and induction of military personnel, and formulates policies for the health of the Army, care of the sick and wounded, evacuation, hospitalization, and reconditioning of military personnel, the veterinary service as pertains to military animals, and the inspection of food of animal origin,

(ii) Manpower. Develops plans for the conservation of manpower through the prevention of disease and injury, including the pursuance of research and development in the field of prevention, diagnosis, treatment, and rehabilitation of diseases, wounds, and injuries.

(iii) Medical supplies. Formulates policies, plans, and program for research, development, design, and standardization of all items of medical equipment and supplies required by the Army; determines procurement policies and procedures; plans future requirements; and supervises storage, distribution, and maintenance of medical supplies and equipment in accordance with department of the Army policies.

(iv) Staff supervision. Exercises technical staff supervision and performs such technical inspections as the Chief of Staff may prescribe to assure maximum efficiency and economy in utilization of

the medical means available,

(v) Command responsibility. mands and controls troop activities, including the training of Medical Department troops and the assignment of personnel and services in class II Medical Department installations and activities.

(vi) Patients. Controls the distribution of patients in class II Medical

Department installations.

(vii) Hospital funds. Functions as custodian of the Central Hospital Fund. United States Army, and maintains technical supervision over the utilization of all hospital funds.

(viii) Records and reports. isters an Army-wide system of individual medical records and medical statistical

reporting.

(6) Organization-(i) Medical Research and Development Board. Plans, coordinates, administers, and supervises the Medical Department program of research and development and directs and supervises Medical Department research and development, both in governmental and civilian laboratories.

(ii) Special Projects Office. (a) Formulates applicable policies, plans, procedures and coordinates the work of the various divisions concerned with medical problems associated with preventive and therapeutic measures in defense against atomic bombs, radiological defense and biological warfare, and special projects as they may arise.

(b) Maintains liaison with the Atomic Energy Commission, Armed Forces Special Weapons Project, and other Department of Defense agencies.

(iii) Legal Office. Serves as general counsel for the Surgeon General and the divisions of the Office of the Surgeon

General.

(iv) Administrative Office. Supervises supply, equipment, and general office needs; supplies or procures drafting, duplicating, and printing services; reviews and processes publications; ceives and distributes communications; and supervises record administration and the retirement of records in the Office of the Surgeon General and at class II Medical Department installations and

(v) Technical Information Office. Represents the Surgeon General in all matters of public information in accordance with Department of Defense direc-

(vi) Fiscal Office. (a) Formulates and effectuates criteria for Medical Department budget preparation and performance.

(b) Prescribes and administers technical standards, fiscal methods, procedures, and operations to implement principles, concepts and plans relating to monetary, cost accounting, and property audit matters of the Medical Depart-

(vil) Personnel Division. (a) Plans, initiates, develops, or implements action

to secure procurement, classification, allotment, assignment, utilization, promotion, demotion, and separation of commissioned personnel of the Medical Department, including regular and re-

serve components.

(b) Furnishes staff advice, makes recommendations, and initiates action for the establishment of policies on matters pertaining to classification and employment of warrant officers and enlisted personnel on duty with the Medical Department in all commands, including regular and reserve components

(c) Initiates action for the classification, assignment, replacement, and disposition of enlisted personnel and warrant officers on duty at class II Medical Department installations and table of organization units under the control of the Surgeon General, and determines policies to govern personnel of the Women's Army Corps on duty within the above-mentioned installations.

(d) Determines personnel requirements for the Office of the Surgeon General and for class II installations and activities, recommends authorizations for organizational elements and installations, and assures compliance with personnel authorization limitations,

(e) Formulates plans and policies for the execution of the Career Guidance

Program.

(f) Plans and administers the civilian personnel program prescribed by the Army, including recruitment and placement, classification and wage administration, personnel transactions, training, and personnel relations, and supervises

the program in class II Medical Department installations and activities.

(viii) Education and Training Division. (a) Provides programs and facilities to fulfill the Medical Department training missions, based upon current requirements for trained enlisted technicians and officer personnel during peace and in the event of mobilization.

(b) Plans and promulgates principles, doctrines, and programs for Medical Department training activities for regular

and reserve components.

(c) Insures preparation of training literature and audio-visual aids for which the Medical Department is responsible.

(d) Supervises the application and evaluates the progress of Medical Department training in civilian institutions and military installations under the command of the Surgeon General.

(e) Coordinates Medical Department training matters with military and civil

agencies.

(f) Directs the Medical Affiliation Program.

(ix) Preventive Medicine Division.
(a) Initiates and conducts epidemiological studies, analyzes and evaluates disease incidence data, investigates health hazards and sanitary defects in the Army, and initiates measures for their control, or elimination.

(b) Furnishes information, material, and advice for the training and indoctrination of military personnel in disease prevention and environmental

sanitation

(c) Initiates and guides research in military preventive medicine in collaboration with the Medical Research and Development Board.

(d) Provides medical intelligence for

the Army

(e) Advises on nutritional problems as they affect the health of military personnel and civil populations under Army control.

(f) Advises on policies and plans for public health procedures, practices, and personnel in occupied territories.

(g) Plans and supervises the Army industrial medical program for all plants operated by the Army to assure elimination of industrial health hazards, improvement of working conditions in these plants, and development of improved industrial medical procedures, methods, and devices through the Army Industrial Hygiene Laboratory.

(x) Supply Division. (a) To determine medical supply and equipment requirements of the Medical Department for Army use, Air Force as directed, civilian components, civilian aid, and Foreign Assistance Programs by individual item, on the basis of past use, anticipated troop strength, anticipated medical problems, and the health and medical programs of The Surgeon Gen-

eral's Office.

(b) To obtain and store an adequate supply of these items to meet anticipated needs.

(c) To provide procedures for and to supervise the distribution of these items throughout the Army structure in accordance with Army medical supply programs. (d) To conduct the Medical Department industrial mobilization and procurement coordination planning for wartime needs.

(e) To establish and supervise the maintenance program for Medical De-

partment equipment.

(f) To determine surplus medical supplies and equipment with a view to disposal.

(g) To provide procedures for and supervise civilian aid and Foreign Military Assistance Programs which pertain to The Surgeon General's Office.

(h) To provide procedures for and supervise any other medical supply matters of The Surgeon General's Office.

(f) In conjunction with The Surgeons General of the Departments of the Navy and the Air Force, to supervise for the Surgeon General, Department of the Army, the operation of the Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency through the Directorate, Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency. To supervise for the Surgeon General, Department of the Army, the activities of the Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency which are placed under the cognizance of the Department of the Army by the Charter for the Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency, and through the Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency, prepare the various medical supply catalogs.

(xi) Medical Plans and Operations Di-

(xi) Medical Plans and Operations Division. Performs primary staff and operating responsibility for the domestic and oversea medical service, for mobilization and related planning, and for other planning projects which do not fall within other divisions of the Surgeon General's Office. This includes:

(a) Custodianship of the Central Hospital Fund and supervision of subordi-

ate funds.

(b) Operation and maintenance of assigned class II Medical Department installations and activities.

(c) Evacuation and hospitalization services.

(d) Medical facilities planning.

(e) Hospital management engineering.
 (f) Development and preparation of organization and equipment authoriza-

tion tables.

(xii) Dental Division. (a) Prepares plans and policies for and supervises the administration of the Dental Service of the Army, including plans with respect to personnel, equipment, supplies, and the professional procedures involved in dental treatment.

(b) Makes recommendations on matters relating to the dental health of the

Army.

(xiii) Veterinary Division. (a) Exercises technical and administrative supervision of the Veterinary Corps and its service, including all professional activities.

(b) Maintains liaison with the civilian veterinary professions and veterinary activities of other Federal agencies.

(xiv) Physical Standards Divisions (a) Formulates standards to be established by Army Regulations for admission into and continuance in the service of all Army personnel, including physical standards for cadets at the United States Military Academy. (b) Reviews physical examinations, disposition boards' records forwarded to the Office of the Surgeon General, retiring boards' records, and other records and papers.

(c) Gives policy guidance and inspects the medical operations of enlisting installations, joint examining and induction stations, and separation points.

(xv) Resources Analysis Division. (a) Assures that prospective programs and objectives of the Surgeon General are planned in the light of available resources in personnel and facilities and develops planning for the efficient use of resources so that optimum accomplishments of the mission of the Surgeon General will result.

(b) Estimates bed requirements and availabilities of major commands, develops plans for distribution of bed capacities in all hospitals in the zone of interior, and recommends authorized patient capacities at individual installa-

tions

(c) Estimates Medical Department personnel requirements and availabilities of major commands, develops plans for distribution of Medical Department personnel to major commands, and reviews requisitions for Medical Department personnel in light of planned distributions.

(d) Prepares basic estimates for and participates in planning pertaining to utilization of Medical Department resources in personnel and facilities.

(xvi) Medical Statistics Division. (a) Devises and maintains a comprehensive program for the collection, compilation, and analysis of medical statistical data pertaining to the health of the Army and the operation of the Army Medical Department and to the physical examinations of registrants examined for induction into any of the armed forces.

(b) Prepares reports and analyses of Army health conditions and related matters and of physical examination findings needed by the Medical Department and other officials and groups concerned with medical investigations and development.

(c) Advises the Surgeon General and the various elements of the Office of the Surgeon General on statistical matters.

(xvii) Nursing Division. Provides nursing service for military personnel; maintains general supervision of nursing activities; formulates and recommends professional standards; and recommends policies and programs on procurement, promotion, and separation of nurses, as well as on Army nursing in general.

 (xviii) Medical Service Corps Division.
 (a) Advises the Surgeon General on Medical Service Corps administrative matters; reviews reports; and analyzes

special problems.

(b) Formulates Medical Service Corps policy and makes recommendations on table of organization requirements and distribution of Medical Service Corps officers.

(c) Advises on career management of Medical Service Corps officers.

(xix) Women's Medical Specialist Corps Division. (a) Formulates Women's Medical Specialist Corps policies and makes recommendations on table of organization requirements, distribution, procurement, promotion, separation, and training of Women's Medical Specialist Corps officers.

(b) Advises on Career Management Program for officers in the Women's

Medical Specialist Corps.

(xx) Professional Consultants Divisions. Individual divisions comprised of specialists in medicine, surgery, physical medicine, neuropsychiatry, X-ray, and medical laboratory service, respectively, are charged with adapting to the needs of the Army the best professional practice with respect to treatment in their fields. The divisions develop the policy and practice of the Medical Department in their specialties; prepare pertinent advice, instructions, and bulletins; make inspections; review reports and special problems; maintain liaison with civilian agencies; and advise on the recruitment, training, and assignment of properly qualified professional personnel

(xxi) Medical Department installations. The following named Class II medical installations are under the direct command and supervision of the Surgeon

- (a) Army Medical Center, Washington 12, D. C., which includes the following activities:
- (1) Walter Reed General Hospital. (2) Army Medical Department Re-search and Graduate School. (3) Central Dental Laboratory
- (4) Army Prosthetics Research Laboratory.

(5) Atlas Project.

- (6) Ocular Injury Research Project. (b) Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Arkansas.
- (c) Fitzsimons General Denver, Colorado, which includes the following units:

(1) Minimal Tuberculosis Research Unit.

- (2) TB Nutrition and Metabolic Unit. (d) Murphy General Hospital, Waltham, Massauchusetts.
- (e) Oliver General Hospital, Augusta, Georgia.
- (f) Percy Jones General Hospital, Battle Creek, Michigan. (g) Valley Forge General Hospital,

Phoenixville, Pennsylvania.

- (h) Army Medical Library, 7th & Independence Ave., SW. Washington 25,
- (i) Army Medical Library, Cleveland Branch, 11000 Euclid Ave., Cleveland,

(j) Louisville Medical Depot, Louisville 1, Kentucky.

(k) St. Louis Medical Depot, 12th & Spruce Streets, St. Louis 2, Missouri.

(1) San Francisco Medical Depot, Building 590, Oakland Army Base, Oakland 14, California.

(XXII) Medical Department acitivities. The following listed Class II medical activities are under direct command and administrative supervision of the Surgeon General but are Physically located at Class I or Class II installations under other commands:

(a) Armed Forces Institute of Pathology, 7th & Independence Ave., SW, Washington 25, D. C., including the following: (1) Department of Pathology.

(2) Medical Illustration Service. (3) American Registry of Pathology.

(4) Medical Museum.

(b) Army Industrial Hygiene Laboratory, Edgewood Arsenal, Maryland.

(c) Brooke Army Medical Center, Fort Sam Houston, Texas, which includes the following:

(1) Brooke General Hospital.

(2) Medical Field Service School. (3) Fourth Army Area Laboratory. (4) Central Dental Laboratory.

(5) Surgical Research Unit.

(d) Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, California,

(e) Madigan General Hospital, Fort Lewis, Washington.

(f) Medical Detachment, U. S. Naval Hospital, Long Beach, Calif.

(g) Medical Detachment, U. S. Naval Hospital, Portsmouth, Virginia.

(h) Medical Detachment, U. S. Naval Hospital, St. Albans, Long Island, New York.

(i) Medical Detachment, U. S. Naval Hospital, Great Lakes, Ill.

(j) Medical Department Field Research Laboratory, Fort Knox, Kentucky.

(k) Medical Nutrition Laboratory, 1849 W. Pershing Road, Chicago, Illi-

(1) Traveling Veterinary Inspector, c/o Chicago Quartermaster Depot, 1819 Pershing Road, Chicago, Illinois.

(m) William Beaumont General Hos-

pital, Fort Bliss, Texas.

(xxiii) Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency. The Armed Services Medical Procurement Agency, 84 Sands Street, Brooklyn 1, New York, is under the joint supervision of the Surgeons General of the Army, Navy, and Air Force. It is the joint procurement agency for procurement of medical supplies for the Army, Navy, and Air Force. Contracts are ordinarily entered into after receipt of bids from interested parties. An invitation to bid is extended to those on the Bidders List who are in a position to supply the required items. Persons desiring to have their names placed on the Bidders List, or desiring further information, should direct their correspondence to the above agency.

(xxiv) Medical sections, general depots. The following general depots have medical sections which are Class II activities under the technical supervision of, and have military personnel author-

ized by the Surgeon General:

(a) Atlanta General Depot, Atlanta, Georgia.

(b) Schenectady General Depot, Schenectady, New York,

(h) Office of the Chief of Engineers. (To be published at a later date.)

(i) Office of the Quartermaster General-(1) Mission. To provide and service food, clothing, equipment, and supplies for the Army, as assigned to the Quartermaster General, and to provide for the disposition of deceased military personnel.

(2) Origin. (i) The Quartermaster Corps, originally the "Quartermaster Department," was established June 16, 1775 by the Continental Congress which, in addition to authorizing a Quartermaster General, provided for appointment of a Commissary-General of Stores and Provisions. In 1777 there were authorized a Commissary General with four deputies, a Commissary General of

issues with three deputies, and a Commissary General of clothing.

(ii) After the Revolutionary War the Congress in 1785 curtailed Quartermaster Department activities and authorized procurement through civilians known as "contractors of provisions." In 1812 Congress reconstituted the Quartermaster Department. During the Civil War responsibility for supplying animal transport and providing forage, and the operation of ocean, rail, and water transportation became an additional function of the Quartermaster Department. In 1912 Congress consolidated the Quartermaster, Subsistence and Pay Departments, and established what was then the Quartermaster Corps.

(3) World War I. World War I brought the first steps toward mechanization of the Army. The Quartermaster Corps created bakery, butcher, ice plant, labor, and motor truck companies, clothing units, mechanical repair shops, salvage units, and graves registration units, and trained the personnel for field activities. The size of the Army and the distance of combat activities from the zone of interior increased Quartermaster Corps procurement and storage activities to proportions in excess of all

combined prior operations.

(4) World War II. In World War II motor transport, construction, and utilities as well as the function of transportation were given to other Army agencies. The Quartermaster Corps devoted its major interest to providing the soldier with items of food, clothing, and equipment necessary to the personal maintenance of the soldier and which would contribute to the soldiers' personal comfort and well-being. The remoteness of the battlefronts, the unprecedented size of the Army, and the requirement for approximately 70,000 different items of Quartermaster origin brought the Quartermaster Corps to peak (1945) expansion; 54 general officers, 30,744 other officers, and 467,266 enlisted.

(5) Legal basis. The general statutory duties and powers of the Quartermaster General are found in section 9 of the National Defense Act, as amended

(10 U. S. C. 71, 72).

(6) Dual role of the Quartermaster General-(1) Staff advice. The Quartermaster General provides administrative and technical advice and recommendations relating to quartermaster matters to the Secretary of the Army, The Assistant Secretary of the Army, and the Chief of Staff, United States Army.

(ii) Command. For the execution of

the Quartermaster Corps mission, the Quartermaster General commands all troops, activities, and installations as-

signed to his control.

(7) Major functions-(1) Supply. Designs, develops, procures, stores, disposes, maintains, and supplies those items of equipment and supplies assigned to the Quartermaster Corps.

(ii) Installations and separate activities. Commands quartermaster class II installations (including general depots).

(iii) Industrial mobilization. Collaborates with other Army agencies in the formulation and execution of broad plans, policies, and programs for industrial mobilization with reference to quartermaster matériel, supplies, resources, and facilities to support Army plans for industrial mobilization.

(iv) Standardization of matériel. Administers matters of standardization of quartermaster matériel and equipment preliminary to Department approval.

 (y) Procedures and standards. Formulates and establishes, in coordination with other Army agencies, quartermaster

procedures and standards.

(vi) Mobilization and training. Effects mobilization assignments including the quartermaster affiliation program, trains quartermaster units assigned to quartermaster control, and establishes and operates schools and facilities for the technical training of quartermaster personnel.

(vii) Food service. Administers the

food service program.

(viii) Deceased personnel. Maintains staff supervision over the current death program for deceased personnel of the Army and the Air Force and is responsible for the recovery, identification, and disposition of the remains of all World War II deceased who are eligible under Public Law 383—79th Congress, as amended.

(8) Organization—(i) Office of Management. (a) Provides a management consulting service for the Office of the Quartermaster General and for quarter-

master field installations.

 (b) Develops programs for improvement of organization, office procedures, and recurring reports.

(c) Exercises technical supervision over activities of management officers at field installations and appraises their efficiency of operation.

(d) Interprets and disseminates production and cost data to assist in the improvement of the efficiency of the

Quartermaster Corps.

(ii) Office of Technical Information.
(a) Prepares official releases relating to Quartermaster Corps activities for submission to the Army Public Information Division; receives and answers queries; and arranges interviews and advises quartermaster personnel as to Army public information policies.

(b) Arranges displays of quartermaster items for photographic illustra-

tion.

(c) Keeps the Quartermaster General informed regarding public reactions in the press, periodicals, and radio in relation to Quartermaster Corps operations.

(d) Coordinates the activities of public information personnel at quarter-

master field establishments.

(e) Advises the Army Public Information Division on quartermaster activities likely to be of public concern; obtains review from the Division, of articles and speeches prepared by personnel of Office of the Quartermaster General; and advises the Quartermaster General on Army policies for dealing with information media.

(iii) Office of the General Counsel.
(a) Acts for the Quartermaster General in the direction and coordination of legal activities throughout the Quartermaster Corps and establishes and publishes policies, practices, and procedures.

(b) Exercises technical supervision over activities of legal staffs at field installations.

(c) Renders advice and assistance on legal matters to elements of the Quartermaster Corps and determines what legal matters shall be submitted to the Judge

Advocate General.

(iv) Administrative Division. (a) Distributes mail and messages, maintains correspondence files, except top secret and war plan, reviews and edits proposed Quartermaster Corps and Army publications initiated in the Office of the Quartermaster General; distributes copies of regulations, circulars, and other Army issuances within the Office of the Quartermaster General; requisitions and issues office supplies and equipment, and provides other administrative services for the Office of the Quartermaster General.

(b) Serves as focal point for the clearance of identical instructions and information addressed to two or more field installations, headquarters, or other

agencies.

(c) Reviews for justification, edits, and approves Office of the Quartermaster General requests for all types of material which are printed or otherwise reproduced; reviews and revises printed and duplicated forms used in the Office of the Quartermaster General and supplied by the Quartermaster Corps, and authorizes their reproduction.

(d) Supervises the procurement of quartermaster printed matter and the operation of quartermaster field print-

ing plants.

(e) Compiles historical data concerning Quartermaster Corps activities.

(f) Exercises staff supervision over division administrative officers, Office of the Quartermaster General, and is responsible for over-all coordination of administration, except personnel matters.

(g) Supervises and conducts the Quartermaster Corps records administration

program.

(v) Personnel and Training Division.
(a) Performs staff functions in connection with the securing of personnel authorization and subauthorizes personnel to activities and installations under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General.

(b) Requisitions, recommends assignments, transfers, and recommends promotion and separation of military personnel at quartermaster activities and

installations.

(c) Recommends to the General Staff, quartermaster military personnel for special training at service schools and civilian educational institutions, and selects quartermaster officer and enlisted instructors for Reserve Officers' Training Corps. Organized Reserve Corps, and National Guard duty, subject to General Staff approval.

(d) Aids in the formulation of Army policies on the Quartermaster Reserve Officers' Training Corps, Organized Reserve Corps, and National Guard, and in the promotion of civilian component ac-

 (e) Reviews applications and records of quartermaster applicants for commission in the Regular Army and selects applicants for recommendation for appointment.

(f) Initiates the inspection of Quartermaster Corps, table of organization and equipment units at activities and installations under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General to correct organizational records and personnel deficiencies.

(g) Provides civilian personnel services for employees of the Office of the Quartermaster General, and staff assistance to field installations on their civil-

ian personnel programs.

(h) Evaluates the effectiveness of civilian personnel programs in quartermaster class 11 installations and activities and recommends corrective action.

(i) Performs staff functions in connection with military training and information and educational activities at installations under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General; food service training for Army and Air Force personnel; the computation of military training requirements at Quartermaster Corps training installations; and the operation of quartermaster schools, training centers, and other training activities under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General.

(j) Formulates training doctrine and prepares curricula, training courses, technical instruction, manuals, and other publications and training media for the training of military personnel at Quartermaster schools and training installations, and for the training of Army personnel in food service and other Quartermaster Corps subjects.

(k) Approves training programs of quartermaster personnel and units of the

Organized Reserve Corps.

(I) Recommends the assignment and relief of staff and faculty personnel for quartermaster schools and training centers.

(m) Inspects, when requested, the training of quartermaster personnel and units of the Organized Reserve Corps and the operating efficiency of training installations and units in training under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General.

(n) Assists Army and oversea commanders, when requested, in reviewing the adequacy and effectiveness of training of quartermaster units at installations under the jurisdiction of army and oversea commanders.

(vi) Fiscal Division. (a) Performs staff functions in connection with the compilation of estimates for appropriations to finance activities under the control of the Quartermaster General and the central procurement of quartermaster items.

(b) Reviews and prepares recommendations on quartermaster estimates of the Air Force, army areas, Military District of Washington, and oversea commands, and other estimates of Quartermaster Corps responsibility.

(c) Incorporates quartermaster estimates (and estimates of certain other agencies without authority for specific appropriations) together with justifications in a total estimate for the appropriation "Quartermaster Service, Army",

arranges preparation, and justifies the estimate.

(d) Supervises the distribution and administration of funds appropriated and made available to the Quartermaster

(e) Prepares and issues implementing instructions within the Quartermaster Corps on fiscal accounting and property accounting policies and procedures.

(f) Supervises accounting procedures for appropriated funds and the processing of commercial accounts for payment in quartermaster field installations,

(g) Supervises procedures relating to the sale and pricing of Quartermaster Corps property.

(h) Maintains fiscal accounts for all funds administered by the Quartermaster General

(i) Processes reimbursement transactions for the Quartermaster Corps.

(j) Analyzes and processes requests for advance payments to contractors and collects amounts due from contractors under renegotiation and royalty adjustment agreements.

(k) Develops, prepares, and issues policies and procedures, and supervises cost-accounting operations in Quarter-

master Corps installations.

(vii) Military Planning Division. (a) Performs staff functions in connection with the preparation of plans for mobilization of industrial and supply facilities.

(b) Develops, prepares, and coordinates Quartermaster Corps plans and policies pertaining to current and pro-jected operations, task forces, special missions, mobilization, troop support, and related long-range projections, and

general planning.

(c) Collaborates with planning echelons of the Department of Defense; determines Quartermaster Corps planning responsibilities; assigns implementation planning projects to elements in the Office of the Quartermaster General; and reviews and coordinates plans and annexes to kindred documents of higher headquarters.

(d) Coordinates and supervises intelligence and security activities including Top Secret Control in the Office of the Quartermaster General and exercises staff supervision over security and quartermaster technical intelligence activities in class II installations.

(e) Edits and reviews the quartermaster sections of all tables of organization and equipment and tables of allowances technical use of quarter-

master equipment.

(f) Prepares and revises tables of organization and equipment and tables of allowances for organizations and installations under the jurisdiction of the

Quartermaster General.

(g) Prepares and maintains tables of allowances for the issue of clothing and individual equipment and guartermaster expendable supplies for military personnel and organizations, and prepares, coordinates, and maintains tables of allowances for all nonexpendable items at post, camps, and stations.

(h) Conducts research design and development of new and improved quartermaster items of supply and equipment

and fuels and lubricants.

- (f) Conducts laboratory and field tests in order to determine performance characteristics.
- (f) Operates research and development laboratories in the quartermaster fields of interest.
- (k) Designs, improves, develops, and prepares specifications for the packing and packaging of quartermaster supplies and equipment.

(1) Prepares and approves specifications for quartermaster items and parts of items.

- (m) Maintains staff of observers in United States and in oversea commands to investigate and report on performance of quartermaster items of clothing, equipment, subsistence, and fuels and lubricants.
- (n) Supervises conservation policies and practices of the Corps.
- (o) Designs and approves coat-ofarms, distinctive insignia, medals and decorations for all elements of the military service.

(viii) Field Service Division. Supervises the administration and operation of depots for which the Quartermaster General is charged with administrative control.

(b) Exercises staff supervision of the storage and handling of quartermaster supplies in quartermaster and general depots and develops and installs policies and operating procedures relating to such storage and handling operations.

(c) Formulates policies, procedures, and control for the maintenance and classification of quartermaster supplies and equipment and exercises staff supervision of such functions at installations under the jurisdiction of the Quartermaster General.

(d) Directs the procurement, shipment, assignment, and processing of animals and forage required by the Department of Defense and foreign aid

programs.

(e) Exercises staff supervision over all laundry and dry cleaning facilities of the Army and exercises technical control of operations of laundry and dry cleaning facilities at class I, II, and Air Force installations.

(f) Plans and supervises the operation of the Army Effects Bureau and develops and installs policies and procedures for the handling and disposition of personal effects and funds by that agency.

(g) Allocates administrative vehicles to class II installations under the control of the Quartermaster General and exercises staff supervision over the operation of motor pools at those installations.

(h) Directs and inspects the application of Army safety and internal security programs at class II installations under the control of the Quartermaster Gen-

(i) Determines, in relation to assigned and planned missions, necessity for new construction, alterations to buildings and facilities, and the lease and purchase of real estate, buildings, and installed facilities at class II installations under the control of the Quartermaster General and submits requirements to the Corps of Engineers for approval and processing.

(ix) Memorial Division. (a) Provides for the recovery, identification, and final disposition of remains of World War II deceased persons as provided by Public Law 383-79th Congress, as amended.

(b) Maintains staff supervision over the current death program for military and civilian personnel of the Army and the Air Force.

(c) Establishes requirements for and exercises staff supervision over United States military cemeteries overseas prior to their transfer to the American Battle

Monuments Commission.

(d) Exercises general supervision over and/or establishes requirements for national, post, and prisoner of war cemeteries, soldiers' lots, Confederate burial plots, monuments and parks under the jurisdiction of the Army, and maintains historical records thereon.

(e) Maintains records of gravesite reservations and interments in national and other cemeteries under the jurisdic-

tion of the Army.

(f) Procures and supplies Government headstones and markers, except those for erection in cemeteries under the jurisdiction of the American Battle Monuments Commissions.

(g) Prescribes policies and operational procedures for the American Graves Registration Service and supervises the operation of the independent zones thereof, including distribution centers in the United States.

(x) Supply Division, (a) Performs staff functions in connection with the establishment of purchase policies for

the Quartermaster Corps.

(b) Controls the purchase of finished items and component materials of clothing, equipage, general supplies, subsistence, petroleum, fuels, and equipment assigned to the Quartermaster Corps.

(c) Supervises the inspection of supplies delivered to insure that they conform to the standards, quality, and specifications prescribed (except headstones and markers).

(d) Gathers financial information on contractors, supervises the expediting of deliveries on contracts, and prescribes procedures to implement established policies for contract termination.

(e) Establishes forward pricing policy to be applied in placing contracts and maintains technical control over this activity in field purchasing elements.

(f) Performs staff functions in connection with the distribution and issue of clothing, equipage, subsistence, and Quartermaster General supply items; supervises the translation of authorized stock levels in terms of days of supply to quantities of these supplies to be maintained at depots: supervises. through depots, the review and approval of station control levels; participates in the determination of supply needs for these items; supervises the distribution of new production and redistribution of stock of these items between depots and stations; determines quantities of these items in excess of the needs of the Quartermaster Corps, including appropriate disposition action at both depots and stations; and determines items and quantities to be included in reserves.

(g) Develops supply policies and procedures for operations at quartermaster depots and quartermaster supply sec-

tions of general depots.

(h) Appraises the performance of stock control activities within the Office of the Quartermaster General and depots, including establishment of stock levels, maintenance of stock at prescribed levels, and distribution and stock control practices, prescribing corrective action.

(i) Develops formulas by which stock levels for quartermaster items at depots and stations will be calculated and initiates corrective action when levels appear to be inadequate or excessive.

(j) Supervises depot liaison with stations, including the determination of

related responsibilities.

(k) Assures that the technical interest and responsibility of the Quartermaster General is carried out in all echelons of

(1) Circularizes other agencies on excess quartermaster property, processes surplus declarations of quartermaster property, in order to report surplus quartermaster property to disposal agencies.

(m) Prescribes the technical operations of supply of items authorized for resale in sales commissaries and sales

(n) Formulates policies for and supervises the operations of the market center

(o) Maintains Haison with the Army and other Government agencies on subsistence matters and represents the Army on inter-agency committees concerned with food matters pertaining to military supply and, in coordination with the Office of the Food Administrator on matters pertaining to civilian food requirements of the occupied areas.

(p) Performs staff functions in connection with the storage, issue, and distribution of petroleum products, gaseous fuels, and containers, excluding fuels and lubricants for aircraft operated by the Air Force and petroleum products and containers for which procurement responsibility has been assigned to other technical services.

(q) Prescribes methods and procedures for and supervises the com-

putation, assembling, and review of requirements for fuels and lubricants of quartermaster supply and containers.

(r) Formulates programs on matters affecting supply, procurement, conservation, and usage of fuels and lubricants, and initiates technical plans for the development of fuels and lubricants, resources, and facilities in Army-occupied areas.

(s) Initiates the purchase, inspection, storage, issue, and distribution of equipment especially designed for handling petroleum products and prepares speci-

fications for equipment.

(t) Formulates plans and policies for the employment and operation of oversea can and drum plants by the Army.

(u) Devises methods and procedures for determination, review, and revision, in accordance with current strategic plans and supply policy, of requirements for all quartermaster items.

(v) Determines, in accordance with Army policies, quartermaster items and quantities to be included in authorized

reserves.

(w) Exercises staff supervision over manufacturing facilities under the control of the Quartermaster General.

(x) Administers all foreign aid supply programs assigned to the Quartermaster

(x1) Food Service Division. forms staff functions in connection with administration of the food service pro-

(b) Maintains technical control of the utilization of refrigerated space for the

storage of subsistence.

(c) Prepares master menus and special menus and formulates policies for mess supervision, mess management, and operation of centralized food service ac-

(d) Collaborates with the Personnel and Training Division in the preparation of training manuals and courses of instruction that pertain to the food service

(e) Furnishes food consultant services on food administration in occupied areas and on matters of food composition in Army operations with foreign governments and domestic governmental agencies.

(f) Furnishes technical assistance in the preparation and installation of layout plans for messing equipment and re-

views new projects.

(g) Collaborates with other governmental agencies on the nutritional

adequacy of menus.

(h) In collaboration with the Supply Division, prepares, reviews, and analyzes ration scales for the Army and foreign nationals, and recommends necessary adjustments in ration scales.

(9) Procurement and contracting-(1) General. The Quartermaster Corps is governed by Department of the Army Rules and Regulations with respect to the authority to contract, the execution of contracts and procedures with respect to procurement. Copies of the Armed Services Procurement Regulations and of the Joint Army and Air Force Procurement Regulations are published in the Federal Register, and these regula-tions, together with the Quartermaster Supplement thereto, may be viewed, upon application, at the Office of The Quartermaster General, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C., or at any Quartermaster Corps installation.

(ii) Delegations of authority, procurement activities. (a) The Quartermaster General has designated the persons occupying the following positions to contract on behalf of the United States:

(1) Commanding Officers of Quartermaster Depots.

(2) Quartermaster Supply Officers at

all General Depots.

(3) Commanding Officers of General Depots designated as Class II installations under the jurisdiction of The Quartermaster General, in connection with their administrative functions.

(4) The Officer in charge of the Field Headquarters, Quartermaster Market Center System; and the Officers in charge of the various Quartermaster Market Centers

(5) Officers in charge of all Quartermaster Purchasing Offices, and at the New York Quartermaster Procurement Agency, the Chief, Quartermaster Purchasing Division,

(6) President, Quartermaster Board,

Camp Lee, Virginia.
(7) The Commanding Officers, Officers in Charge or the civilian heads of all other installations and activities under the jurisdiction of The Quartermaster General, except Quartermaster Procurement Agencies.

(8) The authority granted to the officers designated above may be redelegated by them in the performance of

their functions.

(9) Insofar as officers stationed within the Office of The Quartermaster General are concerned, the Chief, Administrative Division is authorized to appoint contracting officers.

(b) Unauthorized persons. No person not specifically authorized to sign contracts or purchase orders or who does not hold the office where the incumbent to the office has been authorized to sign contracts or purchase orders may sign instruments creating contractual obligations for the Quartermaster Corps without specific authority of The Quartermaster General.

(c) Contracting officers. Except as otherwise required by Department of the Army Regulations, the contracting officers identified above may make awards of contracts of less than \$100,000 without further approval, unless, in specific cases, approval is required by higher authority. All awards of \$100,000 or more and all awards requiring approval under Department of the Army Regulations must be submitted to the Office of The Quartermaster General.

(d) Contract Appeals. Where Quartermaster Corps contracts contain articles or clauses providing for appeals from decisions of contracting officers or other authorities, such appeals are governed by the specific contract provisions and by the rules and procedures of the Armed Services Board of Contract Ap-

peals.

(e) Termination of contracts. Quartermaster Corps contracts are subject to termination for the convenience of the United States as provided for by the contract and under the general authority to make contracts and to amend them in the interest of the Government. Claims under terminated contracts which were entered into prior to November 1, 1947, are settled in accordance with the contract Settlement Act of 1944 (58 Stat. 649, 41 U. S. C. 101 et seq.) and the Joint Termination Regulations. Claims under terminated contracts which were entered into subsequent to November 1, 1947, are settled in accordance with Part 5 of Section V of Joint Procurement Regulations. Copies of the Joint Termination Regulations and Joint Procurement Regulations may be viewed upon request at the Office of The Quartermaster General, Department of the Army, Washington, D. C., or at Quartermaster installations.

(f) Claims pursuant to Quartermaster Corps contracts. Each Quartermaster Corps contract specifies the office to which billings or invoices are to be sent and such contractual provisions govern each case. Disputed payments are handled in accordance with Part 7, Section V, of the Quartermaster Supplement to Joint Procurement Regulations.

(j) Office of the Chief Signal Officer.
 (To be published at a later date.)

(k) Office of the Chief of Ordnance.
(To be published at a later date.)

(1) Office of the Chief of Transportation—(1) Mission. To provide, direct, coordinate, or supervise Army surface transportation facilities, services, and functions, including traffic management; to operate Army Transportation Corps field installations and activities; and to perform transportation functions for the Air Force.

(2) Origin. (1) Prior to the reorganization of the Army in March 1942, the responsibility for the operation of transportation was assigned to the Office of the Quartermaster General, except for the operation of the Military Railway Service, a former function of the Chief of Engineers. General Staff supervision was exercised by the Transportation Section, Supply Division (G-4).

(ii) Knowledge gained in the early months of World War II paralleled the experiences of World War I and the necessity for an integrated surface transportation system operating under one coordinating agency became obvious.

(iii) In order to create one office that could facilitate rapid coordination and sound control of all surface transportation, the Transportation Corps was activated pursuant to Executive Order 9082, February 28, 1942, Issued under Authority of Title I of the First War Powers Act of July 31, 1942. On November 5, 1942, the Military Railway Service was transferred from the Corps of Engineers thus placing responsibility for all surface transportation activities under one office.

(3) Dual role of the Chief of Transportation—(i) Staff advice. The Chief of Transportation serves as technical staff advisor to the Secretary of the Army, the Chief of Staff, and all elements of the Army on matters pertaining to transportation.

(ii) Command. For the execution of the transportation mission, the Chief of Transportation commands all troops, activities, and installations assigned to his control.

(4) Legal basis. The responsibility for surface transportation for the Army is a function delegated to the Quarter-master General by congressional action (sec. IX, National Defense Act, as amended (10 U. S. C. 72)). Under authority of Executive Order 9722, May 13, 1946, a reorganization of the Department was accomplished March 10, 1948, which assigned the Quartermaster General water and commercial transportation responsibilities to the Chief of Transportation.

(5) Major functions—(i) Technical supervision. Exercises technical supervision over transportation activities for which the Army has responsibility.

(ii) Traffic management and engineering. Directs and coordinates freight traffic affairs and provides the Army with traffic and transportation engineering services, including the determination of transportation capabilities and

the adequacy and availability of transportation equipment on both domestic and foreign transportation systems.

(iii) Zone of interior movements. (a) Exercises technical supervision over the movement control and movement of troops, passengers, and freight for which the Army has responsibility within the zone of interior by commercial motor, rail, and water (inland, coastwise, and intercoastal) means of transportation.

(b) Issues releases to regulate the movement of Army-controlled cargo to

ports for export.

(c) Routes zone of interior commercial freight of one or more carloads if moved by rail, or the equivalent of one carload or more (as usually loaded) if moved by truck or water (inland, coastwise, or intercoastal), and all zone of interior movements of troops in groups of 15 or more.

(iv) Surface commercial carriers. Negotiates for the Army with commercial carriers, including the railway industry, commercial motor transportation industry, commercial shipping industry, and with other United States Government agencies on matters of surface transportation.

(v) Freight rates. Computes and quotes freight rates for the Army and conducts studies for rate adjustments and related matters affecting the movement of property for which the Army has responsibility.

(vi) Rail transport. (a) Exercises technical supervision over the operation of railroads and over the allocation, maintenance, repair, and economical use of railroad equipment for which the Army has responsibility.

(b) Exercises staff supervision over the operation of the Army fleet of railroad cars, except where otherwise specifically assigned.

(c) Designs and procures rail equipment for the Department of Defense, except where otherwise specifically assigned.

(vii) Ports of embarkation. Directs and supervises the operation of zone of interior Army ports of embarkation and develops procedures therefor.

(viii) Water transport. (a) Exercises staff supervision over water transportation activities required in connection with the movement to and from overseas of passengers and cargo for which the Army has responsibilities; and exercises control over the operation and maintenance of military traffic between zone of interior ports of embarkation and oversea bases and commands.

(b) Coordinates and controls the movement of Army transports and commercial vessels under charter to the Army.

(c) Exercises staff supervision over the assignment, operation, and maintenance of Army vessels and floating equipment, except where otherwise specifically assigned.

(d) Designs and procures floating equipment for the Army, except where otherwise specifically assigned.

(e) Procures specialized pier and ship cargo handling equipment for the Transportation Corps, except where otherwise specifically assigned.

(ix) Administrative vehicles. (a) Exercises staff supervision over the allocation, operation, and utilization of Army administrative vehicles in the zone of interior.

(b) Makes basic determination of requirements for administrative, line-of-communication, cargo and personnel vehicles, Transportation Corps truck units, and related equipment.

 (x) Marine personnel. Administers and supervises all Marine personnel af-

fairs of the Army.

(xi) Information. Prepares and disseminates information pertaining to status of personnel and freight movements, location of ships, and other associated transportation activities under control of the Army through Department of Defense channels.

(xii) Customs. Coordinates for the Army, with the Office, Commissioner of Customs, all customs matters pertaining

to surface transportation.

(Xiii) Support of agencies outside the Army—(a) Air Force. Many of the functions described above (in this paragraph) include measures for transportation support of Air Force activities. This support is arranged and authorized by Joint Army-Air Force Regulations.

(b) Other Government agencies. Support and assistance is also rendered to other agencies of the United States Government as directed by the Secretary of

the Army.

(6) Organization—(i) Administrative Office. (a) Provides administrative services such as correspondence control system, library, office supplies, reproduction service, files (to include maintenance, disposal, preservation, and retirement), space allocation, office of record, and message center for the Office of Chief of Transportation and exercises staff supervision over certain administrative services in Transportation Corps installations.

(b) Reviews and processes all proposed Department of the Army and Transportation Corps publications originating within the Office, Chief of Transportation, to insure compliance with established procedures governing the format, reproduction, distribution, etc., of publications.

(c) Administers Army policies governing printing and binding, reproduction, blank forms, publications, and contract field printing throughout the Transportation Corps.

(d) Reviews for coordination and clearance and transmits all instructions intended for two or more addresses.

(e) Acts as representative for the Office, Chief of Transportation in connection with all fund-raising activities.

(ii) Management Division. (a) Acts for the Chief of Transportation on matters of management, policies, and practices within the Office of the Chief of Transportation and Transportation Corps field installations, with major emphasis on standardization and improvement of organizations and procedures, and the locating of problem areas.

(b) Maintains a continuing review of the organization of the Transportation Corps for the purpose of recommending improvements and standard administrative and operational organizations.

(c) Acts as the Chief of Transportation staff agency for the clearance of all actions and communications affecting or pertaining to Army and Transporta-

tion Corps policy.

(d) Controls and conducts final review of all proposed Army and Transportation Corps publications, except those specifically assigned to Training and Organization Division, to insure clarity, proper concurrence, and com-pliance with policy.

(e) Develops and maintains the statistical program and administers the reports control system of the Transporta-

(f) Analyzes existing methods by which operational elements of the Transportation Corps fulfill their mission, and determines operations susceptible to the development of simplified and standard operating procedures.

(iii) Legal Division. (a) Advises and serves the elements of the Office of the Chief of Transportation as to contract, labor, maritime, and other legal matters,

(b) Performs legal and legislative liaison with Department of the Army agencies and, in coordination with Legislative and Liaison Division, General Staff, and outside agencies.

(c) Formulates and supervises compliance with Transportation Corps con-

tracting procedures.

(d) Supervises legal activities in Transportation Corps field installations.

(iv) Fiscal Division. (a) Prepares and submits the Budget for Transportation Service, Army.

(b) Makes fiscal analyses of activities financed by the funds of the Transportation Service, Army.

(c) Assembles Chief of Transportation

installation costs.

(d) Allots funds, maintains accounts, prepares current financial reports and

funds analyses.

- (e) Exercises staff supervision over Transportation Corps property accounting and money accounting matters, including procedures, practices, and standards.
- (f) Conducts examinations of the activities of Transportation Corps field installations so far as fiscal operations may be affected.
- (v) Personnel Division. (a) Exercises staff supervision over Transportation Corps personnel activities, military and civilian, and authorizations therefor.

(b) Administers the Transportation Corps and Office, Chief of Transportation

safety programs.

(c) Supervises the administration of civilian marine personnel of the Army.

- (vi) Military Planning and Intelligence Division. (a) Initiates, coordinates, and prepares strategic, logistical, emergency and/or long-range transportation plans.
- (b) Reviews plans, studies, and analyses prepared by other agencies of the Department of Defense in light of their transportation implications.
- (c) Prepares estimates and forecasts of transportation resources and requirements.

(d) Provides under the direction and supervision of the Intelligence Division, General Staff, intelligence on surface transportation to the Army,

(e) Provides representation for the Chief of Transportation and coordinates the work of other groups of the Office of the Chief of Transportation on committees and subcommittees of agencies of. the Combined and Joint Chiefs of Staff, and other agencies of the Department of Defense.

(f) Maintains liaison with transportation planners, such as Munitions Board, National Security Resources Board, Office of Defense Transportation, Maritime Commission, and Association of

American Railroads.

(g) Acts as top secret control and security officer for the Chief of Transportation, and performs staff supervision over Transportation Corps counterintelligence activities.

(h) Supervises Transportation Corps direct exchange of technical information with foreign nationals and arranges for clearance for foreign nationals to visit Transportation Corps installations and private plants.

(vii) Training and Organization Divi-(a) Exercises staff supervision

(1) Training of all units and personnel under the command of the Chief of Transportation.

(2) Activities of the Transportation

(3) Technical training of transportation units of the civilian components. and

(4) Troop Information and Education activities for Transportation Corps units and at Transportation Corps installations, including those aboard Army transports; and Special Services activities aboard transports.

(b) Prepares Transportation Corps mobilization training programs.

(c) Coordinates the program for the affiliation of Transportation Corps Organized Reserve Units.

(d) Inspects training at Transportation Corps installations.

(e) Prepares and revises organizational tables for all Transportation Corps type units; develops, reviews, and coordinates all training doctrine regarding Army transportation activities and employment of Transportation Corps type units.

(f) Prepares Transportation Corps portion of the Army troop basis for all

components.

(g) Reviews and coordinates all publications and visual training aids pertaining to Transportation Corps military training.

(h) Reviews for the Chief of Transportation publications and visual training aids (pertaining to military training) prepared by outside agencies.

(i) Exercises staff supervision over the development, and preparation of films, film strips, and other visual training aids regarding special activities, and acquires and reviews films prepared by civilian and governmental agencies to determine suitability for use by Transportation Corps officers, Organized Reserve Corps and Reserve Officers Training Corps organizations.

(viii) Supply and Facilities Division. (a) Exercises staff supervision over:

(1) Supply procurement, supply control, stock control, and property dis-posal functions and activities of the Transportation Corps.

(2) Compilation and determination of requirements for items of supply used by the Transportation Corps (exclusive of administrative vehicles), and for Transportation Corps items of supply used by other technical services and

agencies.

(3) Development of tables of allowances for Army water vessels operated under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Transportation, replacement factors, and consumption rates, participation in Munitions Board cataloging program for standardization of uniform item identification; and development of Trans-portation Corps supply catalogs for publication.

(4) The prosecution of research, development, and assigned engineering projects, and liaison with other Army and governmental agencies in the design and development of equipment for the use of the Transportation Corps.

(5) Acquisition, construction, utilization, maintenance, and disposition of real property and fixed facilities under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Transporta-

tion.

(6) Fire prevention and protection activities aboard vessels under the jurisdiction of the Chief of Transportation. (7) Industrial mobilization planning

activities of the Transportation Corps. (8) Transportation Corps stock control point at Marietta Transportation

Corps Depot.

(b) Exercises technical supervision over training and organization matters pertaining to Transportation Corps supply units.

(c) Prepares and/or consolidates, for submission to the Fiscal Division, annual fund requirements and justifications and administers the allocation of funds, in connection with those projects assigned to the division by the Chief of Transportation.

(ix) Movements Division. (a) Directs, supervises, and administers those movement control functions for which the Chief of Transportation is responsible, including passenger and freight traffic movements by land; air; inland, coastwise, and intercoastal waterways.

(b) Allocates export water traffic to specific ports for loading and handles

customs matters.

(c) Correlates short-range forecasts of traffic requirements and transportation capabilities.

(d) Plans movement programs.

(e) Directs routing and distribution of

(f) Withholds and releases traffic for ports and critical areas.

(g) Exercises general supervision over field and departmental traffic activities. (h) Applies technical principles to

claims for loss and damage to Army property.

(f) Negotiates with carriers for voluntary rate reductions and favorable rules or prepares basic cases seeking such adjustments by regulatory bodies.

(j) Provides the Department of the Army with statistics on traffic.

(x) Water Transport Service Division.
(a) Exercises staff and technical supervision over, establishes procedures and regulations for, and initiates, develops, implements planning involving Army ocean transportation activities of the Army.

(b) Supervises the acquisition, assignment, or release of Army transports and other owned and bareboat chartered vessels; determines requirements for, arranges for, and negotiates rates and terms for commercial ocean transportation (time, voyage, space-charter, and bill of lading shipment rates and terms).

(c) Controls and supervises the operation and employment of Army-owned vessels and bareboat, time, and voyage chartered vessels assigned to zone of interior ports of embarkation, and related stevedoring and marine casualty activ-

(d) Directs, coordinates, and supervises water-borne passenger and cargo traffic of Army responsibility on Army-controlled and commercial vessels on a world-wide basis, including the movement of personnel and cargo of other Government agencies, and authorized dependents and civilian passengers.

(e) Recommends crews, grades and strengths, withdrawals and assignment of maritime personnel, and supervises the food service and vessel exchange programs on Army-operated vessels.

(f) Exercises technical supervision over Army-controlled vessels assigned to zone of interior armies and oversea commands.

(g) Supervises, directs, and controls all matters in connection with alteration, maintenance, repair, and conversion of transports and harbor boats assigned to class II installations of the Transportation Corps and exercises technical supervision over marine repair shops and over alteration, maintenance and repair of vessels assigned to zone of interior armies and oversea commands.

(h) Recommends design suitability of used vessels and design of new vessels

for Army use.

(f) Exercises administrative and technical supervision in connection with United States Coast Guard certification of transports and harbor boats, and American Bureau of Shipping classification of transports.

(j) Reviews training and technical publications including manuals, correspondence courses, and other reference

publications.

(k) Prepares, reviews, and edits budget estimates.

 Determines periodic allotments and maintains control over the use of funds for water transportation activities at Transportation Corps class II installations.

(m) Prepares cost and utilization data covering operation of Army transports, harbor craft, and commercial vessels carrying supplies and personnel.

(n) Compiles statistical and other studies to meet routine and special requirements for planning and control. (o) Maintains records and compiles periodic reports reflecting status and operations of vessels in Army service.

(xi) Railway Transport Service Division. (a) Exercises staff and technical supervision for the Chief of Transportation over all matters pertaining to railway transportation, not otherwise specifically assigned.

(b) Analyzes, evaluates, and interprets railway transportation intelligence.

(c) Prepares the railway portion of studies required by the General Staff and other army agencies, and Joint Chiefs of Staff.

 (d) Establishes equipment characteristics and requirements for Army railway projects in all oversea commands.

(e) Recommends selection of officer personnel and reviews tables of organization for the Military Railway Service units; renders technical advice in connection with fundamental training doctrine as expressed in manuals, extension or school courses, or other publications, and visual training aids so far as they pertain to railway transportation, and prepares certain specialized material when directed.

(f) Exercises technical staff supervision over the operation and over the maintenance-of-way and equipment of

military railroads.

(g) Exercises technical supervision over the operation and equipment maintenance of Army railways and direct supervision over the operation of zone of interior Transportation Corps railroad repair shops.

(xii) Highway Transport Service Division. (a) Develops, prepares, and evaluates highway transport plans for the

Army

(b) Provides the Army with highway transportation engineering services, including logistical studies concerning highway transportation and determinations of foreign and domestic highway capablities, capacity, and requirements for truck units and related equipment.

(c) Acts for the Chief of Transportation as the official representative of the Department of the Defense in liaison with the Commissioner of Public Roads and the American Association of State Highway Officials in matters pertaining to highways for national defense, and coordinates the Department of Defense requirements in carrying out this liaison.

(d) Determines within the zone of interior the degree and manner of administrative vehicle utilization, reviews vehicle requirements, makes basic recommendations for the revision of established allocations, maintains perpetual inventories of vehicles for administrative use; and implements procedures for the reporting of costs of operation of administrative vehicles.

(e) Authorizes and supervises the supply of transportation service used pursuant to Public Law 560, 80th Congress and maintains records of the location and cost thereof.

(f) Determines the essential characteristics required in personnel and cargo type vehicles and recommends Army action to assure proper vehicle design and distribution to meet the needs

of the Transportation Corps; initiates research projects on related subjects.

(g) Develops requirements for, analyzes, interprets, and makes the technical evaluation of military intelligence as it pertains to highways and highway transport.

(h) Prepares the highway transportations portions of studies required by General Staff and Joint Chiefs of Staff

agencies.

(i) Makes recommendations for new or revised tables of organization and

equipment.

(j) Renders technical advice in connection with fundamental training doctrine as expressed in manuals, extension or other school courses, and other publications, and visual training aids so far as they pertain to highway transportation, and prepares certain specialized material when directed.

[SEAL] EDWARD F. WITSELL,

Major General, USA.

The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 50-885; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:47 a, m]

### FOREIGN TRADE AND FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS IN JAPAN

## PRIVATE COMMERCIAL ENTRANTS

The following material promulgated by the Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, Japan, contains regulations of interest to American citizens relative to Private Commercial Entrants, Japan. Included is SCAP Circular 29, December 21, 1949, which amends SCAP Circular 22, as published in 14 F. R. 6486, October 22, 1949.

[Circular No. 29, December 21, 1949]

## PRIVATE COMMERCIAL ENTRANTS

The second sentence of paragraph 7, Circular 22, General Headquarters, Supreme Commander for the Allied Powers, September 13, 1949, is amended to read as follows:

The Japanese Government has been prohibited from imposing discriminatory taxes against non-Japanese nationals and from imposing any tax on income based upon or measured in non-yen currencles.

By command of General MacArthur.

EDWARD M. ALMOND, Major General, General Staff Corps, Chief of Staff.

[SEAL] EDWARD F. WITSELL,

Major General,

The Adjutant General.

[F. R. Doc. 50-884; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

# Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions

EMPLOYMENT OF HANDICAPPED CLIENTS BY SHELTERED WORKSHOPS

NOTICE OF ISSUANCE OF SPECIAL CERTIFICATES

Notice is hereby given that special certificates authorizing the employment of handicapped clients at hourly wage rates lower than the minimum wage

rates applicable under section 6 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended, and section 1 (b) of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act, as amended, have been issued to the sheltered workshops hereinafter mentioned, under section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (sec. 14, 52 Stat. 1068; 29 U.-S. C. 214; as amended 63 Stat. 910), and Part 525 of the regulations issued thereunder as amended (29 CFR, Part 525), and under sections 4 and 6 of the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (secs. 4, 6, 49 Stat. 2038; 41 U. S. C. 38, 40) and Article 1102 of the regulations issued pursuant thereto (41 CFR, 201.1102).

The names and addresses of the sheltered workshops to which certificates were issued, wage rates, and the effective and expiration dates of the cer-

tificates are as follows:

New York Guild for the Jewish Blind, 1880 Broadway, New York 23, New York; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 60 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 60 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective January 18, 1950, and expires December 31, 1950.

Maryland workshop for the blind, 601 N. Fulton Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 40 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 40 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective December 20, 1949, and expires December 19, 1950.

Upper Susquehanna Branch Pennsylvania Association for the Blind, 1246 Vine Avenue, Williamsport, Pennsylvania; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate pald non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 15 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 5 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective January 25, 1950, and expires July 31, 1950.

The City Mission, 1117 Peach Street, Erie, Pennsylvania; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid non-handicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 40 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 40 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective January 25, 1950, and expires October 31, 1950.

The Monteflore Home, 3151 Mayfield Rd., Cleveland Heights 18, Ohio; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid nonhandicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 15 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 10 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective January 25, 1950, and expires November 30, 1950.

Indianapolis Goodwill Industries, Inc., 215 S. Senate Ave., Indianapolis, Indiana; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid nonhandicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 30 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 20 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective February 1, 1950, and expires October 31, 1950.

Veterans of Foreign Wars of the U. S., Soldiers' Home, St. James, Missouri, at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid nonhandicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 10 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 5 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective January 16, 1950, and expires June 30, 1950.

Veterans Home, Napa, California; at a wage rate of not less than the piece rate paid nonhandicapped employees engaged in the same occupation in regular commercial industry maintaining approved labor standards, or not less than 25 cents per hour, whichever is higher, and a rate of not less than 25 cents for each new client during his initial 4-week evaluation period in the workshop; certificate is effective January 15, 1950, and expires April 15, 1950.

The employment of handicapped clients in the above-mentioned sheltered workshops under these certificates is limited to the terms and conditions therein contained and is subject to the provisions of Part 525 of the regulations. as amended. These certificates have been issued on the applicants' representations that they are sheltered workshops as defined in the regulations and that special services are provided their handicapped clients. A sheltered workshop is defined as, "A charitable organization or institution conducted not for profit, but for the purpose of carrying out a recognized program of rehabilitation for individuals whose earning capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury, and to provide such individuals with remunerative employment or other occupational rehabilitating activity of an educational or therapeutic nature."

These certificates may be cancelled in the manner provided by the regulations, as amended. Any person aggrieved by the issuance of any of these certificates may seek a review or reconsideration thereof within fifteen days after publication of this notice in the Federal Register.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 24th day of January, 1956.

RAYMOND G. GARCEAU, Director, Field Operations Branch.

[F. R. Doc. 50-880; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

[Administrative Order 394]

CHIEFS OF EDUCATION AND TRAINING SEC-TION IN REGIONAL OFFICES OF VETERANS' ADMINISTRATION

DESIGNATION AS AUTHORIZED REPRESENTA-TIVES TO GRANT TEMPORARY CERTIFICATES AUTHORIZING EMPLOYMENT OF DISABLED VETERANS AT SUBMINIMUM WAGE RATES

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 1060; 29 U. S. C. and Sup. 214), and Part 524 of the regulations issued by the Administrator thereunder (29 CFR, Part 524); Regulations No. 504, Article 1102 (41 CFR 201,1102), and the amendment to the Administrative Order No. 111 dated March 25, 1944, issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act (49 Stat. 2036; 41 U. S. C. 35-45); I, William R. McComb, Administrator of the Wage and Hour and Public Contracts Divisions, United States Department of Labor, do hereby appoint the Chiefs of the Education and Training Section in the Regional Offices of the Veterans' Administration, and in their absence the Acting Chiefs of the Education and Training Section, as my authorized representatives with full power and authority, pursuant to section 14 of the Fair Labor Standards Act, as amended, and Part 52' of the regulations issued thereunder (29 CFR, Part 524), and the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act and Regulations No. 504, Article 1102, as amended, Issued thereunder (41 CFR 201.1102), to grant or deny applications for temporary certificates, and to sign and issue such temporary certificates, authorizing the employment of veterans handicapped by service-incurred disabilities (as determined by the Veterans' Administration) under any vocational rehabilitation program administered by the Veterans' Administration at wage rates lower than the minimum wage applicable under the Fair Labor Standards Act or the Walsh-Healey Public Contracts Act.

This supersedes all previous orders heretofore issued by me or by my predecessors in office authorizing certain designated officials of the Veterans' Administration to sign and issue temporary certificates for the employment of veterans handicapped by service-incurred disabilities at subminimum wage

rates.

Signed at Washington, D. C., this 27th day of January 1950.

Wm. R. McComs, Administrator, Wage and Hour Division.

[F. R. Doc. 50-894; Piled, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

## FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION

[Docket No. 9571]

HOME TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH CO.

ORDER INSTITUTING INVESTIGATION

In the matter of charges, classifications, regulations and practices for and in connection with private line services and channels of the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company (Fort Wayne, Indiana), and its connecting and concurring carriers; Docket No. 9571.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission, held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of

January 1950:

The Commission, having under consideration new and revised tariff schedules filed by the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company on December 28, 1949, to be effective January 27, 1950, designated as follows:

HOME TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY

TARIFF F. C. C. NO. 8

Second Revised Page 20. Second Revised Page 23. First Revised Page 24. Original Page 24-A. Second Revised Page 25. First Revised Page 26. First Revised Page 28. Original Page 28-A.

in which increased charges for interstate communication service are proposed as follows: (1) Increased interexchange channel charges for full period and short period private line telephone services; (2) increased charges for local channels for private line telephone and Morse services; (3) increased service connection and inside move charges for all private line services and channels; and (4) increased charges for local channels used in connection with channels for program transmission furnished by the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company and certain of its connecting carriers;

It appearing, that the Commission is unable to determine from an inspection of the above-cited tariff schedules whether the charges, classifications, regulations and practices therein set forth will be just and reasonable or otherwise lawful under the Communications Act of 1934, as amended; and that if said new and revised tariff schedules are permitted to become effective the rights and interests of the public may be adversely

affected thereby;
It is ordered, That, pursuant to sections 201, 202, 204, 205 and 403 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the Commission, upon its own motion and without formal pleading, shall enter upon a hearing and investigation concerning (1) the lawfulness of the charges, classifications, regulations and practices set forth in the above-cited new and revised tariff schedules, and (2) the lawfulness of the charges, classifications, regulations and practices provided for in the currently effective tariff schedules of the carriers named respondent herein, on file with this Commission, applicable to private line telephone service, private line Morse service, and channels for program transmission:

It is further ordered, That, pursuant to section 204 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the operation of the above-cited new and revised tariff schedules of the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company is hereby suspended until April 27, 1950, unless otherwise ordered by the Commission; and that during said period of suspension no changes shall be made in said tariff schedules, or in the charges, classifications, regulations or practices sought to be altered thereby, unless authorized by special permission of the Commission;

It is further ordered. That without in any way limiting the scope of the hearing and investigation herein, inquiry shall be made into the following specific

matters:

(1) The lawfulness under sections 201 and 202 of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, of the charges, classifications, regulations and practices set forth in the above-cited new and revised tariff schedules and in the currently effective tariff schedules of the carriers named respondent herein, on file with this Commission, applicable to private line telephone service, private line Morse service, and channels for program transmission:

(2) Whether, under section 205 (a) of the Communications Act of 1934, as amended, the Commission should prescribe just, fair and reasonable charges, classifications, regulations and practices for and in connection with the services covered by the above-cited tariff schedules, and, if so, what charges, classifications, regulations or practices should be

so prescribed;

It is further ordered, That in the event a decision as to the lawfulness of the charges, classifications, regulations and practices herein suspended has not been made during the aforesaid suspension period, and said charges, classifications, regulations and practices set forth in the above-cited tariff schedules go into effect, the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company and the other carriers named parties respondent herein shall, until further order of the Commission, keep accurate accounts of all amounts charged, collected or received by reason of the increased charges set forth in said tariff schedules, specifying by whom and in whose behalf such amounts are paid: and shall file with the Commission a report on or before the 10th day of each calendar month, commencing May 10, 1950, showing the amounts accounted for as aforesaid during the previous calendar month:

It is further ordered, That a copy of this order be filed in the offices of the Commission with said tariff schedules herein suspended; that the Home Telephone and Telegraph Company and all carriers listed in said tariff schedules as concurring and connecting carriers are hereby made parties respondent to this proceeding; and that a copy hereof be served on each such respondent;

It is further ordered, That a public hearing shall be held herein at the offices of the Federal Communications Commission in Washington, D. C., on the 15th day of February 1950, beginning at 10:00

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, T. J. SLOWIE.

[SEAL]

Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-887; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[Docket No. 94661 KVLH BROADCASTING CO. ORDER CONTINUING HEARING

In re application of James T. Jackson, Galen O. Gilbert, Phil Crenshaw, George A. Rountree and Harley E. Walker, d/b as KVLH Broadcasting Company, Pauls Valley, Oklahoma, for modification of license; Docket No. 9466, File No. BML-

The Commission having under consideration a petition filed January 20, 1950, by KVLH Broadcasting Company, requesting a further continuance of the hearing presently scheduled for February 3, 1950, at Washington, D. C., in the proceeding upon the above-entitled application: and

It appearing, that there is no opposition to the petition and that good cause for the continuance has been shown:

It is ordered, This 25th day of January 1950, that the hearing in the aboveentitled proceeding, now scheduled for February 3, 1950, be, and it is hereby, continued to February 27, 1950, at 10 o'clock a. m.

> FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, T. J. SLOWIE. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-888; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:50 a. m.]

[SEAL]

[Docket No. 9502]

CLASS B FM BROADCAST STATIONS

ORDER AMENDING REVISED TENTATIVE ALLOCATION PLAN

In the matter of amendment of the Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast Stations; Docket No. 9502.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held in its office in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of January 1950;

The Commission having under consideration a proposal to amend its Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM

Broadcast Stations; and

It appearing, that notice of proposed rule-making (FCC 49-1517) setting forth the above amendment was issued by the Commission on November 16, 1949, and was duly published in the Federal Regis-TER (14 F. R. 7165), which notice provided that interested parties might file statements or briefs with respect to the said amendment on or before December 19, 1949; and

It further appearing, that comments favoring the adoption of the Commission's proposals were received from Radio Station WQQW, Inc., permittee of Station WQQW-FM, Washington, D. C.; Broadcast Management, Inc., permittee of Station WBBC-FM, Bethesda-Chevy Chase, Maryland; Radio Wisconsin, Inc., permittee of Station WISC-FM, Madison, Wisconsin; and Pennsylvania Broadcast Company, licensee of WIP-FM, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania; and

It further appearing, that no comments were received opposing the adoption of the proposed reallocation affecting Ventura, California; Bridgeport, Connecticut; Coram, New York; Frederick, Maryland; Front Royal, Virginia; Harrisburg, Pennsylvania; Holyoke, Massachusetts; Keene, New Hampshire; Batavia, New York; Bristol Center, New York; Columbus, Nebraska; Sunbury, Pennsylvania; Concord, North Carolina; Pennsylvania; Concord, North Carolina; Milwaukee, Wisconsin and Madison, Wisconsin; and

It further appearing, that the allocation of Channel 226 to Gadsden, Alabama was proposed in order to make a channel available for a pending application, which application has been dismissed at the applicant's request; and

It further appearing, that the immediate adoption of the proposed reallocations affecting those areas where the reallocations were unopposed, would make possible a more, fair, equitable and efficient distribution of FM frequencies;

It is ordered, That, effective March 6, 1950, the Revised Tentative Allocation Plan for Class B FM Broadcast Stations is amended as follows:

General area	Cha	Channels	
	Delete	Add	
Ventura, Calif		264	
Bridgeport, Conn	277	20	
Frederick, Md. Front Royal, Va	208	260	
Harrisburg, Pa. Holyoke, Muss. Keene, N. H	282		
Batavia, N. Y. Bristol Center, N. Y.	235	236	
Columbus, Nebr	284	268	
Concord, N. C. Laurinburg, N. C. Milwaukee, Wis.	THE PERSON NAMED IN	245	
Madison, Wis	255	251	

It is further ordered, That the remaining proposals contained in the Commission's notice of proposed rule making herein (FCC 49-1517) will be considered by the Commission at a later date.

Released: January 25, 1950.

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS
COMMISSION,
[SEAL] T. J. SLOWIE,
Secretary.

[P. R. Doc. 50-889; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Docket No. 9572]

LICENSING OF RADIO BROADCAST STATIONS
NOTICE OF ORAL ARGUMENT

In the matter of establishment of a uniform policy to be followed in licens-

ing of radio broadcast stations cases in connection with violation by an applicant of laws of the U. S. other than the Communications Act of 1934, as amended; Docket No. 9572.

At a session of the Federal Communications Commission held at its offices in Washington, D. C., on the 25th day of

January 1950;

It appearing that the Commission has placed in the pending files certain applications for new broadcast stations or for changes in facilities of existing broadcast stations, and has heretofore temporarily extended licenses of certain radio broadcast stations on the grounds that such applicants or licensees have been found by a federal court to have violated laws of the United States relating to monopoly, restraint of trade, unfair competition and other matters;

It further appearing that the Commission has not heretofore enunciated a clear policy to be followed in acting on radio broadcast applications concerning the effect to be given to a violation by the applicant of laws of the United States other than the Communications

Act of 1934, as amended:

It further appearing that it is desirable that a uniform policy be established on this point and that the most effective method of arriving at such a policy is to hold an oral argument at which all interested persons may participate;

It is ordered, That an oral argument be held before the Commission en banc in Washington, D. C., beginning at 10 a. m. February 13, 1950, on the above matters. Persons desiring to participate in such argument must file on or before February 6, 1950, an appearance accompanied by a brief or memorandum outlining the points upon which argument will be made. Persons participating in such argument may address themselves to any and all points they deem relevant in connection with the adoption of a policy on these matters. Without limiting the points to be covered but in order to furnish form and scope to the argument it is suggested that the participants address themselves at least to the following points:

1. The authority of the Commission to consider in its licensing of broadcast stations the fact that an applicant has violated a law of the United States,

other than the Communications Act of 1934, as amended. If the Commission has such authority, is there any basis in policy for not considering such violations.

2. If the Commission has such authority, should there be a difference in procedure or result in any of the following types of situations. In this connection consideration should be given to the situations involving both comparative hearings and non-comparative hearings:

(a) Whether the finding of the violation is in a civil or criminal case.

(b) Whether the finding of violation is by the United States Supreme Court or by a lower federal court.

(c) Where, after the finding of violation, a decree is entered by an appropriate court which results in the elimination of the practice which was a violation of federal law.

(d) Where there has been no finding of violation but a suit has been filed al-

leging a violation.

[SEAL]

(e) Where there has been no finding of violation or no filing of a suit, but the Commission is in possession of information which shows that there has been a violation of federal law.

> Federal Communications Commission, T. J. Slowie,

Secretary.
[F. R. Doc. 50-890; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:51 a. m.]

[Change List 54]

CANADIAN BROADCAST STATIONS

LIST OF CHANGES, PROPOSED CHANGES, AND CORRECTIONS IN ASSIGNMENTS

JANUARY 9, 1950.

Notification under the provisions of Part III, section 2 of the North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement.

List of changes, proposed changes, and corrections in assignments of Canadian Broadcast Stations modifying appendix containing assignments of Canadian Broadcast Stations (Mimeograph 47214-3) attached to the recommendations of the North American Regional Broadcasting Agreement Engineering Meeting, January 30, 1941.

CANADA

Call letters	Location	Power	Radiation	Class	Probable date to commence operation
CHFACKVMCKY	Edmonton, Alberta	710 kilocycles, 1 kw 1080 kilocycles, 5 kw 1220 kilocycles, 1 kw (changes in D.A-1 only). 1230 kilocycles, 250 w (as- signment of call letters).	DA-N	II II II II	New in operation. Do. Do.
New OKLB	La Sarre, Quebeo Galiawa, Ontario	(Change in call letters from		IV IV	October 1950.
CEDA	Victoria, British Colum- bia.	CKDO.) 1340 kilocycles, 250 w (assignment of call letters).		ıv	41.41

[SEAL]

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION, T. J. SLOWIE, Secretary.

[P. R. Doc. 50-891; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:51 a. m.].

## FEDERAL POWER COMMISSION

[Docket No. E-6258]

BRAZOS RIVER CONSERVATION AND RECLAMATION DISTRICT

NOTICE OF DECLARATION OF INTENTION

JANUARY 26, 1950.

Notice is hereby given that Brazos River Conservation and Reclamation District of Mineral Wells, Texas, has filed a declaration of intention pursuant to section 23 (b) of the Federal Power Act (16.U.S. C. 817) to construct three hydroelectric developments on the Brazos River between the existing Possum Kingdom (Morris Sheppard) Dam and the head of the reservoir to be created by the Whitney Dam, now under construction, each consisting principally of a concrete dam with a Tainter gate section and earth dikes, a reservoir, and a power plant, as follows:

(1) Turkey Creek Dam 79 feet high and 1,352 feet long in Palo Pinto County about 6 miles in a northwesterly direction from Mineral Wells, creating a reservoir with area of 4,700 acres and capacity of 114,000 acre-feet, and a powerhouse containing one 21,256-kilovolt-ampere generating unit operating

under a head of 65 feet;

(2) Inspiration Point Dam 82 feet high and 1,528 feet long in Palo Pinto County about 8 miles in a southerly direction from Mineral Wells, creating a reservoir with area of 6,350 acres and capacity of 165,000 acre-feet, and a powerhouse containing one 25,000-kilovoltampere generating unit operating under a head of 68.5 feet; and

(3) De Cordova Bend Dam 83 feet high and 2,211 feet long in Hood County about 7½ miles in a southeasterly direction from Granbury, creating a reservoir with area of 7,730 acres and capacity of 160,000 acre-feet, and a powerhouse containing one 43,478-kilovolt-ampere generating unit operating under a head of

90.5 feet.

The proposed developments will be investigated by the Commission and if, upon such investigation, the Commission finds that the interests of interstate or foreign commerce would be affected, or that any lands of the United States would be affected thereby, construction may not be commenced until a license has been applied for and obtained.

Any communication from persons interested in this matter may be submitted, within 30 days from publication of this notice, addressed to the Federal Power Commission, Washington 25, D. C.

[SEAT.]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F R. Doc. 50-871; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:46 a, m.]

[Docket No. G-1210, G-1236, G-1248, G-1264, G-1267, G-1277, G-1290, G-1306]

TENNESSEE GAS TRANSMISSION CO., ET AL.
ORDER CONSOLIDATING PROCEEDINGS AND
FIXING DATE OF HEARING

JANUARY 24, 1950.

In the matters of Tennessee Gas Transmission Company, Docket No. G-1248; Northeastern Gas Transmission Company, Docket No. G-1267; Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation, Docket No. G-1277; Eugene H. Cole (Erie Gas Service Company, Inc.), Docket No. G-1210; Lake Shore Pipe Line Company, Docket No. G-1236; Grand River Gas Transmission Company, Docket No. G-1264; New York State Natural Gas Corporation, Docket No. G-1306; and Tennessee Gas Transmission Company, Docket No. G-1290.

On August 2, 1949, Tennessee Gas Transmission Company (Tennessee) filed an application in Docket No. G-1248 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 4, 1949 (14 F. R. 6696).

On August 24, 1949, Northeastern Gas Transmission Company (Northeastern) filed an application in Docket No. G-1267 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 4, 1949 (14 F. R. 6696-97).

On September 9, 1949, Transcontinental Gas Pipe Line Corporation (Transcontinental) filed an application in Docket No. G-1277 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of the filing of the application has been given, including publication in the Federal Register on October 1, 1949 (14 F. R. 6028).

Northeastern proposes to sell natural gas to privately or publicly owned gas pipe lines or distribution systems, the facilities of which connect with extensions or laterals to be constructed by it from its pipe line system or that of Tennessee, at points of delivery at or near city gates or town borders, in any of the six New England states, and has entered into contracts with Tennessee and Transcontinental for the purchase of its natural gas supply. Tennessee and Transcontinental purpose, among other things, to construct and operate facilities for the purpose of supplying natural gas to Northeastern

On November 15, 1949, the Commission by order granted a motion filed by Transcontinental in Docket No. G-1277 requesting, among other things, that its application therein be set for hearing during the first week of December 1949, and that there be severed from the application to be heard at that time its request for authorization to construct those facilities which are designed specifically for service to Northeastern, to wit, approximately 10 miles of 24-inch pipe line and approximately 26 miles of 20-inch pipe line extending from Doctors Creek (2,300 feet west of Hackensack River) in Bergen County, New Jersey, through the County of Bergen in New Jersey and through the County of Westchester in the State of New York, to a point on the New York-Connecti-cut line at or near the town of Greenwich, Connecticut, together with compressor station No. 20 as shown on Exhibit C attached to said application, and authorization to construct the sales lateral extending from Paterson, New Jersey, to the main line extension just described. Hearings on Transcontinental's application, as limited by said order of November 15, 1949, are now in prog-

On May 12, 1949, Eugene H. Cole filed, in Docket No. G-1210, an application in the name of Erie Gas Service Company, Inc., a proposed corporation (Erie Gas) for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on June 9. 1949 (14 F. R. 3145)

On July 5, 1949, Lake Shore Pipe Line Company (Lake Shore) filed an application in Docket No. G-1236 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on July 19, 1949 (14 F. R. 4500).

On August 19, 1949, Grand River Gas Transmission Company (Grand River) filed an application in Docket No. G-1264 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application has been given, including publication in the Federal Register on September 10, 1949 (14 F. R. 5577-58).

Each of the applicants, Erie Gas, Lake Shore, and Grand River, propose to purchase natural gas from Tennessee and transport and sell such gas for resale in interstate commerce in the general area cost of Cleveland, Ohio, within the State of Ohio.

On December 19, 1949, New York State Natural Gas Corporation (New York State Natural) filed an application in Docket No. G-1396 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on January 7, 1950 (15 F. R. 65),

New York State Natural proposes to extend and make additions to its present transmission system and to its underground gas storage capacity, and to sell and deliver natural gas to Central New York Power Corporation and New York Power and Light Corporation for distribution in Albany, New York, and in other districts now served by them in the State of New York. New York State Natural and Tennessee have entered into contracts under which Tennesese will sell and deliver natural gas to New York State Natural, at points of connection on Tennessee's proposed pipe line, as described in its application in Docket No. G-1248. The latter application is by reference made a part of New York State Natural's application in Docket No. G-1306.

On October 17, 1949, Tennessee filed an application in Docket No. G-1290 for a certificate of public convenience and necessity, pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, authorizing the construction and operation of certain natural-gas facilities subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as described in the application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection. Notice of filing of the application in has been given, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on October 27, 1949 (14 F. R. 6560).

Tennessee proposes, in its application in Docket No. G-1290, to construct and operate a sales meter station at a point on its main transmission pipe line in Kanawha County, West Virginia, and to sell and deliver at that point 5,000 Mcf of natural gas per day to Godfrey L. Cabot, Inc., for resale by the latter.

The Commission finds: It is reasonable and good cause exists for the applications in Docket Nos. G-1248, G-1267, G-1210, G-1236, G-1264, G-1306, G-1290, and that part of the application in Docket No. G-1277 requesting a certificate authorizing construction and operation of facilities designed specifically for service to Northeastern Gas Transmission Company as hereinbefore described, to be consolidated for purposes of hearing as hereinafter ordered.

The Commission orders:

(A) The aforesaid proceedings in Docket Nos. G-1248, G-1267, G-1210, G-1236, G-1264, G-1306, G-1290, and that part of the application in Docket No. G-1277 requesting a certificate authorizing construction and operation of facilities described specifically for service to Northeastern Gas Transmission Company as hereinbefore described, be and the same hereby are consolidated for purpose of hearing.

(B) Pursuant to authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a public hearing be held in the consolidated proceedings, commencing on March 7, 1950, at 10;00 a. m. e. s. t. in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue, NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and issues presented by the said applications referred to in paragraph (A) hereof.

(C) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and 1.37 (f) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: January 26, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-869; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:45 a.m.]

[Docket No. G-1294] CITIES SERVICE GAS Co.

ORDER FIXING DATE OF HEARING

On November 7, 1949, Cities Service Gas Company (Applicant), a Delaware Corporation with its principal place of business at Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, filed an application for a certificate of public convenience and necessity pursuant to section 7 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, to construct and operate certain facilities, subject to the jurisdiction of the Commission, as are fully described in such application on file with the Commission and open to public inspection.

Applicant has requested that this application be heard under the shortened procedure provided for by § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure; no request to be heard or protest has been filed subsequent to giving of due notice of the filing of the application, including publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER on November 19, 1949 (14 F. R. 7019).

The Commission finds: This proceeding is a proper one for disposition under the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

The Commission orders:

(A) Pursuant to the authority contained in and subject to the jurisdiction conferred upon the Federal Power Commission by sections 7 and 15 of the Natural Gas Act, as amended, and the Commission's rules of practice and procedure, a hearing be held on February 10. 1950, at 9:30 o'clock a. m., e. s. t., in the Hearing Room of the Federal Power Commission, 1800 Pennsylvania Avenue NW., Washington, D. C., concerning the matters involved and the issues presented by such application, Provided, however, That the Commission may, after a non-contested hearing, forthwith dispose of the proceeding pursuant to the provisions of § 1.32 (b) of the Commission's rules of practice and procedure.

(B) Interested State commissions may participate as provided by §§ 1.8 and

1.37 (f) of the said rules of practice and procedure.

Date of issuance: January 25, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

LEON M. FUQUAY, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 80-870; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:45 a. m.]

## FEDERAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Docket No. 5656]

DABROL PRODUCTS CORP. AND ANDREW O'BLASNEY

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING TESTIMONY

In the matter of Dabrol Products Corporation, a corporation, and Andrew O'Blasney, individually and as an officer of Dabrol Products Corporation.

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission.

It is ordered, That Frank Hier, a Trial Examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered, That the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence begin on Monday, February 6, 1950, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, c. s. t., in Room 802-A, New Post Office

Building, Chicago, Illinois. Upon completion of the taking of testimony and receipt of evidence in support of the allegations of the complaint, the Trial Examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respond-The Trial Examiner will then ents. close the taking of testimony and evidence and, after all intervening procedure as required by law, will close the case and make and serve on the parties at issue a recommended decision which shall include recommended findings and conclusions, as well as the reasons or basis therefor, upon all the material issues of fact, law, or discretion presented on the record, and an appropriate recommended order; all of which shall become a part of the record in said proceeding.

Issued: January 23, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

D. C. DANIEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-881; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. 5700]

NATIONAL INSTITUTE OF PRACTICAL NURSING ET AL.

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING TESTIMONY

In the matter of National Institute of Practical Nursing, a corporation, and Edward Williams and Lillian J. Williams, individually and as officers of said corporation.

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission,

It is ordered, That John W. Addison, a Trial Examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is jurther ordered, That the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence begin on Tuesday, February 7, 1950, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, e.s. t., in Room 332, Federal Trade Commission Building, Washington, D. C.

Upon completion of the taking of testimony and receipt of evidence in support of the allegations of the complaint, the Trial Examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondents. The Trial Examiner will then close the taking of testimony and evidence, and, after all intervening procedure as required by law, will close the case and make and serve on the parties at issue a recommended decision which shall include recommended findings and conclusions, as well as the reasons or basis therefor, upon all the material issues of fact, law, or discretion presented on the record, and an appropriate recommended order; all of which shall become a part of the record in said proceeding.

Issued: January 17, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

D. C. Daniel, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-882; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:48 a. m.]

[Docket No. 5729]

RONALD CO.

ORDER APPOINTING TRIAL EXAMINER AND FIXING TIME AND PLACE FOR TAKING TESTIMONY

In the matter of Earl Aronberg and Lewis Potter, individuals trading as the Ronald Company.

This matter being at issue and ready for the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence, and pursuant to authority vested in the Federal Trade Commission.

It is ordered, That Frank Hier, a Trial Examiner of this Commission, be and he hereby is designated and appointed to take testimony and receive evidence in this proceeding and to perform all other duties authorized by law;

It is further ordered, That the taking of testimony and the receipt of evidence begin on Wednesday, February 8, 1950, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day c. s. t., in Room 802-A, New Post Office Building, 433 West Van Buren Street, Chicago, Illinois.

No. 21-5

Upon completion of the taking of testimony and receipt of evidence in support of the allegations of the complaint, the Trial Examiner is directed to proceed immediately to take testimony and evidence on behalf of the respondents. The Trial Examiner will then close the taking of testimony and evidence and, after all intervening procedure as required by law, will close the case and make and serve on the parties at issue a recommended decision which shall include recommended findings and conclusions, as well as the reasons or basis therefor, upon all the material issues of fact, law or discretion presented on the record, and an appropriate recommended order; all of which shall become a part of the record in said proceeding.

Issued: January 23, 1950.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

D. C. DANIEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Dog. 50-883; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

## INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION

[4th Sec. Application 24824]

BOOT AND SHOE FACTORY SUPPLIES FROM BOSTON, MASS., TO RIVERSIDE, TENN.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent I. N. Doe's tariff I. C. C. No. 580. Commodities involved: Boot and shoe

Commodities involved: Boot and shoe factory supplies, mixed carloads.

From: Boston, Mass. To: Riverside, Tenn.

Grounds for relief: Competition with motor carriers.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-874; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:46 a. m.]

[4th Sec. Application 24825]

ROSIN SOLUTION FROM THE SOUTH TO OFFICIAL TERRITORY

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-shorthaul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: R. E. Boyle, Jr., Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to Agent C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-726.

Commodities involved: Rosin solution, tank carloads,

From: Points in the South.

To: Points in Trunk Line and New England territories.

Grounds for relief: Circuitous routes. Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

[SEAL]

W. P. BARTEL, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-875; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:46 a.m.]

[4th Sec. Application 24826]

CLASS RATES; NEWTEX STEAMSHIP CORP.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: C. W. Boin, Agent, for and on behalf of carriers parties to fourthsection application No. 23049.

Commodities involved: Class rates and rates made percentages thereof.

Between: North Atlantic Ports, on the one hand, and Port Isabel, Tex., on the other.

Grounds for relief: Competition with rail-water-rail carriers and market competition.

Schedules filed containing proposed rates: C. W. Boin's tariff I. C. C. No. A-732, Supplements 112 and 113.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expiration of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

IF. R. Doc. 50-876; Filed. Jan. 31, 1950; 8:47 a. m.

[4th Sec. Application 24827]

SAND, GRAVEL AND CRUSHED STONE FROM BELOIT, WIS., TO MILWAUKEE, WIS.

APPLICATION FOR RELIEF

JANUARY 27, 1950.

The Commission is in receipt of the above-entitled and numbered application for relief from the long-and-short-haul provision of section 4 (1) of the Interstate Commerce Act.

Filed by: Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul and Pacific Railroad Company and Chicago and North Western Railway Com-

Commodities involved: Sand, gravel, sand and gravel pit strippings, crushed or pulverized stone and stone quarry strippings, carloads.

From: Beloit, Wis., and South Beloit,

III

To: Milwaukee, Wis. Grounds for relief: Competition with motor carriers and wayside pit competi-

Schedules filed containing proposed rates; CMStP&P, tariff I. C. C. No. B-7595, Supplement 19. C&NW., tariff I. C. C. No. 11006, Supplement 51.

Any interested person desiring the Commission to hold a hearing upon such application shall request the Commission in writing so to do within 15 days from the date of this notice. As provided by the general rules of practice of the Commission, Rule 73, persons other than applicants should fairly disclose their interest, and the position they intend to take at the hearing with respect to the application. Otherwise the Commission, in its discretion, may proceed to investigate and determine the matters involved in such application without further or formal hearing. If because of an emergency a grant of temporary relief is found to be necessary before the expira-tion of the 15-day period, a hearing, upon a request filed within that period, may be held subsequently.

By the Commission, Division 2.

W. P. BARTEL. Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-877; Filed, Jan. 81, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

## SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

IFile No. 70-22851

UNITED GAS CORP. AND UNITED GAS PIPE LINE CO.

SUPPLEMENTAL ORDER RELEASING JURISDIC-TION AND GRANTING AND PERMITTING APPLICATION-DECLARATION TO BECOME

At a regular session of the Securities and Exchange Commission held at its office in the city of Washington, D. C.

on the 25th day of January A. D. 1950. United Gas Corporation ("United"), a gas utility subsidiary of Electric Bond and Share Company, a registered holding company, and United's wholly owned subsidiary, United Gas Pipe Line Company ("Pipe Line"), having filed an application-declaration and amendments thereto pursuant to the Public Utility Holding Company Act of 1935, particularly sections 6 (a), 7, 9 (a) (1), 10 and 12 (c) thereof, and Rule U-50 of the rules and regulations promulgated thereunder, with respect to the issuance and sale by United of \$25,000,000 principal amount of First Mortgage and Collateral Trust Bonds, ... % Series, due 1970, pursuant to the competitive bidding requirements of Rule U-50, and certain other related transactions; and

The Commission by order dated January 11, 1950 having granted said application and permitted said declaration to become effective subject to the condition that the proposed issuance and sale of bonds should not be consummated until the results of competitive bidding pursuant to Rule U-50 should have been made a matter of record in this proceeding and a further order entered by this Commission in the light of the record as so completed, and subject to a reservation of jurisdiction with respect to fees and expenses to be paid in connection with the proposed transactions; and

A further amendment to the said application-declaration having been filed on January 25, 1950, setting forth the action taken by United to comply with the requirements of Rule U-50 and stating that, pursuant to the invitation for competitive bids, the following bids for bonds have been received.

Bidding group	Coupon rate (per- eent)	Price to company (percent of prin- cipal amount)	Cost to com- pany (per- cent)
Dillon, Read & Co., Inc Equitable Securities Corp., Harriman, Ripley & Co.	25 ( 25 (	101, 119 100, 650	2 6774 2 7071
and Goldman, Sachs & Co. Halsey, Stuart & Co., Inc. The First Boston Corp.	256 256 256	100, 6389 100, 628 100, 55	2,7084 2,7004 2,7142

Said amendment to the applicationdeclaration also setting forth that United has accepted the bid of the group headed by Dillon, Read & Co., Inc., as shown above, and that said bonds will be offered for sale to the public at 101.544% of the principal amount thereof plus accrued interest from January 1, 1950, to the date of delivery, resulting In an underwriters' spread of 0.425% of the principal amount of said bonds; and

Said amendment also setting forth the fees and expenses incurred in connection with the proposed transactions, which fees and expenses are estimated in the amount of \$165,000 including the follow-

THE TANKS	
Baker, Botts, Andrews & Parish	
(local counsel for the company)	\$20,000
Reid & Priest (New York counsel for	
the company)	15,000
Milbank, Tweed, Hope & Hadley	
(counsel for the underwriters)	16,000
Ebasco Services, Inc. (service com-	
pany)	12,000
Ralph E. Davis, (independent engi-	
neer)	15,000

The Commission having examined said amendment, and having considered the record herein and finding no reason for the imposition of terms and conditions with respect to the results of competitive bidding, and the Commission being of the view that jurisdiction should be reserved over the fees and expenses of counsel and of Ralph E. Davis until the record with respect to these matters shall have been completed:

It is ordered, That jurisdiction heretofore reserved with respect to the results of competitive bidding be, and the same hereby is, released, and the said application-declaration, as amended, be, and the same hereby is, granted, and permit-ted to become effective forthwith, subject to a reservation of jurisdiction with respect to the fees and expenses of counsel and Ralph E. Davis, and subject also to the terms and conditions contained in Rule U-24.

By the Commission.

[SEAL]

ORVAL L. DUBOIS, Secretary.

[F. R. Doc. 50-879; Filed, Jan. 21, 1950; 8:47 a. m.]

## DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

## Office of Alien Property

AUTHORITY: 40 Stat. 411, 55 Stat. 839, Pub. Laws 322, 671, 79th Cong., 60 Stat. 50, 925; 50 U. S. C. and Supp. App. 1, 616; E. O. 9193, July 6, 1942, 3 CFR, Cum. Supp., E. O. 9567, June 8, 1945, 3 CFR, 1945 Supp., E. O. 9788, Oct. 14, 1946, 11 P. R. 11981.

ANDREW AND ELIZABETH PROESCHEL

NOTICE OF INTENTION TO RETURN VESTED PROPERTY

Pursuant to section 32 (f) of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended. notice is hereby given of intention to return, on or after 30 days from the date of the publication hereof, the following property, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Property, and Location

Andrew and Elizabeth Procechel, residing respectively in Piqua, Ohio, and Emskirchen, Germany; Claim No. 6864; \$4,275.97 in the Treasury of the United States. Improved real property known as 984 Cleveland Avenue, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL]

HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Allen Property.

[F. H. Doc. 50-897; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Return Order 537]
JOHANNA LADERER

Having considered the claim set forth below and having issued a determination allowing the claim, which is incorporated by reference herein and filed herewith,

It is ordered, That the claimed property, described below and in the determination, be returned, subject to any increase or decrease resulting from the administration thereof prior to return, and after adequate provision for taxes and conservatory expenses:

Claimant, Claim No., Notice of Intention To Return Published, and Property

Johanna Laderer, San Francisco, Calif.; Claim No. 8629; December 14, 1949 (14 F. R. 7496); \$4,503.42 in the Treasury of the United States. All right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatsoever of Johanna Laderer in and to the estate of Albert Bernheim, deceased, and trusts created under the will of Albert Bernheim, deceased.

Appropriate documents and papers effectuating this order will issue. Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 26, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL]

HAROLD I. BAYNTON,
Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-896; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

[Vesting Order 14268]

HERMINE STEGMAN

In re: Estate of Hermine Stegman, deceased. File No. D-28-9792; E. T. sec. 13776.

Under the authority of the Trading With the Enemy Act, as amended, Executive Order 9193, as amended, and Executive Order 9788, and pursuant to law, after investigation, it is hereby found:

after investigation, it is hereby found:

1. That Isa Werner, nee Doermann;
Erna Ehrenberg, nee Doermann; Martha
Knoelke, nee Doermann; Anny Droegkamp, nee Doermann; Greta Schlieper,
nee Doermann; Hans Doermann; and
Priedhelm Doermann, whose last known
address is Germany, are residents of
Germany and nationals of a designated
enemy country (Germany):

enemy country (Germany);
2. That all right, title, interest and claim of any kind or character whatso-ever of the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof, in and to the estate of Hermine Stegman, deceased, is property payable or deliverable to, or claimed by, the aforesaid nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany);

 That such property is in the process of administration by Fred W. Grosse, as executor, acting under the judicial supervision of the Probate Court of Cuyahoga County, Ohio;

and it is hereby determined:

4. That to the extent that the persons named in subparagraph 1 hereof are not within a designated enemy country, the national interest of the United States requires that such persons be treated as nationals of a designated enemy country (Germany).

All determinations and all action required by law, including appropriate consultation and certification, having been made and taken, and, it being deemed necessary in the national interest.

There is hereby vested in the Attorney General of the United States the property described above, to be held, used, administered, liquidated, sold or otherwise dealt with in the interest of and for the benefit of the United States.

The terms "national" and "designated enemy country" as used herein shall have the meanings prescribed in section 10 of Executive Order 9193, as amended.

Executed at Washington, D. C., on January 16, 1950.

For the Attorney General.

[SEAL] HAROLD I. BAYNTON,

Acting Director,
Office of Alien Property.

[F. R. Doc. 50-895; Filed, Jan. 31, 1950; 8:49 a. m.]

